# SAFE STREETS

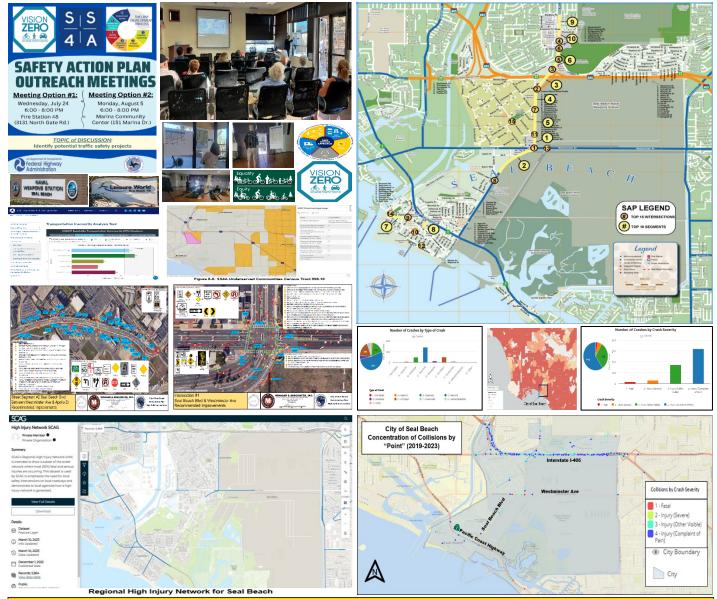
#### FINAL

### **Citywide Comprehensive Safety Action Plan (SAP)**

for the

#### City of Seal Beach, CA





#### PREPARED FOR:



#### CITY OF SEAL BEACH

Department of Public Works 211 8th St. Seal Beach, CA 90740



#### PREPARED BY:

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#### Acknowledgements

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General Public of the City of Seal Beach

Golden Rain Foundation

Leisure World Seal Beach

United States Naval Weapons Station Seal Beach – CNIC US Navy

United States Department of Defense – NWSSB Police Operations Division









#### **Executive Summary**

The objective of the City of Seal Beach Safety Action Plan (SAP) is to identify solutions and develop a holistic well-defined strategy to prevent and reduce the number of deaths and serious injuries on the local roadways across Seal Beach. The City of Seal Beach Safety Action Plan will look at local, state, and Federal data and peer research to identify safety solutions for all users, including those driving, walking, rolling, biking, riding a motorcycle, and/or other modes. The comprehensive plan will provide strategies to address changes to both roadway user behavior and infrastructure. It will be built on a foundation of partnership from stakeholders who strive to find solutions to make roads safer throughout the City of Seal Beach.

This Comprehensive SAP is prepared per Safe Roads and Streets For All (SS4A) requirements and also a Safe System Approach. In addition to the aforementioned program, a Local Roadway Safety Plan (LRSP) was also utilized to establish a safe transportation environment that has safer roads, safer people, safer speeds, and safer vehicles. As part of this safety plan for the City of Seal Beach, the Project Team and stakeholders identified, prioritized, and analyzed roadway safety improvements on the City of Seal Beach's intersections, roadway segments, corridors, and High Injury Network. This safety plan also provides the proposed countermeasures that address collision patterns for both intersections and roadway segments, to ultimately reduce collisions in the City's high collision locations. This Comprehensive SAP study also looked into the Federal Equity Considerations, Climate and Economic Justice, SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tracts (Historically Disadvantaged Communities), Transportation Insecurity & USDOT Equitable Transportation Community (ETC) Explorer. This SAP was prepared and developed in compliance with the State and Federal guidelines for eligibility to apply for the funding of Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP), Active Transportation Plan (ATP), California Senate Bill (SB1) as well as the next phase of SS4A. In addition to the provided countermeasures for collision patterns, this Safety Action Plan also provides the corresponding cost estimates and benefit to cost ratios, to support applications for the HSIP, next phase of SS4A as well as other funding sources and programs.

Ultimately, this Comprehensive SAP per the SS4A program supports the United States Department of Transportation's National Roadway Safety Strategy and their goal of zero (0) roadway deaths. This SAP which carefully considers safety for all modes of transportation. including pedestrian and bicycle, and identifies traffic safety upgrades with the goal to eliminate traffic-related fatalities and serious injuries by the year 2040.

The Seal Beach City Council by adopting this Comprehensive Safety Action Plan commits to a systemic approach to reducing transportation related serious injuries and deaths throughout the city's local roadways with a goal toward zero deaths and serious injuries on the transportation network by the year 2040 to build on Seal Beach's long-standing commitment to traffic safety.









#### Statement of Protection of Data From Discovery and Admissions

Per Section 148 of Title 23, United States Code [23 U.S.C. §148(h) (4)] REPORTS DISCOVERY AND ADMISSION INTO EVIDENCE OF CERTAIN REPORTS, SURVEYS, AND **INFORMATION**—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, reports, surveys, schedules, lists, or data compiled or collected for any purpose relating to this section, shall not be subject to discovery or admitted into evidence in a Federal or State court proceeding or considered for other purposes in any action for damages arising from any occurrence at a location identified or addressed in the reports, surveys, schedules, lists, or other data.

Per Section 409 of Title 23, United States Code [23 U.S.C. §409] DISCOVERY AND ADMISSION AS EVIDENCE OF CERTAIN REPORTS AND SURVEYS—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, reports, surveys, schedules, lists, or data compiled or collected for the purpose of identifying, evaluating, or planning the safety enhancement of potential accident sites, hazardous roadway conditions, or railway-highway crossings, pursuant to sections 130, 144, and 148 of this title or for the purpose of developing any highway safety construction improvement project which may be implemented utilizing Federal-aid highway funds shall not be subject to discovery or admitted into evidence in a Federal or State court proceeding or considered for other purposes in any action for damages arising from any occurrence at a location mentioned or addressed in such reports, surveys, schedules, lists, or data.

#### **Acknowledgements**

The Comprehensive Safety Action Plan was developed by City of Seal Beach, with support from the Minagar & Associates, Inc. team. This report documents a comprehensive set of projects and strategies to eliminate roadway fatalities and serious injuries within Seal Beach. The information presented herein is planning level only and is not meant to represent the support or commitment of any potential partners.

#### **DISCLAIMER**

This material was funded in part through grant(s) from the Federal Highway Administration of the U.S. Department of Transportation. The views and opinions of the authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the U.S. Department of Transportation or the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans).









#### **List of Acronyms**

**AASHTO** American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials

B/C Benefit-Cost Ratio

Ratio

Caltrans California Department of Transportation

City City of Seal Beach CM Countermeasure

CMF Collision Modification Factor CRF Collision Reduction Factor DUI Driving Under the Influence

**FHWA** Federal Highway Administration

**HSIP** Highway Safety Improvement Program

HSM Highway Safety Manual KSI Killed or Severely Injured

**LRSM** Local Roadway Safety Manual (Version 1.7, April 2024)

**LRSP** Local Roadway Safety Plan

MUTCD Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices

**PCF Primary Collision Factor** PDO Property Damage Only

SAP Safety Action Plan

**SBPD** Seal Beach Police Department SHSP Strategic Highway Safety Plan SS4A Safe Streets and Roads for All

**SWITRS** Statewide Integrated Traffic Records System

TIMS Transportation Injury Mapping System

5Es The 5Es of Traffic Safety: Education, Engineering, Enforcement, Emergency

Medical Services, Emerging Technologies









#### 1. Leadership Commitment and Goal Setting

#### 1.1 Introduction

The City of Seal Beach is taking the initiative to improve the City's traffic safety by implementing a Safety Action Plan that aims to reduce traffic collisions by analyzing the factors that previously impacted prominent intersections and roadway segments in the City. This report documents the City of Seal Beach's work to assess and improve transportation safety conditions with a Safety Action Plan in place.

The City of Seal Beach Safety Action Plan will look at local data and peer research to identify safety solutions for all users, including those driving, walking, rolling, biking, riding a motorcycle, and/or other modes. The plan will provide strategies to address changes to both roadway user behavior and infrastructure. It will be built on a foundation of partnership from stakeholders who strive to find solutions to make roads safer throughout the City of Seal Beach.

In this Safety Action Plan, a systemic approach was utilized to identify and analyze collision patterns that had impacted high collision intersections and roadway segments. For each high collision location, whether it was an intersection or a roadway segment, a table of number of collisions with the corresponding primary collision factor has been provided to understand the prominent collision factors. As part of the collision analysis, collision diagrams have been provided for high collision intersections and roadway segments in the City of Seal Beach.



Following the understanding and acknowledgement of collision patterns, countermeasures for each of the identified high collision intersections and roadway segments, were developed to potentially reduce traffic collisions in the future and ameliorate active transportation within the City. Furthermore, this Safety Action Plan includes collision data for high collision locations between January 1, 2019 and December 31, 2023, the analysis of collision data, and the proposed countermeasures for collision patterns. Depicted below in Figures 1-1 and 1-2 are the key aspects of the Safe System Approach provided by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA).

On January 13, 2025, the Seal Beach City Council is slated to adopt Resolution XXXX on Seal Beach Safety Action Plan and authorize the City Manager, or designee, to act as the City's agent for negotiations, document execution, and submission of necessary applications for future implementation grants such as the next phase of SS4A, HSIP, ATP and SB1 and other related obligations, ana all amendments thereto for the Plan.









#### SAFE SYSTEM PRINCIPLES



#### Death/Serious Injury is Unacceptable

While no crashes are desirable, the Safe System approach prioritizes crashes that result in death and serious injuries, since no one should experience either when using the transportation system.



#### Responsibility is Shared

All stakeholders (transportation system users and managers. vehicle manufacturers, etc.) must ensure that crashes don't lead to fatal or serious injuries.



#### Humans Make Mistakes

People will inevitably make mistakes that can lead to crashes, but the transportation system can be designed and operated to accommodate human mistakes and injury tolerances and avoid death and serious injuries.



#### Safety is Proactive

Proactive tools should be used to identify and mitigate latent risks in the transportation system, rather than waiting for crashes to occur and reacting afterwards.



#### Humans Are Vulnerable

People have limits for tolerating crash forces before death and serious injury occurs; therefore, it is critical to design and operate a transportation system that is human-centric and accommodates human vulnerabilities.



#### Redundancy is Crucial

Reducing risks requires that all parts of the transportation system are strengthened, so that if one part fails, the other parts still protect people.

Figure 1-1: FHWA's Safe System Principles

#### SAFE SYSTEM ELEMENTS

Making a commitment to zero deaths means addressing every aspect of crash risks through the five elements of a Safe System, shown below. These layers of protection and shared responsibility promote a holistic approach to safety across the entire transportation system. The key focus of the Safe System approach is to reduce death and serious injuries through design that accommodates human mistakes and injury tolerances.



#### Safe Road Users

The Safe System approach addresses the safety of all road users, including those who walk, bike, drive, ride transit, and travel by other modes.



### Vehicles

Vehicles are designed and regulated to minimize the occurrence and severity of collisions using safety measures that incorporate the latest technology.



### Speeds

Humans are unlikely to survive high-speed crashes. Reducing speeds can accommodate human injury tolerances in three ways: reducing impact forces. providing additional time for drivers to stop, and improving visibility.



#### Safe Roads

Designing to accommodate human mistakes and injury tolerances can greatly reduce the severity of crashes that do occur. Examples include physically separating people traveling at different speeds, providing dedicated times for different users to move through a space, and alerting users to hazards and other road users.



#### Post-Crash Care

When a person is injured in a collision, they rely on emergency first responders to quickly locate them, stabilize their injury, and transport them to medical facilities. Post-crash care also includes forensic analysis at the crash site, traffic incident management, and other activities.

Figure 1-2: FHWA's Safe System Elements









#### 1.2 Project Location

The City of Seal Beach, a coastal community is located in the westernmost corner of Orange County in Southern California. The City was incorporated in October 1915, over 100 years ago. As of the 2020 U.S. census, the population of the city was 25,242, up from 24,168 at the 2010 census. To the northwest, just across the border with Los Angeles County, lies the city of Long Beach and the adjacent San Pedro Bay. To the southeast are Huntington Harbour, a neighborhood of Huntington Beach, and Sunset Beach, also part of Huntington Beach. To the east lie the city of Westminster and the neighborhood of West Garden Grove, part of the city of Garden Grove. To the north lie the unincorporated community of Rossmoor and the city of Los Alamitos. Although the majority of the city's acreage is devoted to the Naval Weapons Station Seal Beach military base, Seal Beach is also home to a Leisure World retirement community and the Anaheim Bay National Wildlife Refuge. Most of the City's destinations are located in the downtown area or along Seal Beach Boulevard. The City of Seal Beach's maps (local, county, state and national) as shown on Wikipedia are listed below:









#### 1.3 Project Goals

As the City of Seal Beach has made a commitment to achieve zero fatalities and serious injuries by 2040, this SAP project evaluates the transportation network with five lenses:

- Goal #1: Identify areas with a high risk for crashes based on crash history and mode of transportation
- Goal #2: Craft a safety toolbox to align with the most current practices and open the opportunity for new initiatives in the future.
- Goal #3: Define safety improvements for the near-, mid-, and long-term with funding consideration.
- Goal #4: Prioritize emphasis areas based on crash analysis and City objectives.
- Goal #5: Propose list of countermeasure implementation based on cost, effort, and timeline.

On January 13, 2025, the Seal Beach City Council in addition to the signing and adopting Resolution XXXX on Seal Beach Safety Action Plan will also set a goal of eliminating traffic-related fatalities and serious injuries by 2040 by making the City of Seal Beach a Vision Zero City. This action Plan will assist with meeting this goal by using FHWA's safe Systems Approach to recommend proven countermeasures.

#### 1.4 Existing Efforts

This section summarizes the review of various planning and engineering documents either prepared by the City of Seal Beach or others for the City of Seal Beach. The purpose of reviewing existing planning efforts is to ensure the SS4A's SAP & LRSP goals and objectives along with









recommended improvements are aligned with recent planning efforts for transportation safety. The City of Seal Beach has identified several goals, policies in the following documents:

- City of Seal Beach Local Roadway Safety Plan (LRSP) (05/22)
- City of Seal Beach's Seal Beach Blvd Traffic Signal Synchronization Project (TSSP) (07/23)
- OCTA's Commuter Bikeways Strategic Plan (2009)
- OCTA's Commuter Bikeways Strategic Plan Implementation (2001)
- City of Seal Beach's Circulation Element pf the General Plan (12/03)
- Citywide Engineering & Traffic Survey (10/20)
- Caltrans District 12 Active Transportation Plan (06/22)
- State of California's Strategic Highway Safety Plan Bicycle & Pedestrian Challenge Area
- SCAG's HIN (High Injury Network) (07/22)

#### 2. Planning Structure

The objective of this plan is to strive towards a safer transportation environment by eliminating traffic fatalities and severe injuries while assuring efficient and equitable mobility for all road users. The City of Seal Beach plans to implement systemic countermeasures to target factors affecting citywide prominent intersections and roadway segments. This safety plan aims to reduce the risk of tragedies by taking a proactive, preventative approach that prioritizes traffic safety.

Vision Zero is an initiative approach to eliminate traffic fatalities and severe injuries. Road users will sometimes make mistakes however, the road system, traffic control devices, and traffic laws should be designed to minimize those unavoidable mistakes and reduce their probability to result in severe injuries or fatalities. Transportation and traffic engineers are expected to improve the general traffic environment by ameliorating existing traffic geometries and laws based on a good engineering judgment. However, the roadway users of the City of Seal Beach are still responsible for their mistakes and should follow all traffic laws.

Vision Zero unifies diverse stakeholders who address the factors causing complexity when it comes to traffic safety. It recognizes that many factors contribute to safe mobility including roadway design, speeds, behaviors, technology, and enforced laws. As a result and

as part of this safety plan, it sets goals to achieve zero fatalities and severe injuries.

One of the City's visions is to collaborate with local agencies to promote a culture of continuous transportation safety improvement by coordinating with the Seal Beach Police Department, Orange County Department of Public Health, Orange County Transportation





VISION ZERO

SYSTEMS approach Saving lives is NOT EXPENSIVE

tegrate HUMAN FAII ING in approach

revent FATAL AND SEVERE CRASHES

TRADITIONAL APPROACH

Traffic deaths are INEVITABLE

ing lives is EXPENSIVE

PERFECT human behavior

Prevent COLLISIONS INDIVIDUAL responsibility









Authority (OCTA), California Department of Transportation (Caltrans District 12-Ornage County) and Los Alamitos Unified School District.

The aforementioned Vision shall eliminate traffic fatalities and severe injuries by achieving the following goals:

- Obtain accurate collision databases. Systematically identify and prioritize the City's highest collision locations based on a 5-year collision history.
- Engage with the local community, stakeholders, and City management to better understand factors that are affecting the traffic safety within the City of Seal Beach.
- Utilize countermeasure strategies across all traffic safety disciplines, engineering. enforcement, education, emergency medical services, and emerging technologies.
- Strive to reduce the City's primary contributing factors in traffic collisions by ensuring the automobile right of way, maintaining a safe speed, and clear traffic signals and signs.

#### 2.1 Project Tasks and Deliverables

The Major Tasks Summary is listed below:

- Traffic Safety Data Collection from Seal Beach PD, UC TIMS & CHP's SWITRS
- Analysis & Identification of High Risk Areas
- Engagement & Collaboration with Stakeholders/Community
- Review of Policy and Process Changes
- Strategy and Project Selection + Draft SAPs
- Development of Final SAP
- City Council Adoption

#### Project Management

- Numerous Asneeded Continuous In-person & Virtual **Team Meetings** 

#### Stakeholder Engagement & Public Outreach

- Stakeholder Working Group Meetings
- Two official well publicized in-person Public Outreach Meetings with extensive oneon-one Q/A sessions on:

July 24, 2024 and

August 5, 2024 both at 6-8 PM

- Field Meetings with Stakeholders

#### Safety & Data Analysis

- Comprehensive Crash & Safety Analyses
- Analysis of Existing Conditions and Historical Trends to Baseline the **Level Crashes**
- Analysis of Location where there are Crashes, the Severity, as well as Contributing Factors & Crash Types
- Analysis of Systemic & Specific Safety Needs
- Equity Analysis
- High Injury Network
- Risk Assessment/ High Risk Network

High Risk Location Data

#### Solution Toolbox & Dashboard

- Prioritization Methodology
- Safety Data Dashboard
- Development of 25 Projects with corresponding Conceptual Engineering Plans and **Construction Cost** Estimates
- Solutions Toolbox
- Strategies & Countermeasures
- Draft & Final Report











## **Federal SS4A**

(Safe Streets & Roads for All)





- 1. Leadership Commitment and Goal Setting
- 2. Planning Strategies
- 3. Safety Analysis
- 4. Engagement and Collaboration
- 5. Equity Considerations
- 6. Policy and Process Changes
- 7. Strategy and Project Selections
- 8. Progress and Transparency

#### 3. Safety Analysis

This section summarizes the results of a citywide collision analysis for the time period between January 1, 2019 and December 31, 2023. The purpose of studying the collision patterns and trends is to identify the factors that caused collisions to occur within the study timeframe. The focus is to identify high collision locations in the city in order to target the factors that are affecting these prominent locations.

The following is a summary of the data sources used in this report:

SBPD - 783 Collisions (without I-405, I-605, SR 1 & SR 22 and the neighboring police Jurisdictions) SWITRS - 1246 Collisions (with I-405, I-605, SR 1 & SR22) TIMS - 537 Collisions (without I-405, I-605, SR 1 & SR 22 and PDOs) All of TIMS is in SWITRS

It is important to note that the majority of in-jurisdiction crash reports came from SBPD data, which had been analyzed in conjunction with the TIMS data. For this reason, crash skeleton diagrams represent both SBPD and TIMS data over the time period of interest. As part of the City's Safety Action Plan & Local Roadway Safety Plan, data that displays collisions on State Routes or Interstate Freeways will not be part of the overall data analysis as well as collision data that does not occur within the City's boundaries. Therefore, data used and analyzed will be 100% within city boundaries and on local roads, with an exception to PCH/Route 1. PCH Route 1 will be excluded for countermeasure analysis as it is under the jurisdiction of Caltrans in the City of Seal Beach.









#### 3.1 Overall Summary

The following summary schematics come from the TIMS database and as such are not representative of the analysis used in this report (i.e. compared to the SBPD data). This data consists of collisions occurring under the jurisdiction of Caltrans - and as such, are primarily for illustrative purposes.

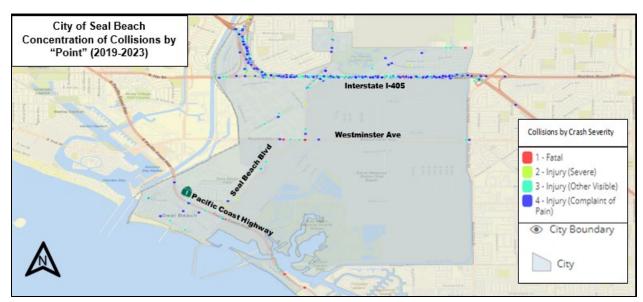


Figure 3-1: City of Seal Beach Display of Collisions by Point (January 1, 2019 – December 31, 2023)

Figure 3-1 displays a map of the City of Seal Beach with collision points marked by symbols based on crash severity. The map covers the period from January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2023. The crash points are concentrated along the major roads, particularly in the Seal Beach and Surfside areas.







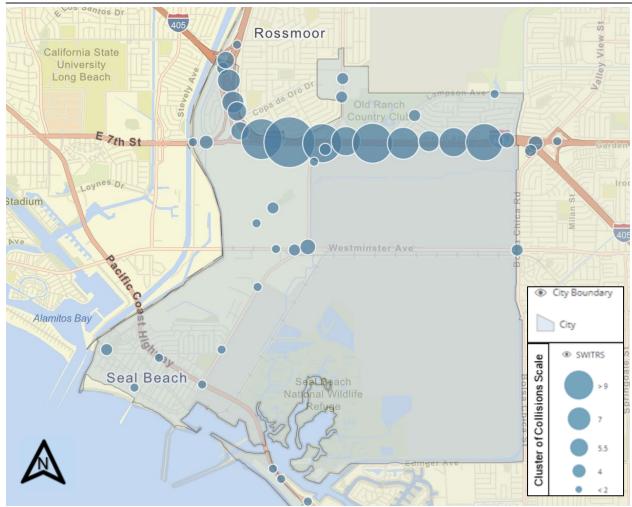


Figure 3-2 City of Seal Beach Display of Collisions by Cluster (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)

Figure 3-2 presents an alternative view of the collisions in Seal Beach by cluster from January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2023. The collisions are grouped into high-density clusters, with the largest cluster located near the intersection of Westminster Ave and Seal Beach Blvd. This visualization helps identify collision hotspots for further analysis and potential safety improvements.







#### Number of Crashes by Crash Severity

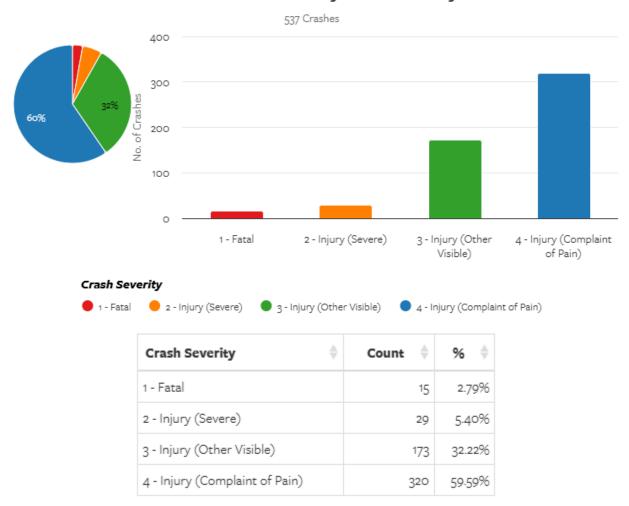


Figure 3-3: City of Seal Beach Number of Collisions by Collision Severity (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)

Figure 3-3 categorizes the 537 fatal and injury crashes in Seal Beach from January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2023 by collision severity. The vast majority of crashes (59.59%) resulted in a complaint of pain, while 32.22% caused other visible injuries. Severe injury crashes accounted for 5.40% of the total, and 2.79% of collisions were fatal. This breakdown highlights the need to prioritize safety measures that can reduce the frequency and severity of crashes.







#### Number of Crashes per Day of Week per Time



Table 3-1: Number of Crashes per Day of Week per Time (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)

Table 3-1 provides a heatmap of the number of crashes per day of week and time period in Seal Beach from January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2023. The darkest red cells indicate the highest collision frequencies. Both Friday and Saturday afternoon and Friday evenings show the highest concentrations of crashes. This information can guide targeted enforcement and public outreach efforts to improve safety during these high-risk periods.







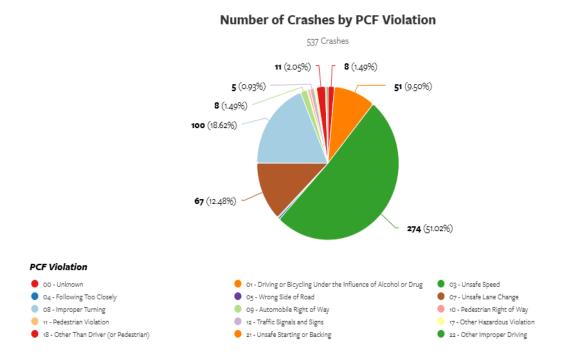


Figure 3-4: Number of Collisions by Primary Collision Factor (PCF) Violation (January 1, 2019- December 31, 2023)

Figure 3-4 shows the number of collisions by primary collision factor (PCF) violation in Seal Beach from January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2023. The data reveals that unsafe speed is the leading cause of crashes at 51.02%. Other major contributing factors include improper turning, traffic signals and sign violations, and DUI. This breakdown highlights the need for targeted enforcement and education efforts to address speeding and right-of-way violations.









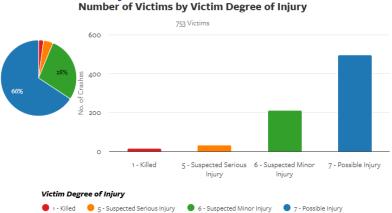
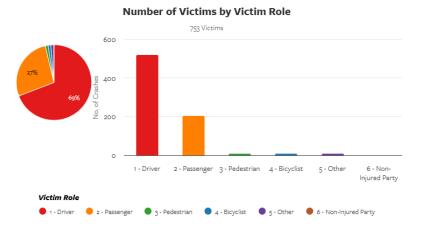




Figure 3-5: Number of Victims by Victim Degree of Injury (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)

Figure 3-5 categorizes the number of victims by the degree of injury sustained in collisions. The vast majority of victims (65.74%) experienced possible injuries, while suspected serious and minor injuries accounted for 4.12% and 28.02% respectively.



Victim Role	Count	% \$
1 - Driver	521	69.19%
2 - Passenger	204	27.09%
3 - Pedestrian	9	1.20%
4 - Bicyclist	9	1.20%
5 - Other	10	1.33%

Figure 3-6: Number of Victims by Victim Role (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)

Figure 3-6 presents the number of victims by their role in the collision. Drivers constitute the largest group at 69.19%, followed by passengers at 27.09%. Pedestrians, bicyclists, and other road users collectively represent a smaller but still significant 3.73% of victims. This data underscores the importance of focusing safety initiatives on driver behavior, while also ensuring adequate protection for vulnerable road users.









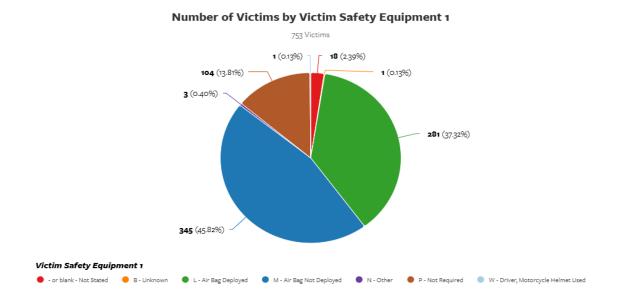


Figure 3-7: Number of Victims by Victim Safety Equipment (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)

Figure 3-7 displays the number of victims by the safety equipment used at the time of the collision. According to the data, 45.82% of victims had no air bags deployed while the other 37.32% had airbags deployed. However, not all victims used safety equipment, emphasizing the ongoing need for public awareness campaigns about the life-saving benefits of proper safety equipment usage.







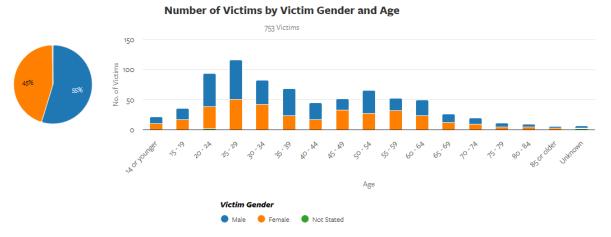


Figure 3-8: Number of Victims by Victim Gender and Age (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)

Figure 3-8 shows the number of victims by age group and gender. The 25-29 age bracket had the highest number of victims for both males and females. Overall, males accounted for a larger proportion of victims across most age groups. This information can guide the development of age and gender-specific safety programs and interventions.

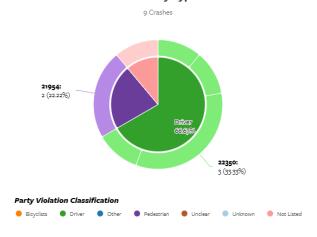






#### 3.3 Pedestrian Collision Summary

#### Number of Crashes by Type of Violation



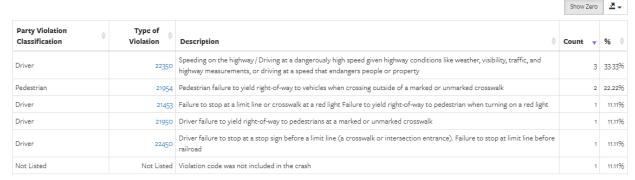


Figure 3-9: City of Seal Beach Number of Collisions by Type of Violation (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)

Figure 3-9 provides a breakdown of collisions by PCF violation type in Seal Beach. Unsafe speed and right-of-way violations are the top factors, mirroring the citywide data. However, the chart also reveals location-specific issues such as failure to stop at stop-controlled intersections which are common in local communities.







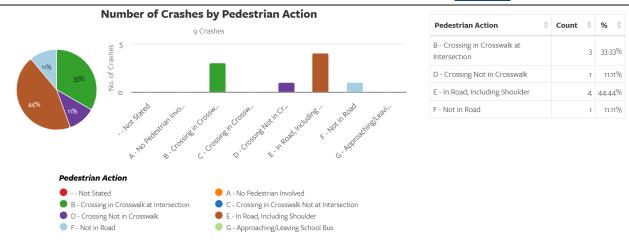


Figure 3-10: City of Seal Beach Number of Collisions by Pedestrian Action (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)

Figure 3-10 categorizes the number of collisions by pedestrian action. Notably, 66.66% of pedestrian-involved crashes occurred when the pedestrian was not in a crosswalk, underlining the need for improved pedestrian infrastructure and education on safe crossing practices. Other significant factors include pedestrians crossing in a crosswalk, indicating potential issues with driver awareness and yielding behavior at marked crossings.







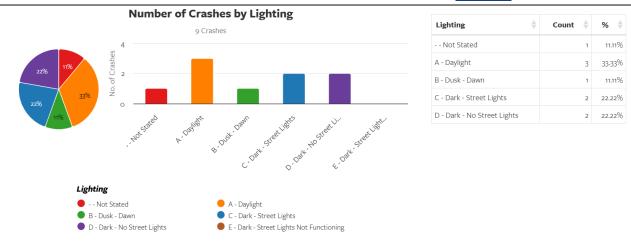


Figure 3-11: City of Seal Beach Number of Collisions by Lighting (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)

Figure 3-11 shows the number of collisions by lighting conditions in the City of Seal Beach from January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2023. Over 30% of collisions occurred during daylight, with dark - street lights and dark - no street lights making up the next largest categories at around 22% each. Dusk and dawn had negligible collision counts at approximately 11%.

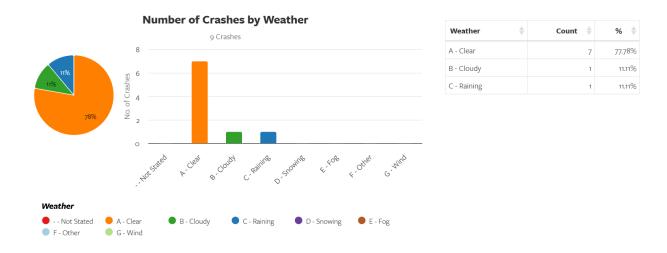


Figure 3-12: City of Seal Beach Number of Collisions by Weather (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)

Figure 3-12 displays the number of collisions in Seal Beach by weather conditions from January 1. 2019 to December 31, 2023. The vast majority (over 70%) of collisions took place in clear weather. Cloudy weather and all other conditions (raining, snowing, fog, wind) had accounted for 11% each.









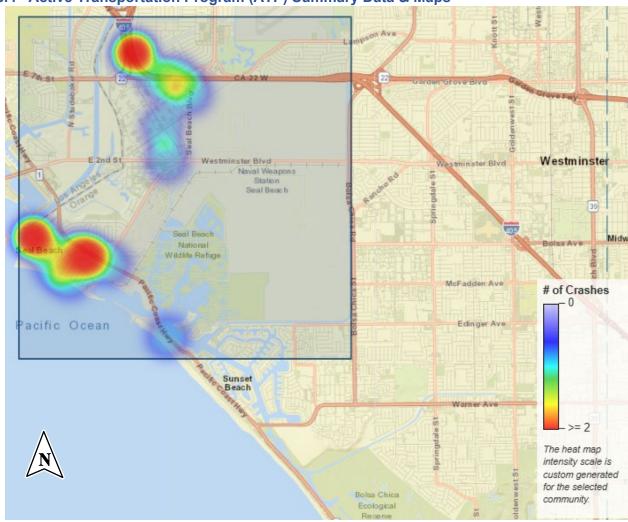


Figure 3-13: City of Seal Beach Active Transportation Program Heat Map (TIMS DATA) (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)







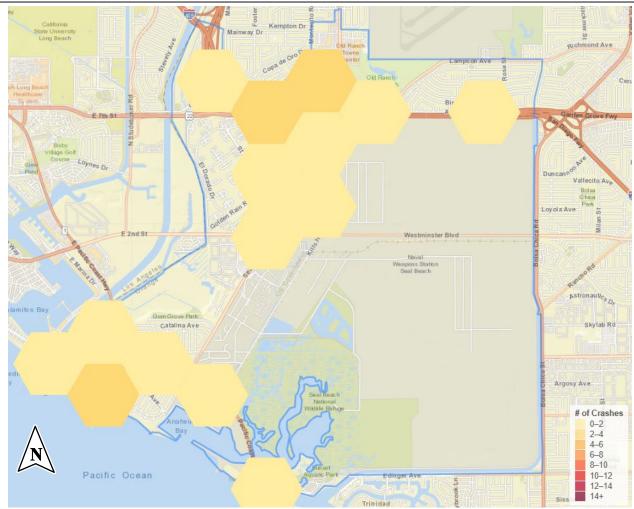


Figure 3-14: City of Seal Beach Active Transportation Program Hexagonal Grid Map (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)

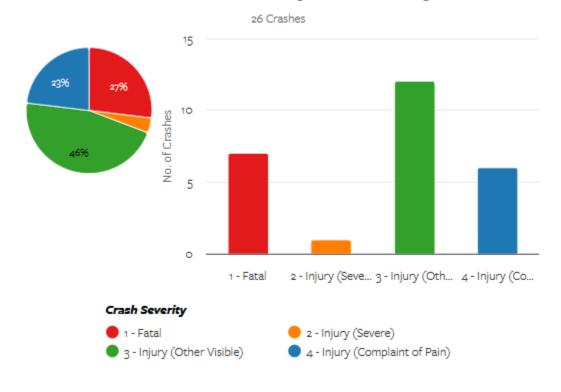
Figure 3-13 is a heatmap showing the Active Transportation Program (ATP) for the City of Seal Beach from January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2023. Figure 3-14 provides a hexagonal grid map for the City of Seal Beach from January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2023.







#### **Number of Crashes by Crash Severity**



Crash Severity	Count	% \$
1 - Fatal	7	26.92%
2 - Injury (Severe)	1	3.85%
3 - Injury (Other Visible)	12	46.15%
4 - Injury (Complaint of Pain)	6	23.08%

Figure 3-15: Active Transportation Program Number of Collisions by Collision Severity (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)

According to University of California, Berkeley Transportation Injury Mapping System (TIMS), from 2019 to 2023, there were 7 fatal collisions (26.92%), 1 severe injury collisions (3.85%), 12 visible injury collisions (46.15%), and 6 were identified as of complaint of pain which counted for 23.08% of the total collisions. This data was not inclusive of property damage only (PDO) related crashes.







Table 3-2: Fatal/Injury Crashes							
		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Average
STATE	CA	272,768	207,870	229,586	227,614	223,868	232,341.20
COUNTY	ORANGE	12,394	9,015	12,202	12,606	12,518	11,747.00
CITY	SEAL BEACH	250	136	117	127	123	150.6

Table 3-2 provides fatal/injury crash data for California, Orange County and Seal Beach from 2019-2023. California had an average of 232,341 fatal/injury crashes per year, Orange County had 11,747, and Seal Beach had 150.6. The data allows for comparison of crash severity at different geographic levels.

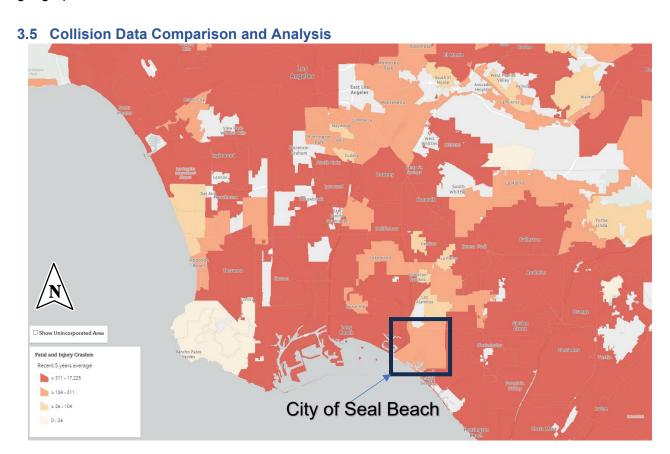


Figure 3-16: TIMS Number of Fatal and Injury Crashes relative to Neighboring Cities (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)







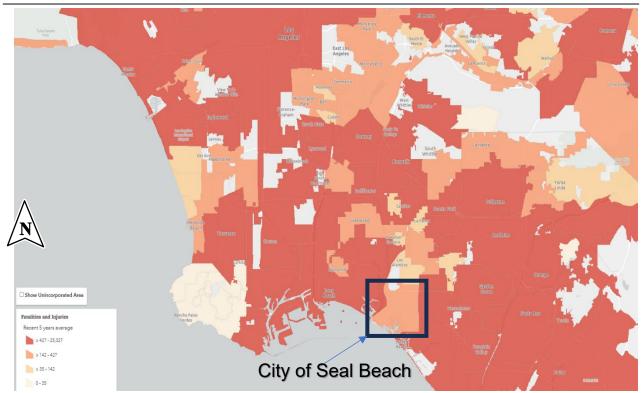


Figure 3-17: TIMS Number of Fatalities and Injuries relative to Neighboring Cities (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)

Figures 3-16 and 3-17 compare the TIMS number of collisions, fatalities, and injuries relative to the neighboring cities. Seal Beach has a lower percentage of fatal/injury crashes compared to Orange County and California averages over the 2019-2023 period as indicated by the lighter shaded region.







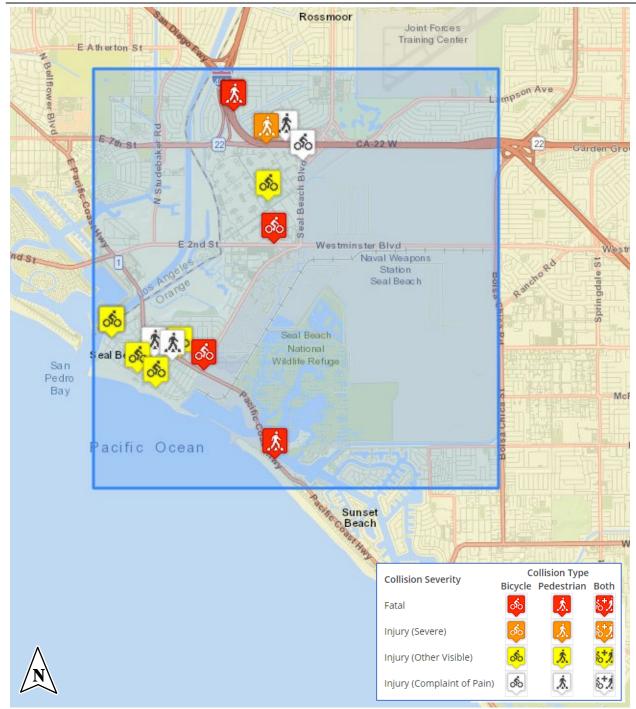


Figure 3-18: City of Seal Beach Active Transportation Program Specific Collision Map (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)







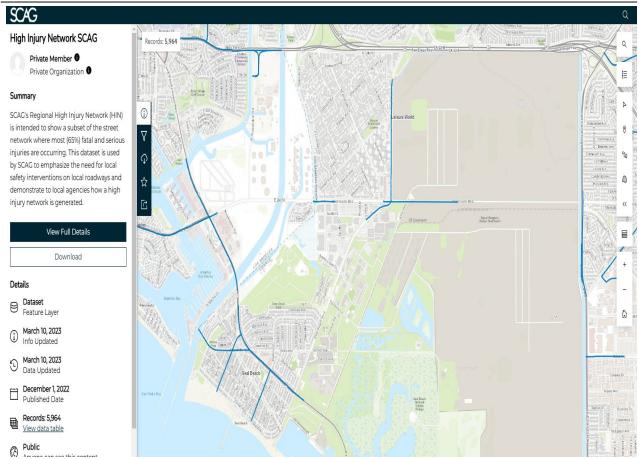


Figure 3-19: Regional High Injury Network (HIN) for Seal Beach Source: Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG) Regional High Injury Network Map (2022)

## According to SCAG,

"High injury networks (HINs) are one of many strategies local agencies can use to begin addressing traffic fatalities and serious injuries. HINs identify stretches of roadways where the highest concentrations of collisions resulting in fatal or serious injuries occur on the transportation network."

In 2022, SCAG published a Regional HIN for Southern California based on available collision data from 2015 to 2019. While this HIN provides valuable insight into the trend of fatal and serious injury collisions in Seal Beach, more recent data has been made available from 2019 to 2023 which instead inform the rankings of intersections and segments developed for the SAP.

Source: scag.ca.gov/transportation-safety









Figure 3-20: SAP Focus Locations







# 4. Engagement and Collaboration

To promote and create a safe transportation environment, collaboration across agencies known as safety partners is a necessity. Safety partners are the agencies, departments, and organizations whose input and support are foundational to a successful Safety Action Plan.

The safety leadership team is primarily composed of City Departments that have key roles in the development, implementation, and operation of safety projects, programs, and policies. The safety leadership team is ultimately responsible for developing, adopting, and implementing the safety plan and program. The stakeholder team is distinguished from the leadership team. It comprises partner agencies and organizations who collaborate with the City and contribute to and assist with developing and implementing the plan. These agencies and their roles in the plan's development and implementation are provided below:

# 4.1 Safety Leadership

## I. City Council

The legislative body which is ultimately responsible for approving and adopting the final plan, setting safety policies, and approving budget and funding levels.

## **II.** Public Works Department

Public Works is the lead City Department in developing and producing the Safety Action Plan and its periodic updates. The Public Works Department is responsible for assembling other City Departments and collaborating with Stakeholders. Public Works is responsible for capital project implementation. The City's Public Works staff may also lead or collaborate in education campaigns.

# III. Seal Beach Police Department

The Police Department maintains collision records and is responsible for carrying out enforcement practices and activities. The City's Police Department may also lead or collaborate in education campaigns.

## IV. Orange County Fire Department

The City's Fire Department serves in a support role in developing and producing the plan.









#### 4.2 Stakeholders

#### I. Los Alamitos Unified School District

Collaboration with the Los Alamitos Unified School District to maintain and promote safety for all students within the City of Seal Beach.

# II. Seal Beach Police Department

Roadways and functional areas of intersections require communication and collaboration. Collaboration with the Seal Beach Police Department over the course of the safety plan is needed to ensure that local safety goals and policies are met.

## **III. Orange County Fire Department**

The City's Fire Department serves in a support role in developing and producing the plan.

# IV. Orange County Transportation Authority (OCTA)

OCTA is unique among the nation's transportation agencies. It serves as the transportation planner and coordinator, designer, builder, and operator for the county. More than 3 million people – live, work and play within their 794-square-mile service area.

#### V. Caltrans District 12

The California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) is responsible for planning, design, construction, maintenance and operation of the state highway system. District 12 encompasses the entirety of Orange County or 794 square miles, including 34 cities, over 3 million people, and 17 state highway routes with the large workforce in construction and maintenance. Others include the administration, environmental, design, program/project management, planning, traffic operations, external affairs and right of way divisions.

## VI. Seal Beach Chamber of Commerce

The Seal Beach Chamber of Commerce coordinates engagement with City businesses. The Chamber of Commerce provides feedback on recommended strategies and countermeasures to address traffic safety issues. Feedback from the Business community can provide valuable insight on the benefits and impacts of safety measures.

# VII. General Public of the City of Seal Beach

The general public provides feedback and insight on recommended emphasis areas, high incident locations, collision factors, countermeasures, and implementation. Although collision records and statistics are foundational to this plan, public feedback is a critical supplement to that data. This feedback provides the safety plan with a holistic view of safety issues and a recommendation for what types of countermeasures are and are not desired by the community.

## VIII. Seal Beach and Seal Beach Public Works Department

In a joint effort, the City of Seal Beach and Seal Beach Public Works are to lead the City Department in developing and producing the Safety Plan and its periodic updates. Both respective city public works departments can benefit from each other in this joint effort.

## IX. United States Naval Weapons Seal Beach/U.S. Department of Defense

Naval Weapons Station Seal Beach is a United States Navy weapons and munitions loading, storage and maintenance facility located in Seal Beach. It also encloses the Seal Beach National Wildlife Refuge.









## X. Leisure World Seal Beach/Golden Rain Foundation

Leisure World is an active-seniors' retirement community opened in 1962 that introduce many innovations characterizing later senior property developments. Leisure World houses approximately 9,600 residents in 6,608 one- and two-bedroom apartments and condominiums. At its opening, it was the world's largest housing development for seniors, the United States' largest cooperative housing development, and the prototype for six other Leisure World communities across the United States

In a joint effort, the City of Seal Beach Public Works and Police Departments are the lead City Department in developing and producing the Safety Plan and its periodic updates. However, the Public Works Department manages the Safety Plan and administers the grant funds. Both respective city departments can benefit from each other in this joint effort.







# 4.3 Community Outreach Meetings

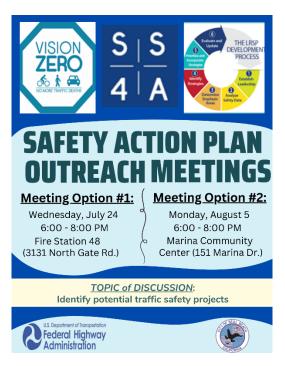


Figure 4-1: Safety Action Plan Outreach Meeting Flyer Source: City Of Seal Beach Public Works, 2024



Figure 4-2: Safety Action Plan Outreach Meeting #1 July 24, 2024 6:00 - 8:00 PM









Figure 4-3: Safety Action Plan Outreach Meeting #1 July 24, 2024 6:00 - 8:00 PM

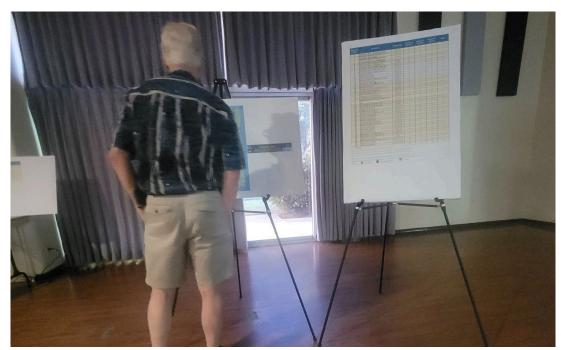


Figure 4-4: Safety Action Plan Outreach Meeting #2 August 5, 2024 6:00 - 8:00 PM









Figure 4-5: Safety Action Plan Outreach Meeting #2 August 5, 2024 6:00 - 8:00 PM

The previous figures, 4-1 to 4-5, showcase the effort made by the Public Works department to hear and honor the needs of the Seal Beach community. During these meetings, attendees were presented with the proposed intersections and roadway segments of interest for the SAP project and given the opportunity to ask questions and provide feedback. As pictured in Figures 4-3 and 4-5, Fred Minagar, Principal of Minagar & Associates Inc., led the presentation and fostered discussion.

The project team also participated in in-person meeting as well as field meeting with the representatives of the US Naval Weapons Station/USDOD, Leisure World/Golden Rain Foundation and bike advocates.











# 5. Equity Considerations

Within the SS4A program, equity is a guiding principle in the process of identifying the High Injury Network (HIN), working with stakeholders, and determining project priorities. Datasets provided by the FHWA and Census Bureau are crucial in locating disadvantaged populations in order to assess the support and safety solutions needed on a case-by-case basis.

California SB 535 (2012) directs investments of cap-and-trade funds towards "Disadvantaged Communities" (DACs). In 2022, the SB 535 Disadvantaged Communities map was established to identify DACs in California. None of the tracts in Seal Beach are classified as disadvantaged by SB 535.

In figures 5-2 through 5-10, the SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tracts (Historically Disadvantaged Communities) shown highlight the areas of disadvantage tracts in Seal Beach have. The orange highlighted areas indicate historically disadvantaged communities. The Disadvantage Layer table on the right is associated with the selected magenta area.

The Justice40 (2021) initiative is a similar program that strives to allocate 40 percent of certain Federal investments to disadvantaged communities that are marginalized, underserved, and overburdened by pollution. The USDOT Transportation Insecurity Tool, a part of the broader Equitable Transportation Community (ETC) Explorer, quantifies the burden of climate and disaster risk, the environment, health, social vulnerability, and transportation insecurity. Figures 5-11 through 5-13 highlight the relatively high disadvantage Seal Beach has in terms of transportation insecurity.

Figures 5-14 through 5-22 showcase the tracts of Seal Beach through the lens of Climate and Economic Justice, published by the Council on Environmental Equity. While none of the tracts in Seal Beach are identified as disadvantaged, the tract demographics are important to note.



Figure 5-1: Equality Vs. Equity Source: FHWA









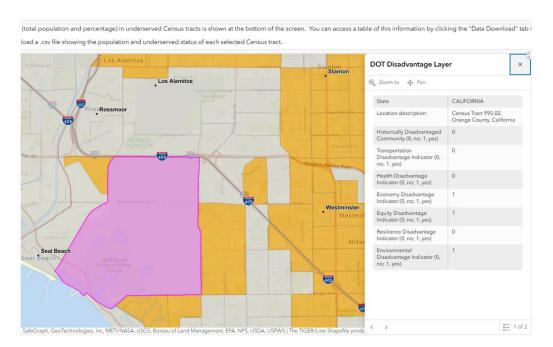


Figure 5-2: SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract 995.02 Source: SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract (Historically Disadvantaged Communities) Map (2020)

According to the SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract Map, Tract 995.02 is disadvantaged in terms of economics, equity and the environment. As the focus locations were selected, this information was crucial to decision making.







n (total population and percentage) in underserved Census tracts is shown at the bottom of the screen. You can access a table of this information by clicking the "Data Download inload a .csv file showing the population and underserved status of each selected Census tract.

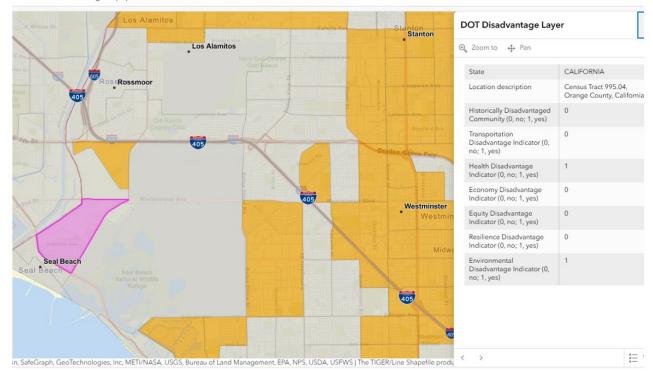


Figure 5-3: SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract 995.04

Source: SS4Ā Underserved Communities Census Tract (Historically Disadvantaged Communities) Map (2020)

According to the SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract Map, Tract 995.04 is disadvantaged in terms of health and the environment. As the focus locations were selected, this information was crucial to decision making.







to (total population and percentage) in underserved Census tracts is shown at the bottom of the screen. You can access a table of this information by clicking the "Data Downloac" nload a .csv file showing the population and underserved status of each selected Census tract.



Figure 5-4: SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract 995.09

Source: SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract (Historically Disadvantaged Communities) Map (2020)

According to the SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract Map, Tract 995.09 is a historically disadvantaged community with high transportation, health, and environmental barriers. As the only historically disadvantaged community in Seal Beach, roadways in and around Leisure World had special consideration.







n (total population and percentage) in underserved Census tracts is shown at the bottom of the screen. You can access a table of this information by clicking the "Data Download nload a .csv file showing the population and underserved status of each selected Census tract.



Figure 5-5: SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract 995.10 Source: SS4Ā Underserved Communities Census Tract (Historically Disadvantaged Communities) Map (2020)

According to the SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract Map, Tract 995.10 is disadvantaged in terms of health, equity, and the environment. As the focus locations were selected, this information was crucial to decision making.







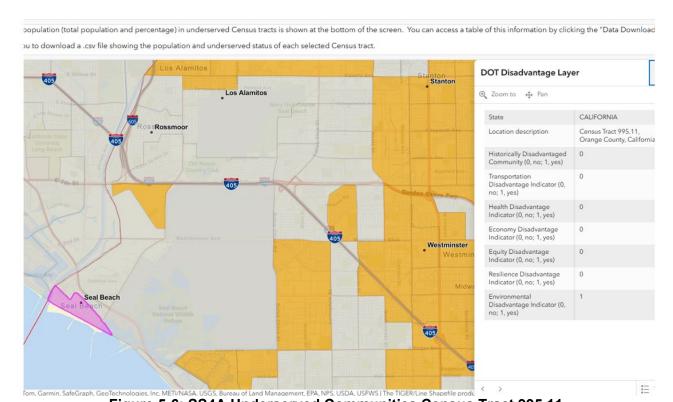


Figure 5-6: SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract 995.11 Source: SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract (Historically Disadvantaged Communities) Map (2020)

According to the SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract Map, Tract 995.11 is disadvantaged environmentally. As the focus locations were selected, this information was crucial to decision making.







ation (total population and percentage) in underserved Census tracts is shown at the bottom of the screen. You can access a table of this information by clicking the "Data Download" download a .csv file showing the population and underserved status of each selected Census tract. **DOT Disadvantage Layer** Stanton Los Alamitos ⊕ Zoom to ↔ Pan

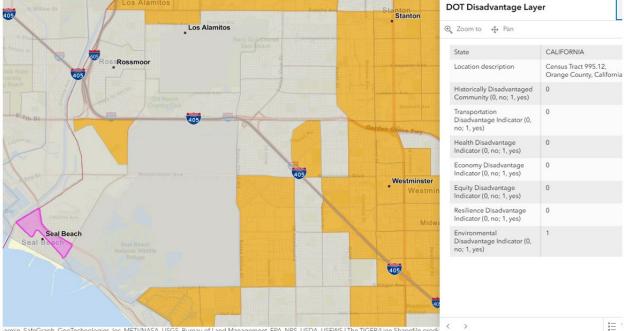


Figure 5-7: SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract 995.12

Source: SS4Ā Underserved Communities Census Tract (Historically Disadvantaged Communities) Map (2020)

According to the SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract Map, Tract 995.12 is disadvantaged environmentally. As the focus locations were selected, this information was crucial to decision making.







ion (total population and percentage) in underserved Census tracts is shown at the bottom of the screen. You can access a table of this information by clicking the "Data Download ownload a .csv file showing the population and underserved status of each selected Census tract.

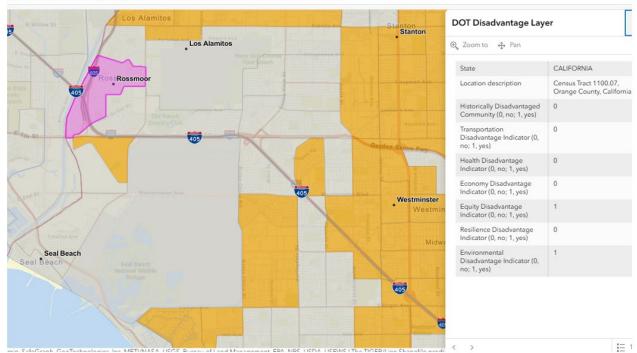


Figure 5-8: SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract 1100.07

Source: SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract (Historically Disadvantaged Communities) Map (2020)

According to the SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract Map, Tract 1100.07 is disadvantaged in terms of equity and the environment. As the focus locations were selected, this information was crucial to decision making.







oppulation (total population and percentage) in underserved Census tracts is shown at the bottom of the screen. You can access a table of this information by clicking the "Data Download u to download a .csv file showing the population and underserved status of each selected Census tract

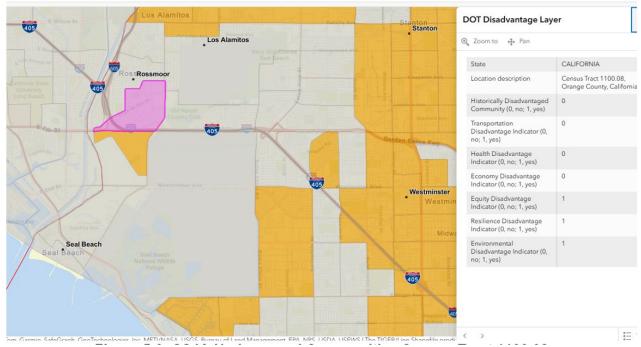


Figure 5-9: SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract 1100.08 Source: SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract (Historically Disadvantaged Communities) Map (2020)

According to the SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract Map, Tract 1100.08 is disadvantaged in terms of equity, resilience, and the environment. As the focus locations were selected, this information was crucial to decision making.







opulation (total population and percentage) in underserved Census tracts is shown at the bottom of the screen. You can access a table of this information by clicking the "Data Download" u to download a .csv file showing the population and underserved status of each selected Census tract.

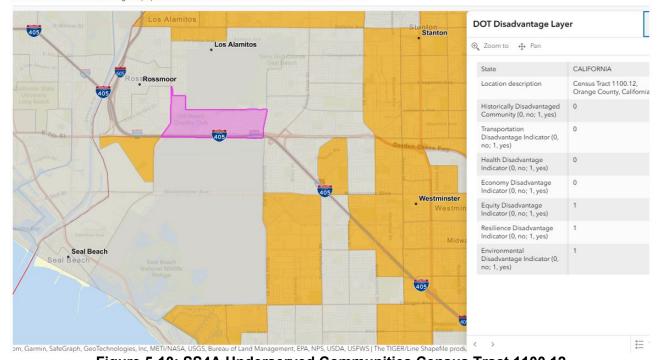


Figure 5-10: SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract 1100.12 Source: SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract (Historically Disadvantaged Communities) Map (2020)

According to the SS4A Underserved Communities Census Tract Map, Tract 1100.12 is disadvantaged in terms of equity, resilience, and the environment. As the focus locations were selected, this information was crucial to decision making.







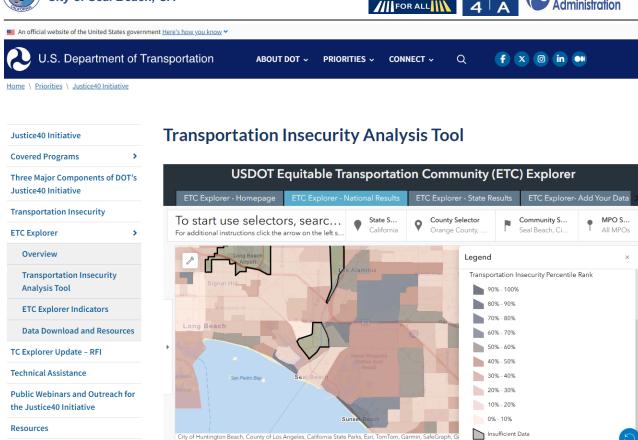


Figure 5-11: USDOT Transportation Insecurity Map

City of Huntington Beach, County of Los Angeles, California State Parks, Esri, Land Management, EPA, NPS, USDA, USFWS | DOT | DOT, Census

Source: U.S. Department of Transportation, Transportation Insecurity Analysis Tool (Last Updated 11/30/2023)

Figure 5-11 provides a heatmap of the percentile rank of transportation insecurity in and around Seal Beach, CA. As the color transitions from pale red to dark gray, the transportation insecurity percentile rank of the population increases. This information highlights the communities that require the most support from a transportation safety and access perspective.

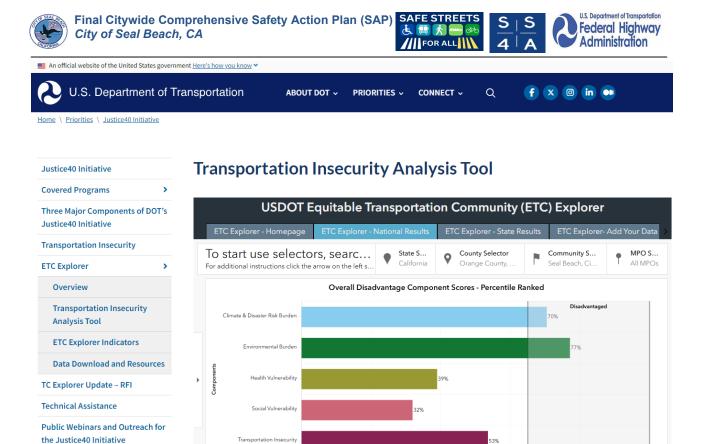


Figure 5-12: USDOT Overall Disadvantage Component Scores Graph

20%

40%

Relatively Low <----> Relatively High

60%

Source: U.S. Department of Transportation, Transportation Insecurity Analysis Tool (Last Updated 11/30/2023)

Figure 5-12 provides a bar graph of the overall areas of disadvantage that affect Seal Beach, CA. Most notably, the area carries a disadvantage in terms of climate an disaster risk, as well as the environment. This information was considered as focus locations were selected.

Resources

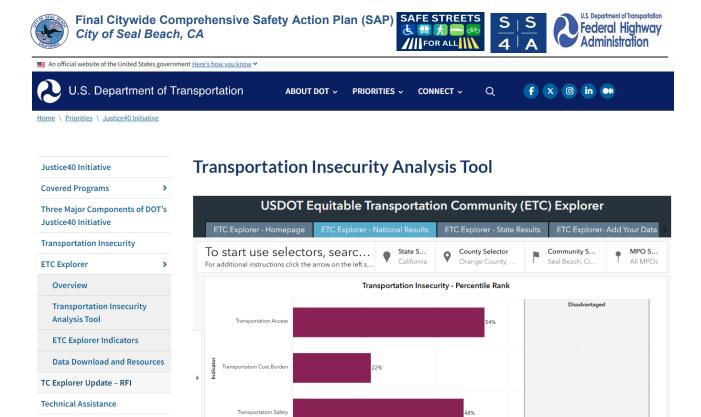


Figure 5-13: USDOT Transportation Insecurity Graph

Environmental

Source: U.S. Department of Transportation, Transportation Insecurity Analysis Tool (Last Updated 11/30/2023)

Health Vulnerability

Relatively Low <----> Relatively High

Social Vulnerability

Transportation Insecurity

Figure 5-13 provides a bar graph of the aspects of transportation insecurity in Seal Beach, CA. While none of the three categories classify as "Disadvantaged," the relatively high percentile rank of transportation access is noteworthy and further reason to consciously evaluate possible roadway improvements.

Public Webinars and Outreach for the Justice40 Initiative

Resources



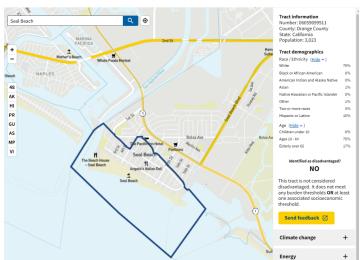






# Figure 5-14: Climate and **Economic Justice Screening Tool, Tract 995.11**

Source: Council on Environmental Quality



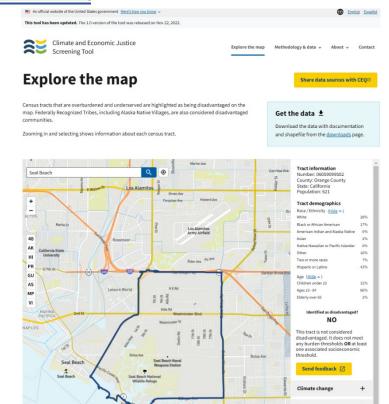


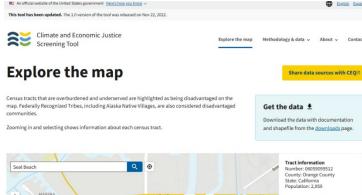
Figure 5-15: Climate and **Economic Justice Screening Tool, Tract 995.02** 











48

HI PR GU AS MP VI

# Figure 5-16: Climate and **Economic Justice Screening Tool, Tract 995.12**

Source: Council on Environmental Quality



Climate and Economic Justice Screening Tool Explore the map Share data sources with CEQ Census tracts that are overburdened and underserved are highlighted as being disadvantaged on the map. Federally Recognized Tribes, including Alaska Native Villages, are also considered disadvantaged Get the data **±** Zooming in and selecting shows information about each census tract. and shapefile from the downloads page. Seal Beach 48 PR GU Age (Hide ^) Children under 1 Ages 10 - 64 Seal Beach I

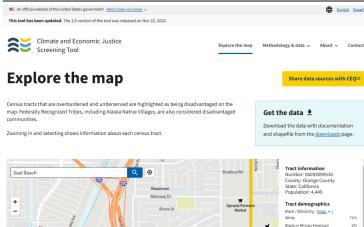
Figure 5-17: Climate and **Economic Justice Screening Tool, Tract 995.04** 





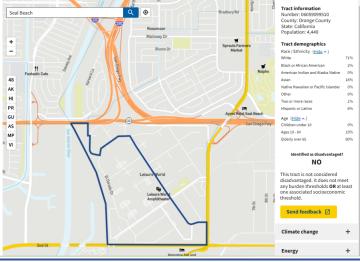






# Figure 5-18: Climate and **Economic Justice Screening Tool, Tract 995.10**

Source: Council on Environmental Quality



This tool has been updated. The 1.0 version of the tool was released on Nov 22, 2022. Climate and Economic Justice Screening Tool **Explore the map** Share data sources with CEQ☑ Census tracts that are overburdened and underserved are highlighted as being disadvantaged on the map. Federally Recognized Tribes, including Alaska Native Villages, are also considered disadvantaged Get the data ± Zooming in and selecting shows information about each census tract and shapefile from the downloads page. 48 PR AS NO disadvantaged. It does not meet any burden thresholds **OR** at least one associated socioeconomic

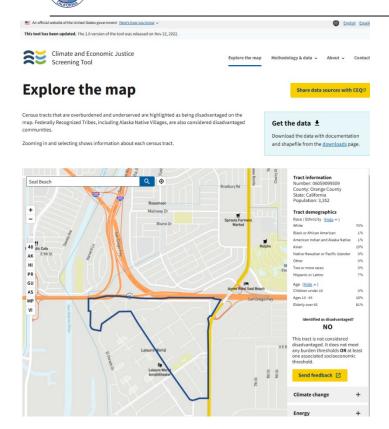
Figure 5-19: Climate and **Economic Justice Screening Tool, Tract 995.07** 











# Figure 5-20: Climate and **Economic Justice Screening Tool, Tract 995.09**

Source: Council on Environmental Quality

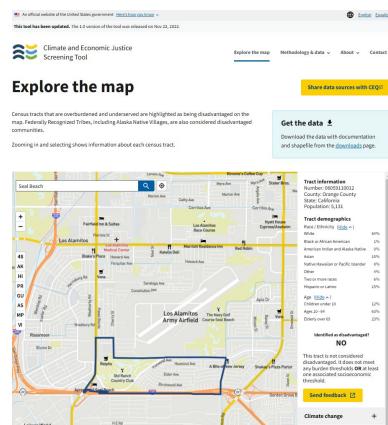


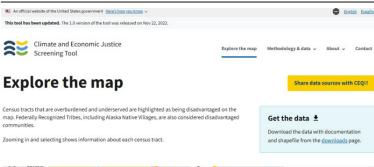
Figure 5-21: Climate and **Economic Justice Screening Tool, Tract 1100.12** Source: Council on Environmental Quality

MINAGAR & ASSOCIATES, INC.









# Figure 5-22: Climate and **Economic Justice Screening Tool, Tract 1100.08**









# 6. Policy and Process Changes

In the City of Seal Beach Safety (City) Action Plan development, an assessment was conducted of current policies, plans guidelines, and/or standards to identify opportunities to improve processes that prioritize safety. The reviews were intended to identify changes that will emphasize safety for all road users, and other elements of the Safe System Approach. Establishing safety policies ensures better continuity of Safe System Approach elements as changes in the City's administration occur. Policies which impact the base layers of the Safe Systems Pyramid (built environment, latent safety measures, and active safety measures), will be prioritized for implementation, acknowledging these layers have the greatest public health impact and require the least individual effort.

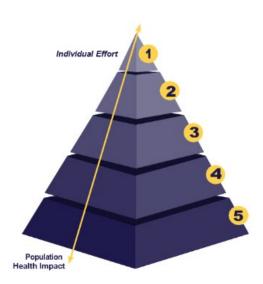
# The Safe Systems Pyramid\*

## Background

The public health practice is founded on the ideas that health problems are preventable when addressed at the population level, and that one should focus on preventing and controlling risk factors while promoting protective factors when possible.

#### **Thesis**

Utilizing a Safe Systems Approach calls for a paradigm shift in transportation safety which requires transportation professionals to understand their roles as public health professionals and incorporate public health principles into their thinking and practice. The Safe Systems Pyramid provides a framework for such thinking.



- **Education**
- Driver education programs; Slow Down Campaigns
- **Active Measures** 
  - Signals and signs indicating that one should stop or yield; forward, rear, and side collision warning; seat belts; helmets
  - **Latent Safety Measures**
- Signal timing that encourages slower traffic progression; leading pedestrian intervals; air bags; automated emergency braking systems; speed governors; alcohol ignition interlocks
- **Built Environment**

Roundabouts; speed humps; chicanes; raised crosswalks; sidewalks; bicycle infrastructure

**Socioeconomic Factors** 

Land development regulations that reduce vehicle miles traveled;

Source: Adapted from The Spectrum of Prevention - Prevention Institute; the article appeared in Injury Prevention (1999;5:203-207), a publication of the BMJ Publishing Group - Ederer et al. The Safe Systems Pyramid: A new framework for traffic safety, Transportation Research Interdisciplinary Perspectives, Volume 21, 2023

During the creation of this Safety Action Plan, the City also assessed existing safety-related policies, plans, and guidelines currently held by the Public Works and Police departments. The purpose of









this review was to reflect on the measures the City is currently actioning and to propose changes that better prioritize safety. The review included, but was not limited to:

- Caltrans District 12: Active Transportation Plan & Complete Streets, June 2022
- The California Endowment: A Guide to Active Transportation in Orange County, California Walks, Fall 2016
- City of Seal Beach, City Council Workshop, April 4, 2023
- Caltrans District 12: Active Plan, 2020
- City of Seal Beach: General Plan, Circulation Element, Pages C4-62, Figures 2,15-20, December 2003
- Caltrans: Bike Classes Design, Complete Streets Contextual Design Guidance, DIB 94, Section 5.1.2,3,4,5, January 16, 2024
- City of Seal Beach: Local Coastal Program, Implementation Plan, Draft, May 2, 2023
- City of Seal Beach: Local Roadway Transportation Plan (LRSP), KHA, May 2022

# 6.1 Key Policy and Process Changes

The City's Safety Action Plan also lays out proactive steps the City will take to create a culture and climate of systemic safety by addressing key risk factors and barriers to safety that currently exist in Seal Beach. These include:

- The City will commit to reducing traffic fatalities and serious injuries on the City's roadways by 2040.
- 6.1.2 The City will commit to making design, maintenance, and operations decisions that prioritize safety, and will build off the outreach completed throughout this Safety Action Plan.
- The City will commit to support areas zoned for increased density and infill development with transportation facilities and improvements to enable safer multi-modal transportation options for present and future road users.
- 6.1.4 A citywide, proactive Speed Management Program following the FHWA Safe System Speed Management Framework will guide location-specific interventions in all focus areas.
- 6.1.5 Transportation connections to Equity Priority Communities (e.g., Leisure World) and underserved populations will be prioritized along major walk and bike routes and key transit corridors.
- The City will look for opportunities to institutionalize safety into all aspects of policies, planning, programming, design, implementation, and maintenance, with a focus on those efforts that improve safety at the population scale through change to travel patterns, land use conditions, socioeconomic considerations, and built environment provisions.
- Through the guidelines of the City's transportation budget, funding sources and project selection/priorities will be re-evaluated to shift toward more proactive and strategic opportunities, enabling Seal Beach to address safety risk factors more efficiently.









6.1.8 The City will collaborate with partners and peers to make meaningful progress on crossjurisdictional and cross-sector efforts.

In addition, and per discussions with the Public Works and Police department's staff, the City will continue exploring new funding opportunities from the County, regional MPO and Transportation Authority, the State DOT (Caltrans) and applicable Federal agencies to implement plans and programs to increase public safety and, in particular, to reduce traffic related injuries and fatalities.

# 7. Strategy and Project Selections

The project team identified four major emphasis areas for the city by utilizing the aforementioned analysis that included primary collision factors. The Strategic Highway Safety Plan (SHSP) addresses the "5 Es" of traffic safety: Engineering, Enforcement, Education, Emergency Response, and Emerging Technologies. Each emphasis area utilizes the 5 Es addressed by SHSP, the following emphasis areas are discussed and analyzed in this section.

- 1. High Collision Intersections
- 2. High Collision Roadway Segments
- 3. Rear End Collisions Due to Unsafe Speeds
- Broadside Collisions Due to Improper Turning or Automobile Right-of-Way

# 7.1 Traffic Safety For High Collision Intersections/Focus Locations

The most prominent emphasis area is high collision intersections since most of the collisions in the City of Seal Beach occurred on intersections. Each intersection has its own unique geometry, therefore, an analysis of each of the prominent fifteen (15) intersections in the City of Seal Beach was concluded to understand the factors leading to collisions.



### **Education**



- Conduct public information and education campaigns for safety laws regarding a safe approach to an intersection.
- Raise awareness of the necessity of abiding by the traffic safety laws.



## Engineering



- Identify and rank high collision intersections within the City every two to three years. Consider information obtained from public input and feedback regarding unreported collisions to supplement Collision data.
- Evaluate the primary factors leading to collisions at high collision intersections
- Develop and implement countermeasures to tackle those factors.
- Assess and report collision patterns before and after implementation of countermeasures and adjust as necessary.
- Maintain roadway signing and striping.
- Consider improving night time lighting.











- Prioritize patrol patterns at high-risk intersections to monitor traffic law violations which include right of way violations, traffic signals and signs, unsafe speed, and
- When laws are enforced and awareness of abiding by traffic safety laws is raised, intersection collisions will reduce abundantly.

# **Emergency Medical Services**



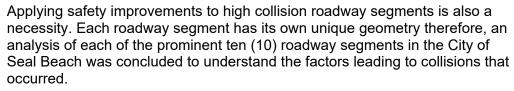
Consider targeted training for responding to specific high collision intersections and immediate treatment of predominant injuries at those locations.

# **Emerging Technologies**



Develop new methods to integrate multi source transportation data for developing different measurements of traffic safety for road users and identify safety issues associated with emerging electrical and automated vehicles.

# 7.2 Traffic Safety For High Collision Roadway Segments/Focus





#### **Education**



- Conduct public information and education campaign for safety laws regarding safe speed, improper turning, unsafe lane change, and driving on the wrong side of the road.
- Raise awareness of the necessity of abiding by the traffic safety laws.



Source: Beverly Samperio, The Arrow

## **Engineering**



- Identify and rank high collision roadway segments within the City every two to three years. Consider information obtained from public input and feedback regarding unreported collisions to supplement Collision data.
- Evaluate the primary factors leading to collisions at high collision roadway segments.
- Develop and implement countermeasures to tackle those factors.
- Assess and report collision patterns before and after implementation of countermeasures and adjust as necessary.
- Maintain roadway signing and striping.











#### **Enforcement**



- Prioritize patrol patterns at high collision roadway segments to monitor traffic law violations which include unsafe speed and improper turning.
- When laws are enforced and awareness of abiding by traffic safety laws is raised, roadway segment collisions will reduce abundantly.

# **Emergency Medical Services**



Consider targeted training for responding to specific high collision roadway segments and immediate treatment of predominant injuries at those locations.

# **Emerging Technologies**



Develop new methods to integrate multi source transportation data for developing different measurements of traffic safety for road users and identify safety issues associated with emerging electrical and automated vehicles.

# 7.3 Traffic Safety For Broadside Collisions Due to Right-of-Way and **Traffic Signals & Signs**

#### **Education**



Conduct public information and education campaigns for safety laws regarding the undesired risks of drinking and driving and as well as **SLOW DOWN. SPEED MATTERS.** maintaining a safe speed.

Raise awareness of the necessity of not drinking while driving and maintaining a safe speed to avoid many undesired tragic events such as rear end collisions.

#### **Engineering**



Identify locations where overturned collisions due to unsafe speed, improper turning, and unsafe lane changes are occurring within the City every two to three years.



- Consider information obtained from public input and feedback regarding unreported collisions to supplement Collision data.
- Develop and implement countermeasures to tackle overturned collisions due to unsafe speed.
- Assess and report collision patterns before and after implementation of countermeasures and adjust as necessary.

#### **Enforcement**











- Prioritize patrol patterns at DUI and high-speed locations to monitor traffic law violations which include DUI not maintaining a safe speed while operating a vehicle.
- When laws are enforced and awareness of abiding by traffic safety laws and signs is raised, overturned collisions due to unsafe speeds will reduce.

## **Emergency Medical Services**



Consider targeted training for responding to high-speed locations and immediate treatment of predominant injuries at those locations.

# **Emerging Technologies**



Develop new methods to integrate multi source transportation data for developing different measurements of traffic safety for road users and identify safety issues associated with emerging electrical and automated vehicles.

# 7.4 Traffic Safety For Rear End Collisions Due to Unsafe Speeds **Education**



- Conduct public information and education campaigns for safety laws regarding a proper turning.
- Raise awareness of the necessity of abiding by the traffic safety laws to avoid broadside collisions that occur mostly due to improper turning by not giving an automobile the right of way.

# **Engineering**



- Identify locations where object collisions due to improper turning are occurring within the city every two to three years.
- Consider information obtained from public input and feedback regarding unreported collisions to supplement Collision data.



- Develop and implement countermeasures to tackle hit object collisions due to improper turning.
- Assess and report collision patterns before and after implementation of countermeasures and adjust as necessary.
- Maintain roadway signing and striping.

#### **Enforcement**



- Prioritize patrol patterns at high collision intersections where hit object collisions due to improper turning are occurring mostly to monitor traffic law violations which include the failure of stopping and waiting for a safe gap to approach the road.
- When laws are enforced and awareness of abiding by traffic safety laws and signs is raised, broadside collisions due to improper turning will reduce abundantly.

#### **Emergency Medical Services**













Consider targeted training for responding to high collision intersections where hit object collisions due to improper turning are occurring mostly and immediate treatment of predominant injuries at those locations.

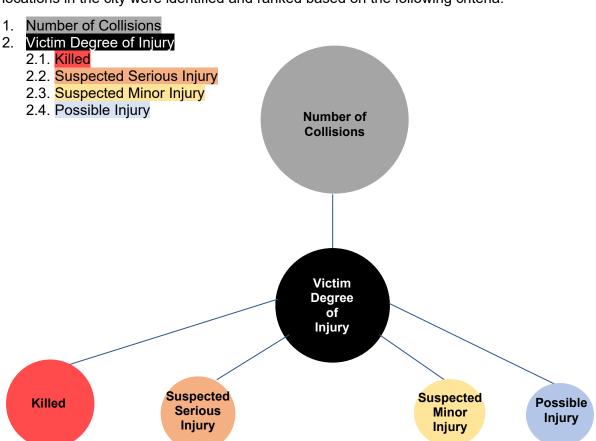
# **Emerging Technologies**



Develop new methods to integrate multi source transportation data for developing different measurements of traffic safety for road users and identify safety issues associated with emerging electrical and automated vehicles.

## 7.5 Focus Locations Identification, Pattern Analysis, and Recommended Improvements

As part of the quantitative analysis, focus high collision intersections and roadway segments/corridors were identified and prioritized using the Collision Frequency methodology. For each of the identified focus locations (intersections and roadway segments/corridors), prominent locations in the city were identified and ranked based on the following criteria:



Upon identifying and ranking prominent intersections and roadway segments, collisions were analyzed by identifying the Primary Collision Factor (PCF) that led to the occurrence of each collision and the pattern. Upon completion of the analysis, recommendations were developed as safety mitigation measures to potentially mitigate similar collisions in the future. Countermeasures have been proposed in compliance with the California Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.









It is important to utilize Collision Modification Factor (CMF) when identifying potential systemic safety improvements. The CMF method is found in Part D of the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) Highway Safety Manual (HSM). CMFs are defined as the ratio of effectiveness of expected Collisions with treatment in comparison to expected Collisions without treatment. Furthermore, A CMF is a multiplicative factor used to determine the expected number of Collisions after implementing the proposed countermeasures to ensure efficiency of utilizing and implementing the proposed countermeasures. Countermeasures with CMFs less than one are expected to reduce Collisions. On the other hand, countermeasures with CMFs greater than one are expected to increase Collisions. CMFs are calculated as follows:

CMF < 1.0 Expected to reduce crashes

CMF = 1.0 Expected to have no impact on safety

CMF > 1.0 Expected to increase crashes

A Collision Reduction Factor (CRF) is similar and related to a CMF but stated in different terms. A CRF is defined as a percentage of Collision reduction that might be expected after the implementation of a given countermeasure at a specific site. CRFs are calculated as follows:

Appropriate CMFs shall be used with caution. CMFs should be selected from the HSM Part D, the LRSM, or from the FHWA CMF Clearinghouse website (http://www.cmfclearinghouse.org).







Table 7-1 City of Seal Beach Engineering Countermeasures (CM) Toolbox

Table 7-1 City of Seal Beach Engineering Countermeasures (							
LRSM No.		Collision Type					HSIP
[1]	Countermeasure (CM) Name	AII	Night	Ped and Bike	<b>CMF</b> [2]	CRF [3]	Funding Eligibility
NS01INT	Add intersection lighting (NS.I.)		Х		0.60	40%	90%
NS08	Install/upgrade larger or additional stop signs or other intersection warning/regulatory signs	X			0.85	15%	90%
NS09	Upgrade intersection pavement markings (NS.I.)	Х			0.75	25%	90%
NS23PB	Install/upgrade pedestrian crossing at uncontrolled locations (with enhanced safety features)			Х	0.65	35%	90%
NS24PB	Install Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacon (RRFB)			Х	0.65	35%	90%
R02	Remove or relocate fixed objects outside of Recovery Zone	Х			0.65	35%	90%
R08	Install Raised Median	Х			0.75	25%	90%
R22	Install/upgrade signs with new fluorescent sheeting (regulatory or warning)	Х			0.85	15%	90%
R25	Install curve advance warning signs (flashing beacon)	X			0.7	30%	90%
R26	Install dynamic/variable speed warning signs	Х			0.7	30%	90%
R27	Install delineators, reflectors and/or object markers	Х			0.85	15%	90%
R36PB	Install/upgrade pedestrian crossing (with enhanced safety features)			Х	0.65	35%	90%







R38PB	Install Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacon (RRFB)		Х	0.65	35%	90%
SI02	Improve signal hardware: lenses, back-plates with retroreflective borders, mounting, size, and number	X		0.85	15%	90%
SI03	Improve signal timing (coordination, phases, red, yellow, or operation)	Х		0.85	15%	50%
SI04EV*	Install emergency vehicle pre-emption systems			0.30	70%	90%
SI07	Convert signal to mast arm (from pedestal-mounted)	Х		0.70	30%	90&
SI08	Install raised pavement markers and striping (Through Intersection)	Х		0.90	10%	90%
SI11	Install Raised Median on Approach+	Х		0.75	25%	90%
SI22PB	Modify signal phasing to implement a Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI)		Х	0.40	60%	90%

[1] Local Roadway Safety Manual Countermeasure Identification Number

- NS: Non-Signalized Intersection
- R: Roadway Segment
- SI: Signalized Intersection
- [2] Crash Modification Factor
- [3] Crash Reduction Factor
- \*SI04EV falls under the emergency vehicle collision type







### 7.6 Focus Intersections

High collision intersections are critical locations that require the most analytical focus since it is anticipated that many more collisions will occur based on its history of high crash concentration. Table 7-2 displays the fifteen (15) most prominent intersections in the City of Seal Beach.









# Table 7-2: List of Focus High Collision Intersections and Rankings\*

			MEAN	1974			Collisions <sup>4</sup>	ns <sup>4</sup>			
Ranking <sup>1</sup>	Location	Control	within Underserved Community²	lotal Entering Vehicles	Crash Rate³	Total	Fatal	Fatal & Serious		Crash Cost <sup>5</sup>	Table 1
-	Seal Beach Blvd & Westminster Ave	Signalized	No	71,530	0.69	06	_	16	\$	41,668,000	
2	Seal Beach Blvd & N Gate Rd/Caltrans I-405 SB On- & Off-Ramps	Signalized	Yes	43,320	0.39	31	0	1	\$	4,865,000	
3	Seal Beach Blvd & Old Ranch Pkwy/Caltrans I-405 NB On- & Off-Ramps	Signalized	No	46,950	0.36	31	0	2	\$	7,193,000	
4	Seal Beach Blvd & Towne Center Dr	Signalized	No	32,320	0.41	24	0	0	\$	2,660,000	
9	Seal Beach Blvd & Lampson Ave	Signalized	ON	48,150	0.24	21	0	0	\$	1,722,000	
9	Seal Beach Blvd & St Cloud Dr	Signalized	No	52,340	0.19	18	0	0	\$	1,816,000	
7	Seal Beach Blvd & 🕸 Golden Rain Rd	Signalized	No	39,000	0.21	15	0	1	\$	2,948,000	9
8	Seal Beach Blvd & Adolfo Lopez	Signalized	No	21,900	0.13	5	0	0	\$	633,000	
6	Marina Dr & 5th St	All-Way Stop	No	21,500	0.10	4	0	1	\$	3,853,000	
10	Central Ave & 8th St	Two-Way Stop	No	4,900	0.45	4	0	0	\$	523,000	
1	Seal Beach Blvd & 🕸 St Andrews Dr	Signalized	Yes	3,720	2.65	18	0	,	\$	4,245,000	
12	Main St & Ocean Ave	Signalized	No	8,800	89.0	11	0	0	\$	925,000	
13	Westminster Ave & 👺 Kitts Hwy	Signalized	No	20,450	0.27	10	0	3	<del>\$</del>	6,879,000	
14	Marina Dr & 1st St	All-Way Stop	No	7,880	0.63	6	0	2	↔	7,641,000	
15	🕸 Golden Rain Rd & St Andrews Dr	Signalized	Yes	4,500	1.10	6	0	0	\$	963,000	
1] Intersection 2] Based on th	<ol> <li>Intersection Ranking is based on the number of contiguous collisions within each intersection.</li> <li>Based on the U.S. DOT Transportation Insecurity Tool.</li> </ol>	on.									illu r
3] Crash rate p	3] Crash rate per million vehicle miles traveled.										
4] Total Numb 5] Based on th	4] Total Number of Collisions during the 5-year period between January 1, 2019 and December 31, 2023 from SWITRS/TIMS & SBPD data. 5] Based on the Caltrans Local Roadway Safety Manual 2024.	r 31, 2023 from SWITRS	/TIMS & SBPD data.								KIIIY
	Legend: 🙀 Leisure World	3	Naval Weapons Base	ıs Base	a	<b>GF</b> Caltrans	rans				_
				l	۱		l	l	l	l	

<sup>\*</sup>Total Number of Collisions correspond to the total number of fatal, fatal & serious injury, minor injury, and PDOs as seen in Table 7-3.









Table 7-3: Intersection Number of Collisions and Ranking in the City of Seal Beach

	ersection				Collision S	everity	
Ranking Number*	Intersection	Number of Collisions**	Killed	Severe Injury	Visible Injury	Complaint of Pain	No Injury
1	Seal Beach Blvd & Westminster Ave	90	1	15	16	32	26
2	Seal Beach Blvd & N Gate Rd	31	0	1	5	14	11
3	Seal Beach Blvd & Old Ranch Pkwy	31	0	2	5	16	8
4	Seal Beach Blvd & Towne Center Dr	24	0	0	8	9	7
5	Seal Beach Blvd & Lampson Ave	21	0	0	4	7	10
6	Seal Beach Blvd & Saint Cloud Dr	18	0	0	8	1	9
7	Seal Beach Blvd & Golden Rain Rd	15	0	1	2	2	10
8	Seal Beach Blvd & Adolfo Lopez Dr	5	0	0	1	4	0
9	Marina Dr & 5 <sup>th</sup> Street	4	0	1	1	2	0
10	Central Ave & 8 <sup>th</sup> Street	4	0	0	1	3	0
11	Seal Beach Blvd & Saint Andrews Dr	18	0	1	7	6	4
12	Main Street & Ocean Ave	11	0	0	1	6	4
13	Westminster Ave & Kitts Hwy	10	0	3	1	1	5
14	Marina Dr & 1st Street	9	0	2	1	5	1
15	Golden Rain Rd & Saint Andrews Dr	9	0	0	3	3	3

<sup>\*</sup> Intersection Ranking Number is based on the number of contiguous collisions within each intersection.



<sup>\*\*</sup> Total Number of Collisions during the 5-year period between January 1, 2019 and December 31, 2023.









Figure 7-1: City of Seal Beach Top 15 Intersections Location Map







### 7.6.1 Intersection 1: Seal Beach Blvd & Westminster Ave

Table 7-4: Intersection 1 Number of Collisions and Corresponding Primary Collision Factor

Number of Collisions	Primary Collision Factor
27	Unsafe Speeds
20	Unsafe Turning
10	DUI
10	Red Light
8	Failure to Yield
5	Other Improper Driving
5	N/A
3	Hit and Run
2	Failure to Stop
Total 90	

Pattern: Motorists are not maintaining safe speeds and are turning improperly from the long road segment in all directions.

- 1. Upgrade Signal Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.
- 2. Upgrade To APS Pedestrian Pushbutton, Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.
- 3. Improve Signal Timing (Coordination, Phases, Red, Yellow, Or Operation).
- 4. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 5. Install R73-5 Sign.
- 6. Install R73-2 Sign.
- 7. Install Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) System.
- 8. Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.
- 9. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Paint.
- 10. Install Advance Warning Beacon with W3-3 Sign At 365 Feet South of Stop Bar on Northbound Seal Beach Blvd's East Shoulder.
- 11. Install Bicycle Video Detection System (VDS) on Mast Arm.
- 12. Reconstruct Existing Raised Median (500 LF) South of Westminster Ave on Seal Beach Blvd Between Northbound and Southbound Lanes Per APWA Std.
- 13. Reconstruct Existing Raised Median (210 LF) South of Westminster Ave on Seal Beach Blvd Between Northbound Left Turn Lane and Through Lanes Per APWA Std.
- Replace Existing W1-8 Chevron Signs with Flashing LED Chevron Solar Traffic Signs.
- 15. Install Advanced Dilemma Zone Detection System.
- 16. Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with Cyclegrip MMAX Green Paint.
- 17. Install emergency vehicle pre-emption (EVP).
- 18. Relocate existing OCTA bus stop at NEC on NB Seal Beach Blvd to 220' north of ECR.
- 19. Install signs W11-2 and W16-7P with rectangular rapid flashing beacon (RRFB) and APS









pedestrian pushbutton.

- 20. Install sign R10-15.
- 21. Upgrade signal head lenses to programmable visibility (PV) LED lenses.

### 7.6.2 Intersection 2: Seal Beach Blvd & N Gate Rd

Table 7-5: Intersection 2 Number of Collisions and Corresponding Primary Collision Factor

Number of Collisions	Primary Collision Factor
14	Unsafe Speeds
8	Unsafe Turning
3	Red Light
2	DUI
2	Maintain Lane
1	Other
1	N/A
Total 31	

Pattern: Motorists are not maintaining safe speeds and are turning improperly into oncoming traffic.

- 1. Upgrade Signal Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.
- 2. Upgrade to APS Pedestrian Pushbutton, Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.
- 3. Improve signal Timing (Coordination, Phases, Red, Yellow, with Dynamic Dilemma Zone Protection).
- 4. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 5. Upgrade The Existing Traffic Signal Heads to 12" LED Lenses.
- 6. Reinstall R9-3 Sign.
- 7. Uninstall Existing Sign D and Replace with R9-3A.
- 8. Install R73-2 Sign.
- 9. Install Internally Illuminated Street Name Sign (IISNS).
- 10. Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.
- 11. Install R61-1 (CA) Sign.
- 12. Install Bicycle Video Detection System (VDS) on Mast Arm.
- 13. Install Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) System.
- 14. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Paint.
- 15. Install Signs R81 (CA) and R81A (CA).
- 16. Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with CycleGrip MMAX Green Paint.
- 17. Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).









18. Install Advanced Dilemma Zone Detection System

## 7.6.3 Intersection 3: Seal Beach Blvd & Old Ranch Pkwy

Table 7-6: Intersection 3 Number of Collisions and Corresponding Primary Collision Factor

Number of Collisions	Primary Collision Factor
12	Unsafe Speeds
6	Red Light
4	Unsafe Turning
3	Other
3	N/A
2	Unsafe Lane Change
1	DUI
Total 31	

- 1. Upgrade Signal Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.
- 2. Upgrade to APS Pedestrian Pushbutton, Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.
- 3. Improve Signal Timing (Coordination, Phases, Red, Yellow, With Dynamic Dilemma Zone Protection).
- 4. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 5. Install Bicycle Video Detection System (VDS) on Mast Arm.
- 6. Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.
- 7. Install Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) System.
- 8. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Paint.
- 9. Trim Bushes for Sight Distance.
- 10. Reinstall Signs R4-7 And N-1 (CA).
- 11. Install Sign A.
- 12. Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with CycleGrip MMaX Green Paint.
- 13. Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).
- 14. Install Advanced Dilemma Zone Detection System.









### 7.6.4 Intersection 4: Seal Beach Blvd & Towne Center Dr

Table 7-7: Intersection 4 Number of Collisions and Corresponding **Primary Collision Factor** 

		· ····································
Num	ber of Collisions	Primary Collision Factor
	10	Unsafe Speed
	10	Red Light
	2	Unsafe Turning
	1	Unsafe Backing
	1	Cell Phone Use
Total	24	

Pattern: Motorists are travelling at unsafe speeds and drivers entering oncoming traffic are running red lights.

High Collision Recommendations:

- 1. Upgrade Signal Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.
- 2. Upgrade To APS Pedestrian Pushbutton, Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.
- 3. Improve Signal Timing (Coordination, Phases, Red, Yellow, or Operation).
- 4. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 5. Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.
- 6. Install Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) System.
- 7. Install R3-5 Sign.
- 8. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping With Paint.
- 9. Install R3-4 Sign.
- 10. Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).
- 11. Install Advanced Dilemma Zone Detection System.
- 12. Install R44 (CA) Sign.

## 7.6.5 Intersection 5: Seal Beach Blvd & Lampson Ave

Table 7-8: Intersection 5 Number of Collisions and Corresponding **Primary Collision Factor** 

		i illiary comoloni i dotoi
Num	ber of Collisions	Primary Collision Factor
	9	Unsafe Speed
	8	Red Light
	2	Unsafe Turning
1		Unsafe Backing
	1	Cell Phone Use
Total	21	









Pattern: Motorists are travelling at unsafe speeds and drivers entering oncoming traffic are running red lights.

High Collision Recommendations:

- 1. Upgrade Signal Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.
- 2. Upgrade To APS Pedestrian Pushbutton, Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.
- 3. Improve Signal Timing (Coordination, Phases, Red, Yellow, With Dynamic Dilemma Zone Protection).
- 4. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 5. Install R3-7 Sign.
- 6. Install Bicycle Video Detection System (VDS) on Mast Arm.
- 7. Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.
- 8. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Paint.
- 9. Install Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) System.
- 10. Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with Cyclegrip MMAX Green Paint.
- 11. Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).
- 12. Install Advanced Dilemma Zone Detection System.
- 13. Upgrade Signal Head Lenses to Programmable Visibility (PV) Lenses.
- 14. Remove Existing Signs A and W11-1. Replace with R44 (CA).

### 7.6.6 Intersection 6: Seal Beach Blvd & Saint Cloud Dr

Table 7-9: Intersection 6 Number of Collisions and Corresponding **Primary Collision Factor** 

Num	ber of Collisions	Primary Collision Factor
	4	Red Light
	4	Unsafe Speed
	3	Unsafe Turning
	3	N/A
	1	Maintain Lane
	1	Unsafe Backing
	1	Other
1		Failure to Yield
Total	18	

Pattern: Motorists are not maintaining safe speeds and tend to run red lights.

- 1. Upgrade Signal Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.
- 2. Upgrade to APS Pedestrian Pushbutton, Install R10-3 Updated









Crosswalk Sign.

- 3. Improve Signal Timing (Coordination, Phases, Red, Yellow, or Operation).
- 4. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 5. Install Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) System.
- 6. Install R73-2 Sign.
- 7. Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.
- 8. Modify Existing Access Ramp Per APWA Std 111-5 with Truncated Domes.
- 9. Restriping Traffic Striping with Paint.
- 10. Install Advanced Dilemma Zone Detection System.
- 11. Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).
- 12. Install R10-15 Sign.
- 13. Remove Signs A and W11-1. Replace with R44 (CA) Sign.

#### 7.6.7 Intersection 7: Seal Beach Blvd & Golden Rain Rd

Table 7-10: Intersection 7 Number of Collisions and Corresponding **Primary Collision Factor** 

Nun	nber of Collisions	Primary Collision Factor
	6	Unsafe Speeds
	5	Unsafe Turning
	2	DUI
	1	Emergency Vehicle
1		Disobeying Signage
Total	15	

Pattern: Motorists are travelling at unsafe speeds at the intersection and performing unsafe turning maneuvers.

- Upgrade Signal Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.
- 2. Upgrade to APS Pedestrian Pushbutton, Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.
- 3. Improve Signal Timing (Coordination, Phases, Red, Yellow, with Dynamic Dilemma Zone Protection).
- 4. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 5. Install Vehicle Speed Feedback Sign.
- 6. Install R5-1 Sign.
- 7. Install Bicycle Video Detection System (VDS) On Mast Arm.









- 8. Reinstall Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Zebra Crosswalk.
- Install Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) System.
- 10. Upgrade to Programmable Traffic Signal Head Indication for Northbound Direction.
- 11. Upgrade Signal Head Lenses to LED.
- 12. Upgrade Signal Head Lenses to Programmable Visibility (PV) LED Lenses.
- 13. Install R3-7 Sign.
- 14. Restriping Traffic Striping with Paint.
- 15. Install Advanced Dilemma Zone Detection System.
- 16. Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with Cyclegrip MMAX Green Paint.12.
- 17. Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).

### 7.6.8 Intersection 8: Seal Beach Blvd & Adolfo Lopez Dr

Table 7-11: Intersection 8 Number of Collisions and Corresponding **Primary Collision Factor** 

Nur	nber of Collisions	Primary Collision Factor
	1	DUI
	1	Failure to Stop
	1	Unsafe Speed
1		Slow Speed
	1	Red Light
Total	5	

- 1. Upgrade Signal Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.
- 2. Upgrade to APS Pedestrian Pushbutton, Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.
- 3. Improve Signal Timing (Coordination, Phases, Red, Yellow, or Operation).
- 4. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane
- 5. Install Bicycle Video Detection System (VDS) on Mast Arm.
- 6. Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.
- 7. Install Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) System.
- 8. Install R61-19 (CA) Sign.
- 9. Install Cat Tracks with Paint.
- 10. Install Advanced Dilemma Zone Detection System.
- 11. Modify Existing Access Ramp Per APWA Std 111-5 with Truncated Domes.









- 12. Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with Cyclegrip MMAX Green Paint.
- 13. Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).

### 7.6.9 Intersection 9: Marina Dr & 5th Street

Table 7-12: Intersection 9 Number of Collisions and Corresponding Primary Collision Factor

	i illiary comision i actor
Number of Collisio	ns Primary Collision Factor
1	Hit and Run
1	Stop Sign
1	Unsafe Turning
1	Wrong Side of the Road
Total 4	

High Collision Recommendations:

- 1. Upgrade Existing Flashing Beacon Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.
- 2. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 3. Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.
- 4. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Paint.
- 5. Install Sign R1-3P.
- 6. Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with Cyclegrip MMAX Green Paint.

### 7.6.10 Intersection 10: Central Ave & 8th Street

Table 7-13: Intersection 10 Number of Collisions and Corresponding **Primary Collision Factor** 

Num	ber of Collisions	Primary Collision Factor
	2	Failure to Yield
1		Stop Sign
	1	Unsafe Speed
Total	4	

Pattern: Motorists are not yielding to cross traffic properly and driving at unsafe speeds.

- 1. Install LED Flashing Stop Sign.
- 2. Install W4-4P Sign.
- 3. Trim Trees for Sign Visibility.
- 4. Restriping Intersection Legends with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 5. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Paint.









- 6. Reinstall Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.
- 7. Install Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacon (RRFB) With APS Pedestrian Pushbutton on Existing W11-2, W16-7P Signpost.

#### 7.6.11 Intersection 11: Seal Beach Blvd & Saint Andrews Dr

Table 7-14: Intersection 11 Number of Collisions and Corresponding **Primary Collision Factor** 

I Timuly Comston i actor				
Nun	nber of Collisions	Primary Collision Factor		
	4	Unsafe Speed		
4		Red Light		
4		Other Improper Driving		
3		Unsafe Turning		
2		DUI		
1		N/A		
Total	Total 18			

Pattern: Motorists are not driving at unsafe speeds and running red lights.

**High Collision Recommendations:** 

- 1. Upgrade Signal Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.
- 2. Upgrade to APS Pedestrian Pushbutton, Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.
- 3. Improve Signal Timing (Coordination, Phases, Red, Yellow, or Operation).
- 4. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 5. Reinstall R3-4 Sign.
- 6. Install R61-19 Sign.
- 7. Upgrade Signal Head Lenses to LED.
- 8. Add Truncated Domes to Existing Access Ramp.
- 9. Install Bicycle Video Detection System (VDS) on Mast Arm.
- 10. Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.
- 11. Install Cat Tracks with Paint.
- 12. Install R3-18 Sign.
- 13. Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with Cyclegrip MMAX Green Paint.
- 14. Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).
- 15. Install Advanced Dilemma Zone Detection System.
- Upgrade Signal Heads to Programmable Visibility (PV) LED Lenses.

#### 7.6.12 Intersection 12: Main Street & Ocean Ave









Table 7-15: Intersection 12 Number of Collisions and Corresponding

Primary Collision Factor

NI	. l f O - II! - !	Drive and Oallistan Factor		
Number of Collisions		Primary Collision Factor		
	3	Unsafe Speed		
3		Unsafe Turning		
2		Unsafe Backing		
2		N/A		
1		DUI		
Total	11			

Pattern: Motorists are not yielding to cross traffic properly and driving at unsafe speeds.

High Collision Recommendations:

- 1. Upgrade the Existing Traffic Signal Heads to 12" Lenses.
- 2. Install R10-3 Sign.
- 3. Upgrade to APS Pedestrian Pushbutton.
- 4. Replace Existing Signal Pole with Type 15TS (Traffic Signal & Lighting).
- 5. Replace Existing Traffic Signal Controller and Cabinet with a new 170E Controller inside a new 332 Cabinet with Foundation.
- 6. Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Striping Edges on the existing crosswalk.
- 7. Install Curb Ramps Per APWA Section 111-5 with Truncated Domes.
- 8. Upgrade Signal Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.
- 9. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 10. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Paint.
- 11. Install Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) System.
- 12. Install New Signal Timing (Phases, Red, Yellow, Or Operation).
- 13. Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).
- 14. Install Automatic Retractable Hydraulic Bollard Stainless Steel Roadway Traffic Bollard on All Four Legs of the Intersection For Special Events.

#### 7.6.13 Intersection 13: Westminster Ave & Kitts Highway

Table 7-16: Intersection 13 Number of Collisions and Corresponding Primary Collision Factor

Number of Collisions	Primary Collision Factor
3	DUI
2	Unsafe Speed
2	N/A
1	Unsafe Turning
1	Hit and Run
1	Failure to Stop
Total 10	









### High Collision Recommendations:

- Upgrade Signal Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.
- 2. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 3. Install R9-3 And R9-3bP Signs.
- 4. Install Bicycle Video Detection System (VDS) on Mast Arm.
- 5. Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.
- 6. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Paint.
- 7. Improve Signal Timing (Phases, Red, Yellow, Or Operation) Traffic Signal Pre-Emption Per Consultation with The U.S. Naval Weapons Base Operations Unit.
- 8. Install Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) System.
- 9. Upgrade To APS Pedestrian Pushbutton, Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.
- 10. Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).
- 11. Install R3-8B Sign.
- 12. Install R61-5 (CA) Sign.
- 13. Restriping "U.S. Government Property" Legend with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 14. Install Advanced Dilemma Zone Detection System.
- 15. Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with Cyclegrip MMAX Green Paint.
- 16. Replace Existing Advance Warning Flashing Beacons at ~2000' East of Kitts HWY on WB Westminster Ave's North Shoulder.

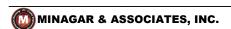
### 7.6.14 Intersection 14: Marina Dr & 1st Street

Table 7-17: Intersection 14 Number of Collisions and Corresponding **Primary Collision Factor** 

Number of Collisions	Primary Collision Factor		
3	Stop Sign		
2	Unsafe Speed		
1	Unsafe Backing		
1	Failure to Stop		
1	Unsafe Turning		
1	N/A		
Total 9			

Pattern: Motorists are not properly stopping and driving at unsafe speeds.

- Install LED Flashing Stop Sign.
- 2. Install R3-1 Sign.
- 3. Install R1-3P Sign.









- 4. Modify Existing Access Ramp Per APWA Std 111-5 with Truncated Domes.
- 5. Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.
- 6. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 7. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Paint.
- 8. Install Bike Legend as shown on plans.
- 9. Install "Greenback Bike Lane" enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with CycleGrip MMAX Green Paint.
- 10. Install Signs W16-1P and W11-1.

#### 7.6.15 Intersection 15: Golden Rain Rd & St Andrews Dr

Table 7-18: Intersection 15 Number of Collisions and Corresponding **Primary Collision Factor** 

Nun	nber of Collisions	Primary Collision Factor	
3		Unsafe Speed	
2		Failure to Yield	
2		Red Light	
2		Unsafe Turning	
Total	9		

- 1. Upgrade Signal Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.
- 2. Improve Signal Timing (Phases, Red, Yellow, Or Operation).
- 3. Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 4. Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Zebra Crosswalk.
- 5. Modify Existing Access Ramp Per APWA Std 111-5 with Truncated Domes.
- 6. Install Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) System.
- 7. Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Turn Arrow Legends.
- 8. Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).









## 7.7 Focus Street Segments/Corridors

High collision street segments/corridors are critical segments that require analytical focus since it is anticipated that collisions will occur within a high collision street segment based on its crash history. Table 7-19 displays the ten (10) most prominent street segments in the City of Seal Beach.







# Table 7-19: List of Focus High Collision Street Segments and Rankings\*

			Within					Crashes <sup>4</sup>	<b>4</b> 5€		
Ranking <sup>1</sup>	Location	Classification	Underserved Community <sup>2</sup>	Length (Miles)	Average Daily Traffic	Crash Rate³	Total	Fatal		5 O	Crash Cost <sup>5</sup>
-	Seal Beach Blvd between 🕸 St Andrews Dr and Westminster Ave	Major Arterial	No No	0.18	34,500	308.83	35	-	Injury 4	\$	13,247,800
2	Seal Beach Blvd between Westminster Ave and Apollo Dr	Major Arterial	No	99:0	29,100	49.25	17	0	_	\$	4,343,000
,	Seal Beach Blvd between Old Ranch Pkwy and   North Gate Rd/ Caltrans I-405 SB On- & Off-Ramps	Major Arterial	No	0.35	45,900	61.39	8	0	0	\$	1,410,000
4	Seal Beach Blvd between @ North Gate Rd/Caltrans I-405 SB On- & Off-Ramps and Golden Rain Rd	Major Arterial	Yes	0.3	4,230	561.33	13	0	0	s	1,053,000
5	Seal Beach Blvd between Golden Rain Rd and ( St Andrews Dr	Urban Arterial	Yes	0.37	36,100	49.23	12	0	-	s s	4,244,000
9	Seal Beach Blvd between St Cloud Dr and Old Ranch Pkwy	Major Arterial	No	0.32	49,500	38.05	11	0	1	7 \$	4,042,000
7	Marina Dr between 1st St and 5th St	Major Collector	No	0.26	5,900	321.48	6	0	0	\$	788,000
80	Main St between 🕦 Pacific Coast Highway and Electric Ave	Major Collector	No	0.14	6,100	577.46	6	0	0	\$	521,000
6	Seal Beach Blvd between Bradbury Rd and Rossmoor Center Way	Major Arterial	No	0.17	36,000	71.63	80	0	0	s	871,000
10	Seal Beach Blvd between Rossmoor Center Way and St Cloud Dr	Major Arterial	No	0.11	36,000	83.02	9	0	0	\$	384,000
] Segment Ra ] Based on the	Segment Ranking is based on the number of contiguous collisions within each intersection. Based on the U.S. DOT Transportation Insecurity Tool.									l	
Crash rate p Total Number Based on the	Crash rate per 100 million vehicle miles traveled. Total Number of Collisions during the 5-year period between January 1, 2019 and December 31, 2023 from SWITRS/TIMS & SBPD data. Based on the Califrans I oral Roadway Safety Manual 2024.	from SWITRS/TIMS & SB	ЭРD data.								
	Legend: 🐑 Leisure World		👔 Pacific Coast Highway	Highway	and and	GH Caltrans	SIE	Ш		H	
								l		ı	

<sup>\*</sup>Total Number of Collisions correspond to the total number of fatal, fatal & serious injury, minor injury, and PDOs as seen in Table 7-20.









# Table 7-20: Segment Number of Collisions and Ranking in the City of Seal Beach

Intersection		Number of	Collision Severity				
Ranking Number*	Intersection	Collisions**	Killed	Severe Injury	Visible Injury	Complaint of Pain	No Injury
1	Seal Beach Blvd btw St Andrews Dr & Westminster Ave	35	1	3	12	13	6
2	Seal Beach Blvd btw Westminster Ave and Apollo Dr	17	0	1	3	6	7
3	Seal Beach Blvd btw Old Ranch Pkwy & North Gate Rd	18	0	0	2	8	8
4	Seal Beach Blvd btw N Gate Rd & Golden Rain Rd	13	0	0	1	7	5
5	Seal Beach Blvd btw Golden Rain Rd & St Andrews Dr	12	0	1	4	4	3
6	Seal Beach Blvd btw Saint Cloud Dr & Old Ranch Pkwy	11	0	1	4	2	4
7	Marina Dr btw 1st St & 5th St	9	0	0	2	3	4
8	Main St btw PCH & Electric Ave	9	0	0	1	2	6
9	Seal Beach Blvd btw Bradbury Rd & Rossmoor Center Way	8	0	0	1	6	1
10	Seal Beach Blvd btw Rossmoor Center Way and Saint Cloud Dr	6	0	0	0	3	3

<sup>\*</sup> Street Segment Ranking Number is based on the number of collisions that occurred on a street segment.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Total Number of Collisions during the 5-year period between January 1, 2019 and December 31, 2023.







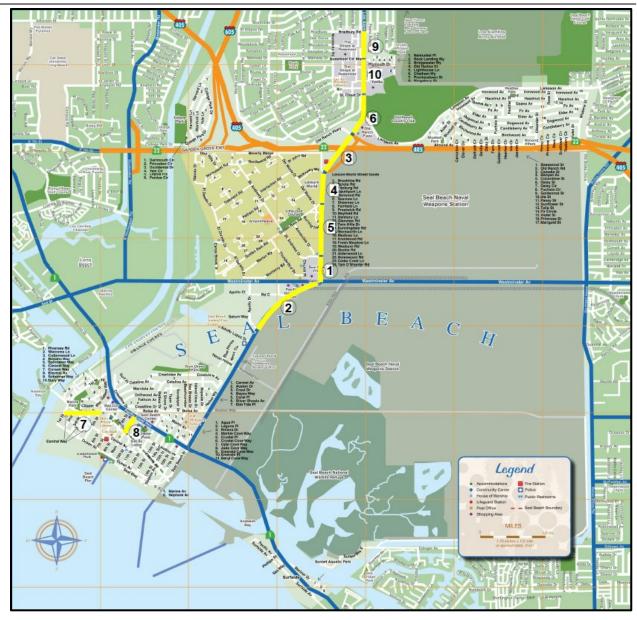


Figure 7-2: City of Seal Beach Top 10 Street Segments Location Map







### 7.7.1 Street Segment 1: Seal Beach Blvd between St Andrews Dr and Westminster Ave

Table 7-21: Segment 1 Number of Collisions and Corresponding **Primary Collision Factor** 

Nun	nber of Collisions	Primary Collision Factor		
	15	Unsafe Turning		
11		Unsafe Speed		
4		Hit and Run		
3		N/A		
2		Crossing Double Yellow		
Total	35			

Pattern: Motorists are not maintaining safe speeds and are turning improperly from the long road segment in all directions.

High Collision Recommendations:

- 1. Restriping Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 2. Restriping Traffic Striping with Paint.
- 3. Install Dynamic Speed Warning Sign with Existing R2-1 (50) Sign.
- 4. Install R81 (CA) Sign.
- 5. Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with Cyclegrip MMAX Green Paint.
- 6. Relocate Existing OCTA Bus Stop at NB NEC of Seal Beach Blvd and Westminster Ave to 220' North of ECR.

## 7.7.2 Street Segment 2: Seal Beach Blvd between Westminster Ave and Apollo Dr

Table 7-22: Segment 2 Number of Collisions and Corresponding Primary Collision Factor

Number of Collisions	Primary Collision Factor		
5	Unsafe Speed		
4	Red Light		
3	Unsafe Turning		
2	N/A		
2	Hit and Run		
1	Unsafe Lane Change		
1	Failure to Stop		
Total 18			

Pattern: Motorists are not maintaining safe speeds and are running red lights.

- 1. Restriping Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 2. Restriping Traffic Striping with Paint.
- 3. Upgrade Signal Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.









- 4. Upgrade to APS Pedestrian Pushbutton, Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.
- Improve Signal Timing (Coordination, Phases, Red, Yellow, Or Operation).
- 6. Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.
- 7. Install Bicycle Video Detection System (VDS) on Mast Arm.
- 8. Install Advanced Dilemma Zone Detection System.
- 9. Install Dynamic Speed Warning Sign with Existing R2-1 (50) Sign.
- 10. Install Dynamic Speed Warning Sign with New R2-1 (50) Sign.
- 11. Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with Cyclegrip MMAX Green Paint.
- 12. Reinstall R81 (CA) Sign.
- 13. Replace Existing D11-1 Sign with R81 (CA) Sign.
- 14. Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).

#### 7.7.3 Street Segment 3: Seal Beach Blvd between Old Ranch Pkwy and North Gate Rd

Table 7-23: Segment 3 Number of Collisions and Corresponding **Primary Collision Factor** 

Number of Collisions	Primary Collision Factor		
6	Unsafe Speed		
3	Failure to Yield		
3	Red Light		
2	Unsafe Turning		
1	Unsafe Backing		
1	Illegal U-Turn		
1	DUI		
1	N/A		
Total 18			

Pattern: Motorists are not maintaining safe speeds at this intersection.

**High Collision Recommendations:** 

- 1. Restriping Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 2. Restriping Traffic Striping with Paint.
- 3. Install Dynamic Speed Warning Sign with New R2-1 (40) Sign.
- 4. Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement

Legend Background with Cyclegrip MMAX Green Paint.

#### 7.7.4 Street Segment 4: Seal Beach Blvd between North Gate Rd and Golden Rain Rd









Table 7-24: Segment 4 Number of Collisions and Corresponding
Primary Collision Factor

Number of Collisions		Primary Collision Factor		
	5	Unsafe Speed		
4		Unsafe Turning Movement		
2		Illegal U-Turn		
1		Unsafe Lane Change		
1		N/A		
Total	13			

Pattern: Motorists are travelling at unsafe speeds and drivers are performing unsafe turning movements.

High Collision Recommendations:

- 1. Restriping Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 2. Restriping Traffic Striping with Paint.
- 3. Install Dynamic Speed Warning Sign with New R2-1 (50) Sign.
- 4. Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with Cyclegrip MMAX Green Paint.

### 7.7.5 Street Segment 5: Seal Beach Blvd between Golden Rain Rd and St Andrews

Table 7-25: Segment 5 Number of Collisions and Corresponding Primary Collision Factor

Number of Collisions		Primary Collision Factor
5		Unsafe Speed
4		Unsafe Lane Change
3		Unsafe Turning
Total	12	

Pattern: Motorists are not maintaining safe speeds as they enter the intersection.

High Collision Recommendations:

- 1. Restriping Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 2. Restriping Traffic Striping with Paint.
- 3. Install Dynamic Speed Warning Sign with Existing R2-1 (50) Sign.
- 4. Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with Cyclegrip MMAX Green Paint.

## 7.7.6 Street Segment 6: Seal Beach Blvd between St Cloud Dr and Old Ranch Pkwy

Table 7-26: Segment 6 Number of Collisions and Corresponding Primary Collision Factor

Filliary Collision Lactor				
Number of Collisions	Primary Collision Factor			









5	Unsafe Speed			
2	Unsafe Turning			
2	Red Light			
1	Hit and Run			
1	N/A			
Total 11				

Pattern: Motorists are not maintaining safe speeds.

**High Collision Recommendations:** 

- 1. Install R4-7 Sign.
- 2. Install OM2-1H (CA) Sign.
- 3. Restriping Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 4. Restriping Traffic Striping with Paint.
- 5. Reconstruct Existing Raised Median (470 LF) South of Lampson Ave on Seal Beach Blvd Per APWA Std.
- 6. Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with Cyclegrip MMAX Green Paint.
- 7. Remove Signs W11-1 and D. Replace with R44 (CA) Sign.
- 8. Install Bike Symbol Legend.

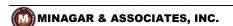
### 7.7.7 Street Segment 7: Marina Dr between 1st St and 5th St

Table 7-27: Segment 7 Number of Collisions and Corresponding
Primary Collision Factor

i illiary comoton i dotor						
Nun	nber of Collisions	Primary Collision Factor				
4		Stop Sign				
3		Unsafe Turning				
2		Unsafe Speed				
Total	9					

Pattern: Motorists are failing to obey the stop sign and performing unsafe turning movements.

- 1. Restriping Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 2. Restriping Traffic Striping with Paint.
- 3. Reinstall Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.
- Install a Street Luminaire with LED Per Caltrans Std.
- 5. Construct Access Ramp Per APWA Std 111-5 with Truncated Domes.
- 6. Upgrade to APS Pedestrian Pushbutton, Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.
- 7. Install Dynamic Speed Warning Sign with R2-1 (30) Sign.









- 8. Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with Cyclegrip MMAX Green Paint.
- 9. Install R81 (CA) Sign.

### 7.7.8 Street Segment 8: Main St between Pacific Coast Highway and Electric Ave

Table 7-28: Segment 8 Number of Collisions and Corresponding **Primary Collision Factor** 

Nun	nber of Collisions	Primary Collision Factor		
5		Unsafe Backing		
2		Unsafe Turning		
2		Failure to Yield		
Total	9			

Pattern: Motorists are performing unsafe backing maneuvers.

High Collision Recommendations:

- 1. Install Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacon (RRFB) with W11-2 Sign, W16-7P Sign, R10-Sign, and APS Pedestrian Pushbutton.
- 2. Install In-Street Pedestrian Crossing Sign R1-6.
- 3. Restriping Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 4. Reinstall Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.
- 5. Restriping Traffic Striping with Paint.
- 6. Reinstall R31 (CA) Sign.
- 7. Reinstall R26 (CA) Sign.

### 7.7.9 Street Segment 9: Seal Beach Blvd between Bradbury Rd and Rossmoor Center Way

Table 7-29: Segment 9 Number of Collisions and Corresponding **Primary Collision Factor** 

Number of Collisions	Primary Collision Factor			
3 Unsafe Speed				
2	Unsafe Turning			
2	Failure to Yield			
1	N/A			
Total 8				

- 1. Install Raised Hardscape Median with Turnouts (~500 LF).
- 2. Install R3-5R Sign.
- 3. Install Dynamic Speed Warning Sign with R2-1 (40) Sign.
- 4. Install Signs R4-7 And OM1-3.









- 5. Restriping Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 6. Restriping Traffic Striping with Paint.
- 7. Install "40 MPH" Legend.
- 8. Upgrade Corners with Proper Radii Per APWA Std Plans Due to Tight Turns.
- 9. Remove Conflict Striping by Wet Sandblasting.
- 10. Extend Lane Line Divider By 7 Ft and Install New Stop Bar and Legend with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 11. Install R6-1 Sign.
- 12. Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with Cyclegrip MMAX Green Paint.

### 7.7.10 Street Segment 10: Seal Beach Blvd between Rossmoor Center Way & St. Cloud Dr

Table 7-30: Segment 10 Number of Collisions and Corresponding **Primary Collision Factor** 

Trimary Complete Lactor				
Number of Collisions		Primary Collision Factor		
3		Unsafe Speed		
2		Red Light		
1		Failure to Yield		
Total	6			

Pattern: Motorists are driving at unsafe speeds.

- 1. Install R6-1 Sign.
- 2. Restriping Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.
- 3. Restriping Traffic Striping with Paint.
- 4. Install OM2-1H (CA) Sign.
- 5. Install Dynamic Speed Warning Sign with Existing R2-1 (40) Sign.
- 6. Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with Cyclegrip MMAX Green Paint.









## **Table 7-31: Action Plan Timeframe Summary**

Intersection/Segment	Location (Where)	Timeframe (When)	Potential Funding Source (How)
Intersection 1	Seal Beach Blvd & Westminster Ave		
Intersection 2	Seal Beach Blvd & N Gate Rd/I 405 On- & Off-Ramps	2025-2027 (Funding/Design)	
Intersection 3	Seal Beach Blvd & Old Ranch Pkwyll-405NB On- & Off-Ramps	2028-2030 (Construction)	
Intersection 4	Seal Beach Blvd & Towne Center Dr		
Intersection 5	Seal Beach Blvd & Lampson Ave	2027-2029 (Funding/Design) 2030+ (Construction)	
Intersection 6	Seal Beach Blvd & Saint Cloud Dr		
Intersection 7	Seal Beach Blvd & Golden Rain Rd		ıaı
Intersection 8	Seal Beach Blvd & Adolfo Lopez Dr	2025-2027 (Funding/Design)	<u> </u>
Intersection 9	Marina Dr & 5th St	2028-2030 (Construction)	
Intersection 10	Central Ave & 8th St		
Intersection 11	Seal Beach Blvd & Saint Andrews Dr		
Intersection 12	Main St & Ocean Ave	2027-2029 (Funding/Design)	ion
Intersection 13	Westminster Ave & Kitts Hwy	2030+ (Construction)	ntation/
Intersection 14	Marina Dr & 1st St	2025-2027 (Funding/Design)	
Intersection 15	Golden Rain Rd & Saint Andrews Dr	2028-2030 (Construction)	Others
Roadway Segment 1	Seal Beach Blvd between St Andrews Dr & Westminster Ave		ırar
Roadway Segment 2	Seal Beach Blvd between Westminster Ave & Apollo Dr	יייין דרחיר זיחרים	
Roadway Segment 3	Seal Beach Blvd between Old Ranch Pkvy & N Gate Rd/I 405 SB On- & Off- Ramps	ZUZ5-ZUZ7 (Funding/Lesign) 2028-2030 (Construction)	<u> </u>
Roadway Segment 4	Seal Beach Blvd between N Gate Rd/I-405 SB On- & Off- Ramps & Golden Rain Rd		
Roadway Segment 5	Seal Beach Blvd between Golden Rain Rd & St Andrews Dr		
Roadway Segment 6	Seal Beach Blvd between St Cloud Dr & Old Ranch Pkwy	2027-2029 (Funding/Design) 2030+ (Construction)	
Roadway Segment 7	Marina Dr between 1st St & 5th St	2025-2027 (Funding/Design)	
Roadway Segment 8	Main St between Pacific Coast Highway & Electric Ave	2028-2030 (Construction)	
Roadway Segment 9	Seal Beach Blvd between Bradbury Rd & Rossmoor Center Way	2027-2029 (Funding/Design) 2030+ (Construction)	
Roadway Segment 10	Seal Beach Blvd between Rossmoor Center Way & St Cloud Dr	2025-2027 (Funding/Design) 2028-2030 (Construction)	







### 8. Progress and Transparency

The City of Seal Beach (City) Safety Action Plan (SAP) serves as a living document that provides a variety of high-level strategies and location-specific safety projects. The SAP can be used in coordination with the neighboring cities as well as the partner agencies and long-range planning efforts. The City staff are well-equipped to oversee SAP implementation and to monitor the progress of SAP identified projects/strategies. The SAP implementation process will be incorporated into City procedures such as CIP planning. Also, to facilitate regional coordination and minimize administrative efforts, City staff may participate in regional transportation safety committees organized by Caltrans - District 12, Orange County Transportation Authority (OCTA) and Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG). Additionally. The City, as a municipal corporation and the recipient of Federal grant funding for the SAP, is also committed to, at a minimum, annual public and accessible reporting on progress toward reducing roadway fatalities and serious injuries, and public posting of the SAP online via the City's website.

The following sections describe future actions to keep this living document current and relevant to City's needs.

### 8.1 Implementation Progress

The City's safety focused departments including Public Works and Police departments, Marine Safety and Naval Weapons Station will meet once a quarter to discuss SAP new recommendations, project updates, and other strategies. These meetings will ensure ongoing transparency and will incorporate, as applicable, the following elements:

- · Review public concerns and requests,
- · Additional new safety initiatives that have recently been identified,
- · Grant funding application opportunities, and
- Ongoing implementation updates from the SAP.

Further, input obtained during public outreach efforts for transportation planning or projects should be discussed during the Technical Committee meetings.

Additional activities that the City will consider to progress the SAP include:

- Coordinate with area residents, partner agencies, and stakeholders for data collection, public outreach, and shared analyses (i.e., Leisure World and the Naval Weapons Station).
- Evaluate funding opportunities to pursue grants at the regional, state, and federal levels.
- Leverage capital project efforts to accelerate overlapping SAP identified elements.
- Use data-driven processes to prioritize projects and implementation strategies.

Finally, the City will develop a high-level dashboard for tracking progress as SAP implementation occurs. This dashboard can also be used to share data and implementation progress with the public and key stakeholders.











#### 8.2 Data Maintenance

The City will endeavor to coordinate with California Highway Patrol (for SWITRS & CCRS), University of California at Berkeley (for TIMS), SCAG (for HIN) and adjacent jurisdictions to update the crash and equity data associated with the SAP each year.

### 8.3 Transparency & Reporting

Regular documentation and reporting on the SAP implementation progress is helpful for its longterm success and educational impact. As needed, documentation will be prepared for external funding opportunities, City department meetings, public outreach, and other implementation activities. The SAP is posted on the City's website, and the City will evaluate the best manner in which to present the dashboard displaying progress towards the SAP goals (reducing roadway fatalities and serious injuries) in a public and accessible report updated annually as part of the City's budget process. The full version of the current publicly posted SAP can be viewed at: https://www.sealbeachca.gov/Departments/Public-Works/Traffic-Transportation







### 9. Action Plan

At each of the aforementioned focus high collision intersections and street segments/corridors, the collision patterns have been evaluated and countermeasures to those patterns have been developed through a preliminary conceptual plan and the preliminary cost of those measures has been estimated. This section of this report summarizes those results.

This Local Safety Plan is funded through a Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP) grant from the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans). HSIP grant funding is prioritized and awarded based on the grant funding's economic effectiveness, which is established by a benefit to cost ratio. For the HSIP Cycle 12 call for projects, the minimum Benefit to Cost Ratio is 3.5. A summary of the benefit to cost ratios is provided in this section. Project cost estimates, as of December 16, 2024, are calculated on a line-item basis using the Caltrans Contract Cost Database. In some cases, recent construction bids and benefit values are calculated based on Caltrans established countermeasure values. A summation of the total construction cost as of December 16, 2024, of all intersections and road segments are displayed at the end of the report.

Depending on the City's priorities, it is highly recommended that multiple projects as provided below are grouped into one HSIP application to maximize potential funding allocations. It is also highly recommended that since each funding source has a different cycle length and/or application deadline, multiple sources to be explored to maximize the outcome in order to be able to secure funding and implement and construct the safety projects.







## 9.1 Focus (High Collision) Intersections

#### Intersection 1: Seal Beach Blvd & Westminster Ave 9.1.1

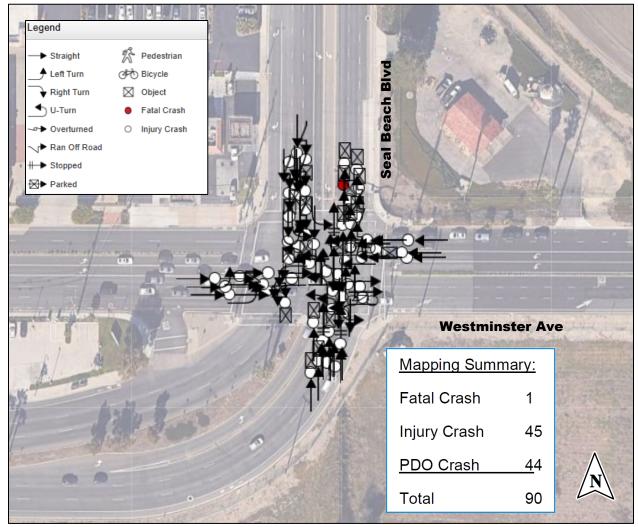


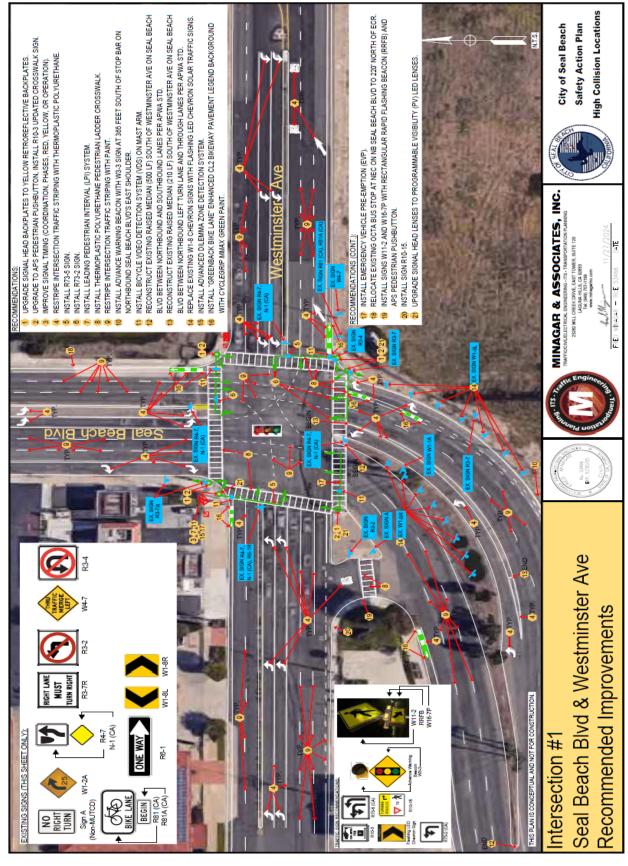
Figure 9-1: Intersection 1 Crash Diagram (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)

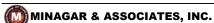
Source: University of California, Berkeley Transportation Injury Mapping System (TIMS) \*Collision Locations are approximate due to the size and overlapping of collisions \*\*PDO crashes includes non-injury crashes if applicable

















### 9.1.1.1 Intersection 1 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

#### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-1: Intersection 1 Cost Estimate** 

No.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity	Unit Cost		Total
	Upgrade Signal Head Backplates To Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.	EA	20	\$ 878.	0 \$	17,560.00
2A	Upgrade To APS Pedestrian Pushbutton.	EA	8	\$ 2,000.		16,000.00
2B	Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.	EA	8		0 \$	4,784.00
	Improve Signal Timing (Coordination, Phases, Red, Yellow, Or Operation).	LS	1	\$ 10,000.		10,000.00
	Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping With Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	LF	3,000		0 \$	7,800.00
	Thermoplastic Legends	SF	630	\$ 5.4		3,439.80
	Install R73-5 Sign.	EA	2	\$ 598.		1,196.00
	Install R73-2 Sign.	EA	1	\$ 598.		598.00
	Install Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) System.	EA	1	\$ 7,000.	0 \$	7,000.00
	Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.	Ŀ	450	\$ 5.4		2,457.00
9	Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping With Paint.	LF	900	\$ 3.6	5 \$	3,285.00
10	Install Advance Warning Beacon With W3-3 Sign At 365 Feet South Of Stop Bar On Northbound Seal Beach Blvd's East Shoulder.	EA	1	\$ 17,500.	0 \$	17,500.00
11	Install Bicycle Video Detection System (VDS) On Mast Arm.	EA	4	\$ 20,000.	0 \$	80,000.00
12	Reconstruct Existing Raised Median (500 LF) South Of Westminster Ave On Seal Beach Blvd Between Northbound And Southbound Lanes Per APWA Std.	SF	6,000	\$ 36.		216,000.00
	Reconstruct Existing Raised Median (210 LF) South Of Westminster Ave On Seal Beach Blvd Between Northbound Left Turn Lane And Through Lanes Per APWA Std.	SF	630	\$ 35.0	0 \$	22,050.00
14	Replace Existing W1-8 Chevron Signs With Flashing LED Chevron Solar Traffic Signs.	EA	16	\$ 4,500.	0 \$	72,000.00
15	Install Advanced Dilemma Zone Detection System.	LS	1	\$ 25,000.	0 \$	25,000.00
16	Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background With Cycle MMX Green Paint.	SF	180	\$ 14.0	0 \$	2,520.00
17	Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).	EA	1	\$ 15,000.	0 \$	15,000.00
	Relocate Existing OCTA Bus Stop At NEC On NB Seal Beach Blvd To 220' North of ECR.	EA	1	\$ 17,600.0	0 \$	17,600.00
	Install Signs W11-2 and W16-7P.	EA	1	\$ 1,196.0	0 \$	1,196.00
19B	Install Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacon (RRFB).	EA	1	\$ 15,000.0	0 \$	15,000.00
	Install APS Pedestrian Pushbutton.	EA	1	\$ 2,000.	0 \$	2,000.00
	Install Sign R10-15.	EA	1	\$ 598.	0 \$	598.00
21	Upgrade Signal Head Lenses To Programmable Visibility (PV) LED Lenses.	EA	38	\$ 2,153.0	0 \$	81,814.00
				To	tal \$	642,397.80
						· ·
	Tota	I Consti	ruction Cost:	S		642,397.80
	Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Tota	I Constr	ruction Cost:	20%	S	128,479.56
	Total Construction Cost (Inclu					770,877.36
						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

#### **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$770,877.36 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$32,269,848 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 41.86.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 441.86, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

Itemized Benefits		
Safety	\$32,221,966	
Travel Time	\$43,510	
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$3,938	
Emissions	\$435	
Total Benefits	\$32,269,848	

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit			
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$770,877		
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$32,269,848		
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$31,498,971		
Benefit / Cost Ratio	41.86		









#### 9.1.2 Intersection 2: Seal Beach Blvd & North Gate Rd/Caltrans I-405 SB On-Off Ramps

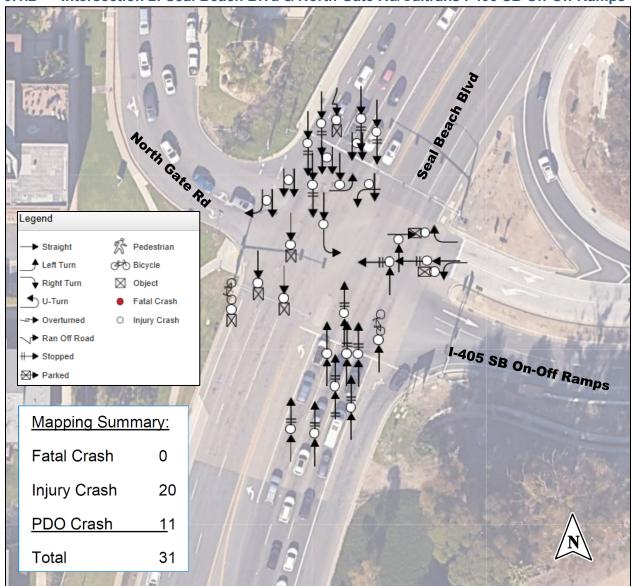


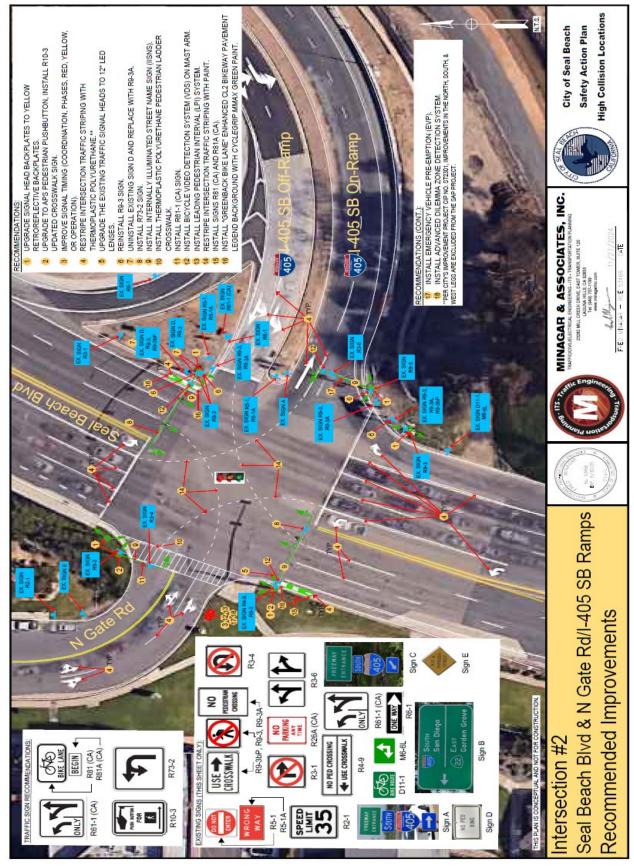
Figure 9-2: Intersection 2 Crash Diagram (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)

Source: University of California, Berkeley Transportation Injury Mapping System (TIMS) \*Collision Locations are approximate due to the size and overlapping of collisions \*\*PDO crashes includes non-injury crashes if applicable















### 9.1.2.1 Intersection 2 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

#### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-2: Intersection 2 Cost Estimate** 

No.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity	Unit Cost		Total
1	Upgrade Signal Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.	EA	17	\$ 878.00	\$	14,926.00
2A	Upgrade To APS Pedestrian Pushbutton.	EA	2	\$ 2,000.00	\$	4,000.00
2B	Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.	EA	2	\$ 598.00	\$	1,196.00
3	Improve Signal Timing (Coordination, Phases, Red, Yellow).	LS	1	\$ 10,000.00	\$	10,000.00
4A	Restripe Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	LF	1,750	\$ 2.60	\$	4,550.00
4B	Thermoplastic Legends	SF	320	\$ 5.46	\$	1,747.20
5	Upgrade The Existing Traffic Signal Heads To 12" LED Lenses.	EA	3	\$ 717.00	\$	2,151.00
6	Reinstall R9-3 Sign.	EA	3	\$ 598.00	\$	1,794.00
7	Uninstall Existing Sign D And Replace with R9-3A.	EA	2	\$ 650.00	\$	1,300.00
8	Install R73-2 Sign.	EA	2	\$ 598.00	\$	1,196.00
9	Install Internally Illuminated Street Name Sign (IISNS).	EA	4	\$ 1,580.00	\$	6,320.00
10	Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.	LF	70	\$ 5.46	\$	382.20
11	Install R61-1 (CA) Sign.	EA	1	\$ 598.00	\$	598.00
12	Install Bicycle Video Detection System (VDS) On Mast Arm.	EA	3	\$ 2,000.00	\$	6,000.00
13	Install Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) System.	EA	1	\$ 7,000.00	\$	7,000.00
14	Restriping Intersection Traffic Striping With Paint.	LF	1,900	\$ 3.65	\$	6,935.00
15	Install Signs R81 (CA) And R81A (CA).	EA	2	\$ 598.00	\$	1,196.00
16	Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with CycleGrip MMAX Green Paint.	SF	90	\$ 14.00	\$	1,260.00
17	Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).	EA	1	\$ 15,000.00	\$	15,000.00
18	Install Dynamic Dilemma Zone Protection.	LS	1	\$ 25,000.00	\$	25,000.00
				Total	\$	87,551.40
	***************************************					
	Total Construction Cost			\$		87,551.40
	Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total Construction Cost			20%	\$	17,510.28
Total Construction Cost (Including Contingencies): \$			\$		105,061.68	

#### **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$105,062 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$4,731,107 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 45.03.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 45.03, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

Itemized Benefits		
Safety	\$4,714,870	
Travel Time	\$14,536	
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$1460	
Emissions	\$241	
Total Benefits	\$4,731,107	

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit	
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$105,062
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$4,731,107
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$4,626,045
Benefit / Cost Ratio	45.03









#### 9.1.3 Intersection 3: Seal Beach Blvd & Old Ranch Pkwy

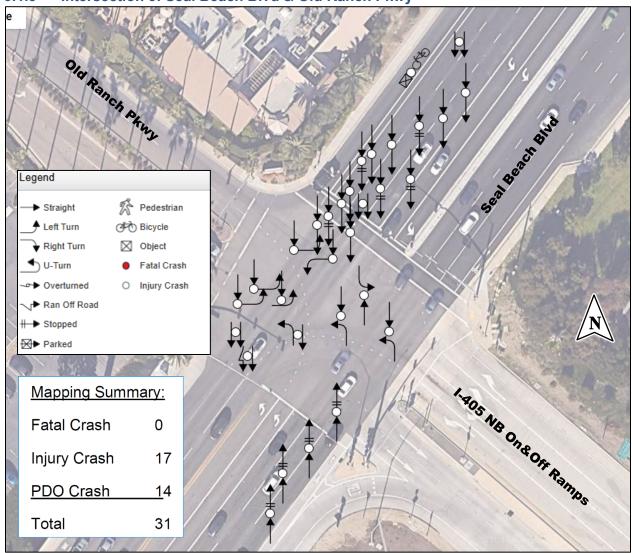
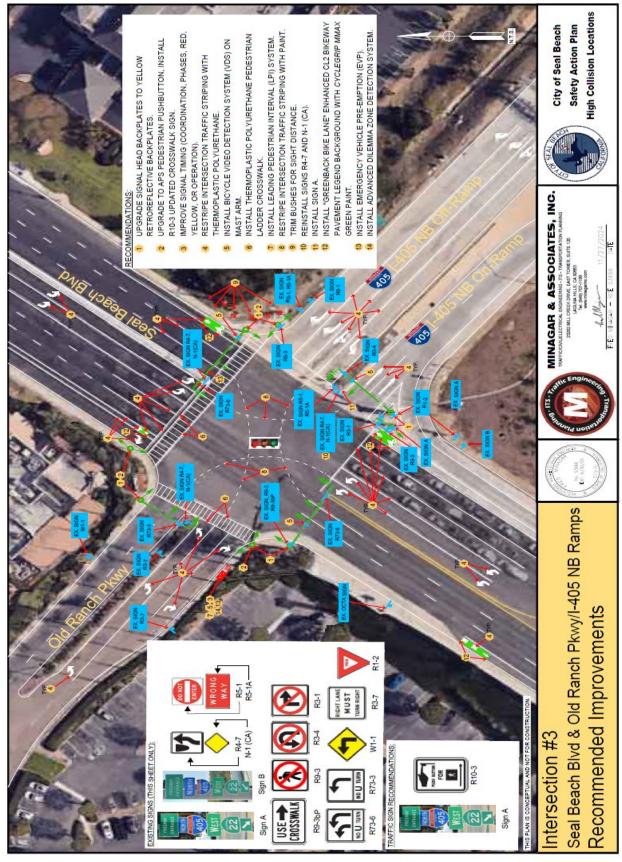


Figure 9-3: Intersection 3 Crash Diagram (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)















## 9.1.3.1 Intersection 3 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-3: Intersection 3 Cost Estimate** 

No.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity	Unit Cost	Total
1	Upgrade Signal Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.	EA	21	\$ 878.00	\$ 18,438.00
2A	Upgrade To APS Pedestrian Pushbutton	EA	4	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 8,000.00
2B	Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.	EA	4	\$ 598.00	\$ 2,392.00
3	Improve Signal Timing (Coordination, Phases, Red, Yellow).	LS	1	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
4A	Restripe Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	LF	2,900	\$ 2.60	\$ 7,540.00
4B	Thermoplastic Legends	SF	520	\$ 5.46	\$ 2,839.20
5	Install Bicycle Video Detection System (VDS) On Mast Arm.	EA	2	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 40,000.00
6	Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.	LF	250	\$ 5.46	\$ 1,365.00
7	Install Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) System.	EA	1	\$ 7,000.00	\$ 7,000.00
8	Restripe Intersection Traffic Striping with Paint.	LF	3,400	\$ 3.65	\$ 12,410.00
9	Trim Bushes for Sight Distance.	LS	1	\$ 750.00	\$ 750.00
10	Reinstall Signs R4-7 And N-1 (CA).	EA	2	\$ 598.00	\$ 1,196.00
11	Install Sign A.	EA	6	\$ 598.00	\$ 3,588.00
12	Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with CycleGrip MMAX Green Paint.	SF	180	\$ 14.00	\$ 2,520.00
13	Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).	EA	1	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 15,000.00
14	Install Dynamic Dilemma Zone Protection.	LS	1	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 25,000.00
				Total	\$ 133,038.20
Total Construction Cost: \$				133,038.20	
	Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total Construction Cost: 20% \$			\$ 26,607.64	
	Total Construction Cost (Including	g Contir	gencies):	\$	159,645.84

## **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$159,646 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$4,654,092 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 29.15.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 29.15, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

Itemized Benefits				
Safety	\$4,638,120			
Travel Time	\$14,299			
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$1,436			
Emissions	\$234			
Total Benefits	\$4,654,092			

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit					
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$159,646				
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$4,654,092				
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$4,494,446				
Benefit / Cost Ratio	29.15				









#### 9.1.4 Intersection 4: Seal Beach Blvd & Towne Center Dr

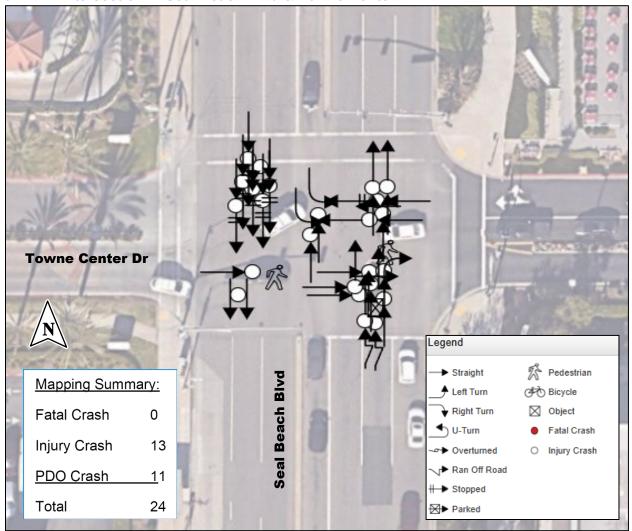
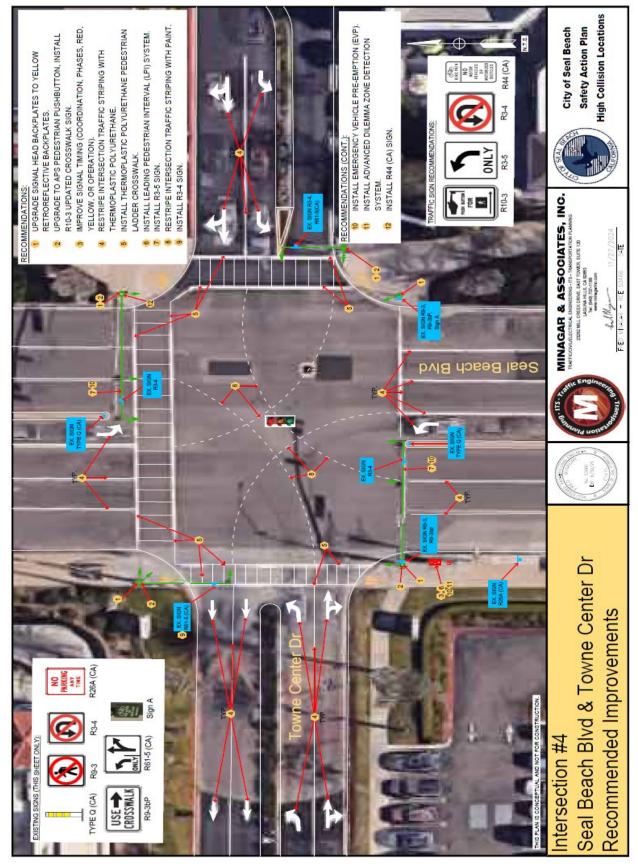


Figure 9-4: Intersection 4 Crash Diagram (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)















# 9.1.4.1 Intersection 4 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

#### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-4: Intersection 4 Cost Estimate** 

No.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity		Unit Cost	Total
1	Upgrade Signal Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.	EA	12	\$	878.00	\$ 10,536.00
2A	Upgrade To APS Pedestrian Pushbutton	EA	6	\$	2,000.00	\$ 12,000.00
2B	Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.	EA	6	\$	598.00	\$ 3,588.00
3	Improve Signal Timing (Coordination, Phases, Red, Yellow).	LS	1	\$	10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
4A	Restripe Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	LF	1,050	\$	2.60	\$ 2,730.00
4B	Thermoplastic Legends	SF	290	\$	5.46	\$ 1,583.40
5	Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.	LF	200	\$	5.46	\$ 1,092.00
6	Install Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) System.	EA	1	\$	7,000.00	\$ 7,000.00
7	Install R3-5 Sign.	EA	2	\$	598.00	\$ 1,196.00
8	Restripe Intersection Traffic Striping With Paint.	LF	2,800	\$	3.65	\$ 10,220.00
9	Install R3-4 Sign.	EA	1	\$	598.00	\$ 598.00
10	Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).	EA	2	\$	15,000.00	\$ 30,000.00
11	Install Dynamic Dilemma Zone Protection.	LS	1	\$	25,000.00	\$ 25,000.00
					Total	\$ 115,543.40
	Total Construction Cosi					115,543.40
	Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total Construction Cost				20%	\$ 23,108.68
	Total Construction Cost (Including	g Contir	gencies):	\$		138,652.08

## **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$138,652 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$6,950,284 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 50.13.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 50.13, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

Itemized Benefits					
Safety	\$6,930,257				
Travel Time	\$17,877				
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$1,815				
Emissions	\$336				
Total Benefits	\$6,950,284				

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit					
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$138,652				
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$6,950,284				
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$6,811,632				
Benefit / Cost Ratio	50.13				











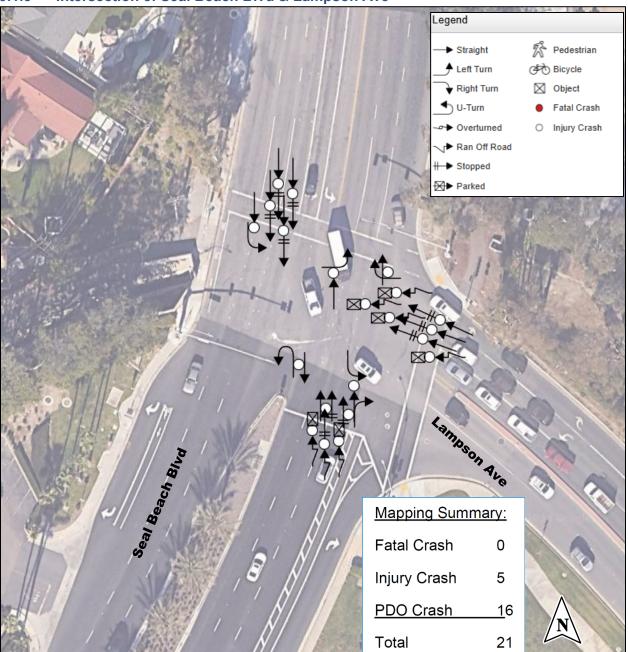


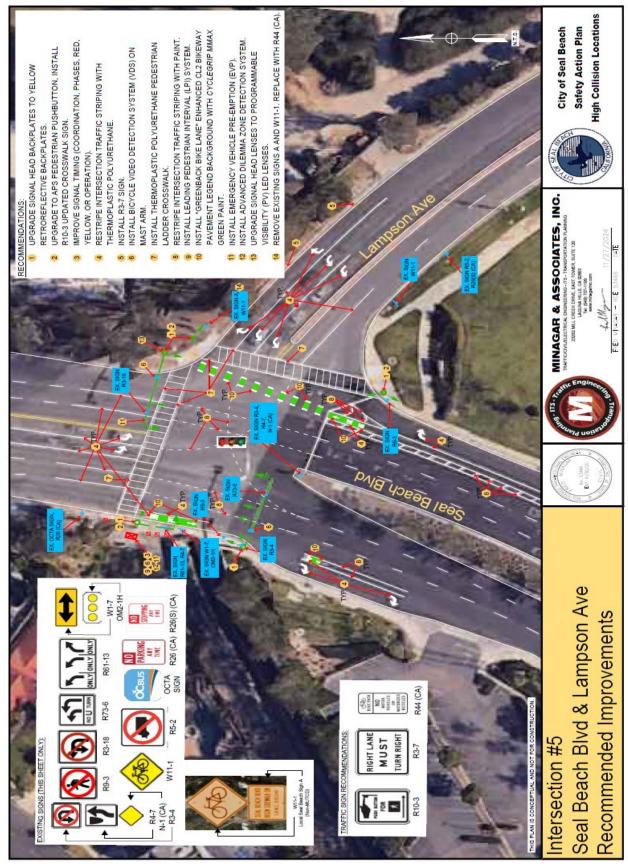
Figure 9-5: Intersection 5 Crash Diagram

(January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)















# 9.1.5.1 Intersection 5 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-5: Intersection 5 Cost Estimate** 

No.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity	Unit Cost	Total
1	Upgrade Signal Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.	EA	13	\$ 878.00	\$ 11,414.00
2A	Upgrade To APS Pedestrian Pushbutton.	EA	4	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 8,000.00
2B	Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.	EA	4	\$ 598.00	\$ 2,392.00
3	Improve Signal Timing (Coordination, Phases, Red, Yellow).	LS	1	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
4A	Restripe Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	LF	1,310	\$ 2.60	\$ 3,406.00
4B	Thermoplastic Legends	SF	260	\$ 5.46	\$ 1,419.60
5	Install R3-7 Sign.	EA	2	\$ 598.00	\$ 1,196.00
6	Install Bicycle Video Detection System (VDS) On Mast Arm.	EA	2	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 40,000.00
7	Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.	EA	250	\$ 5.46	\$ 1,365.00
8	Restripe Intersection Traffic Striping with Paint.	LF	3,500	\$ 3.65	\$ 12,775.00
9	Install Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) System.	LS	1	\$ 7,000.00	\$ 7,000.00
10	Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with CycleGrip MMAX Green Paint.	SF	135	\$ 14.00	\$ 1,890.00
11	Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).	EA	1	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 15,000.00
12	Install Dynamic Dilemma Zone Protection.	LS	1	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 25,000.00
13	Upgrade Signal Head Lenses To Programmable Visibility (PV) LED Lenses.	EA	11	\$ 2,153.00	\$ 23,683.00
				Total	\$ 164,540.60
	Total C	onstruc	tion Cost:	\$	164,540.60
Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total Construction Cost:				20%	\$ 32,908.12
	Total Construction Cost (Including	Contir	aencies):	\$	197.448.72

#### **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$197,449 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$3,686,744 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 18.67.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 18.67, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

Itemized Benefits					
Safety	\$3,674,115				
Travel Time	\$11,332				
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$1,145				
Emissions	\$153				
Total Benefits	\$3,686,744				

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit					
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$197,449				
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$3,686,744				
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$3,489,296				
Benefit / Cost Ratio	18.67				









#### Intersection 6: Seal Beach Blvd & Saint Cloud Dr 9.1.6

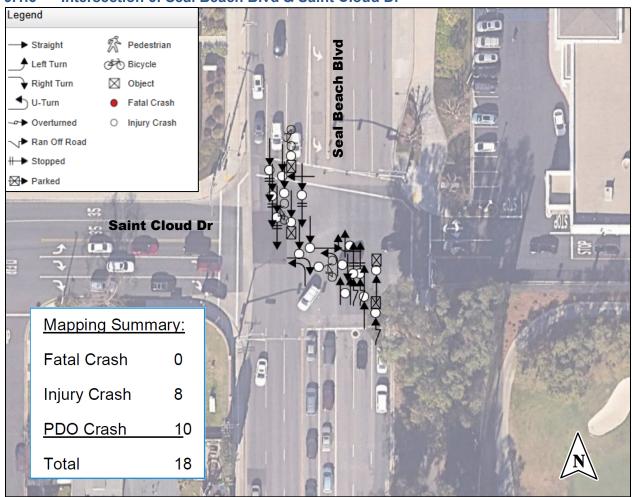


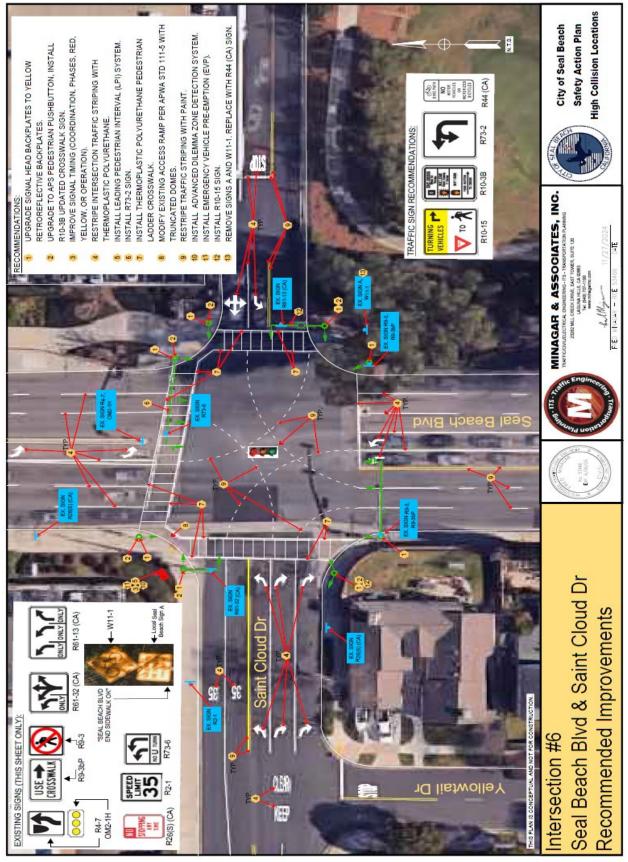
Figure 9-6: Intersection 6 Crash Diagram

(January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)















# 9.1.6.1 Intersection 6 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-6: Intersection 6 Cost Estimate** 

No.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity	Unit Cost		Total
1	Upgrade Signal Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.	EA	16	\$ 878.00	\$	14,048.00
2A	Upgrade To APS Pedestrian Pushbutton.	EA	6	\$ 2,000.00	\$	12,000.00
2B	Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.	EA	6	\$ 598.00	\$	3,588.00
3	Improve Signal Timing (Coordination, Phases, Red, Yellow).	LS	1	\$10,000.00	\$	10,000.00
4A	Restripe Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	LF	830	\$ 2.60	\$	2,158.00
4B	Thermoplastic Legends	SF	380	\$ 5.46	\$	2,074.80
5	Install Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) System.	EA	1	\$ 7,000.00	\$	7,000.00
6	Install R73-2 Sign.	EA	1	\$ 598.00	\$	598.00
7	Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.	EA	250	\$ 5.46	\$	1,365.00
8	Modify Existing Access Ramp Per APWA Std 111-5 With Truncated Domes.	LS	1	\$ 7,000.00	\$	7,000.00
9	Restripe Traffic Striping with Paint.	LF	1,900	\$ 3.65	\$	6,935.00
10	Install Advanced Dilemma Zone Detection System.	EA	1	\$ 25,000.00	\$	25,000.00
11	Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).	EA	2	\$ 15,000.00	\$	30,000.00
12	Install Sign R10-15.	EA	2	\$ 598.00	\$	1,196.00
				Tota	al \$	122,962.80
	Total Construction Cost:					122,962.80
	Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total Construction Cost:			20%	\$	24,592.56
	Total Construction Cost (Including Contingencies):					147,555.36

### **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$147,555 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$2,398,405 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 16.25.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 16.25, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

Itemized Benefits					
Safety	\$2,387,954				
Travel Time	\$9,400				
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$931				
Emissions	\$121				
Total Benefits	\$2,398,405				

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit					
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$147,555				
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$2,398,405				
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$2,250,850				
Benefit / Cost Ratio	16.25				









#### 9.1.7 Intersection 7: Seal Beach Blvd & Golden Rain Rd

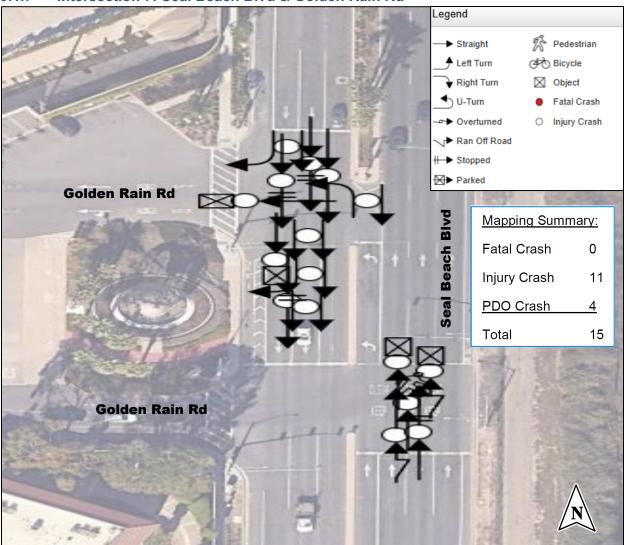


Figure 9-7: Intersection 7 Crash Diagram

(January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)















## 9.1.7.1 Intersection 7 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

#### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-7: Intersection 7 Cost Estimate** 

No.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity	Unit Cost		Total
1	Upgrade Signal Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.	EA	26	\$ 878.00	\$	22,828.00
2A	Upgrade To APS Pedestrian Pushbutton.	EA	4	\$ 2,000.00	\$	8,000.00
2B	Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.	EA	4	\$ 598.00	\$	2,392.00
3	Improve Signal Timing (Coordination, Phases, Red, Yellow).	LS	1	\$ 10,000.00	\$	10,000.00
	Restripe Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	LF	900	\$ 2.60	\$	2,340.00
4B	Thermoplastic Legends	SF	940	\$ 5.46	\$	5,132.40
5	Install Vehicle Speed Feedback Sign.	EA	1	\$ 15,000.00	\$	15,000.00
6	Install R5-1 Sign.	EA	1	\$ 598.00	\$	598.00
	Install Bicycle Video Detection System (VDS) On Mast Arm.	EA	4	\$ 20,000.00	\$	80,000.00
8	Reinstall Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Zebra Crosswalk.	LF	160	\$ 5.46	\$	873.60
	Install Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) System.	LS	1	\$ 7,000.00	\$	7,000.00
	Upgrade To Programmable Traffic Signal Head Indication For Northbound Direction.	EA	3	\$ 2,153.00	\$	6,459.00
	Upgrade Signal Head Lenses To LED.	EA	36	\$ 717.00	\$	25,812.00
	Upgrade Signal Head Lenses To Programmable Visibility (PV) LED Lenses.	EA	18	\$ 2,153.00	\$	38,754.00
13	Install R3-7 Sign.	EA	1	\$ 598.00	\$	598.00
14	Restripe Traffic Striping With Paint.	LF	2,400	\$ 3.65	\$	8,760.00
15	Install Advanced Dilemma Zone Detection System.	LS	1	\$ 25,000.00	\$	25,000.00
16	Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background With CycleGrip MMAX Green Paint.	SF	135	\$ 14.00	\$	1,890.00
17	Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).	EA	3	\$ 15,000.00	\$	45,000.00
				Total	\$	306,437.00
	Total Construction Cos			\$		306,437.00
Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total Construction Cost			tion Cost:	20%	\$	61,287.40
					367,724.40	

### **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$367,724 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$9,515,960 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 25.88.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 25.88, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

	Itemized Benefits
Safety	\$9,481,718
Travel Time	\$31,070
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$3,000
Emissions	\$172
Total Benefits	\$9,515,960

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit					
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$367,724				
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$9,515,960				
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$9,148,236				
Benefit / Cost Ratio	25.88				









#### Intersection 8: Seal Beach Blvd & Adolfo Lopez Dr 9.1.8

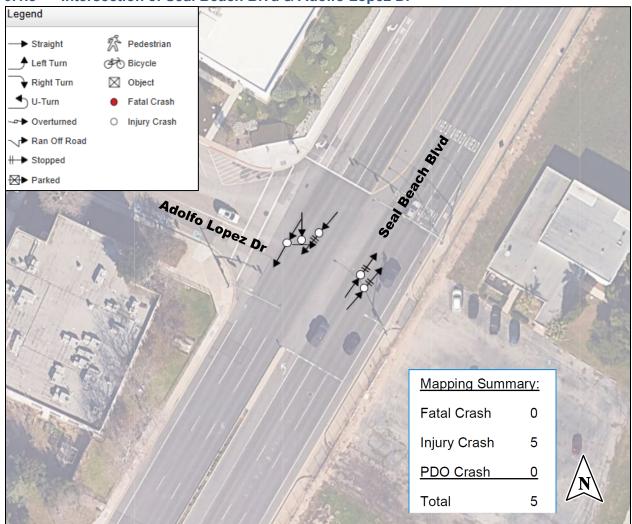


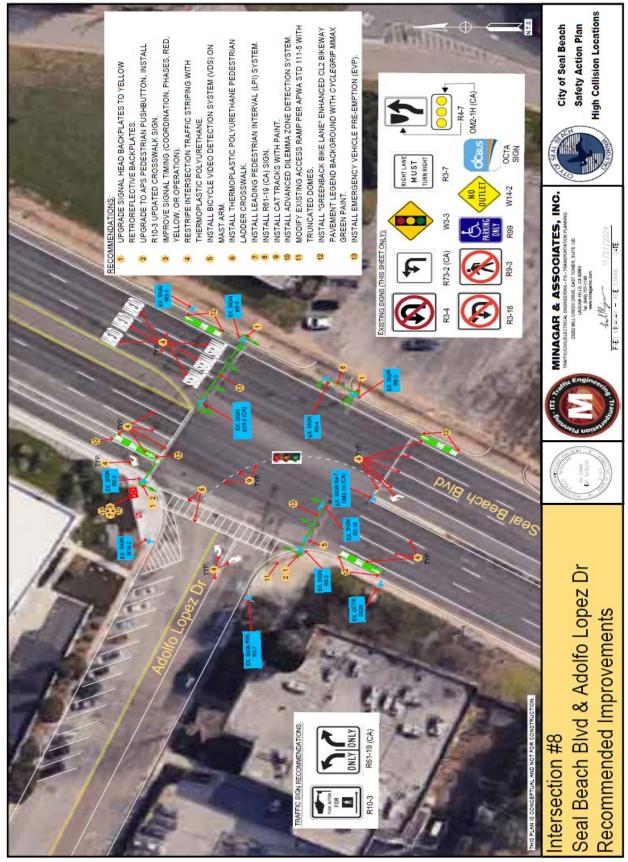
Figure 9-8: Intersection 8 Crash Diagram

(January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)















## 9.1.8.1 Intersection 8 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-8: Intersection 8 Cost Estimate** 

No.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity	U	Init Cost	Total
1	Upgrade Signal Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.	EA	10	\$	878.00	\$ 8,780.00
2A	Upgrade To APS Pedestrian Pushbutton.	EA	2	\$	2,000.00	\$ 4,000.00
2B	Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.	EA	2	\$	598.00	\$ 1,196.00
3	Improve Signal Timing (Coordination, Phases, Red, Yellow).	LS	1	\$	10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
4A	Restripe Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane	LF	700	\$	2.60	\$ 1,820.00
4B	Thermoplastic Legends	SF	440	\$	5.46	\$ 2,402.40
5	Install Bicycle Video Detection System (VDS) On Mast Arm.	EA	1	\$	20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
6	Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.	EA	100	\$	5.46	\$ 546.00
7	Install Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) System.	LS	1	\$	7,000.00	\$ 7,000.00
8	Install R61-19 (CA) Sign.	EA	1	\$	598.00	\$ 598.00
9	Install Cat Tracks with Paint.	LF	125	\$	3.65	\$ 456.25
10	Install Advanced Dilemma Zone Detection System.	LS	1	\$	25,000.00	\$ 25,000.00
11	Modify Existing Access Ramp Per APWA Std 111-5 With Truncated Domes.	LS	1	\$	7,000.00	\$ 7,000.00
12	Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background With CycleGrip MMAX Green Paint.	SF	180	\$	14.00	\$ 2,520.00
13	Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).	EA	2	\$	15,000.00	\$ 30,000.00
					Total	\$ 121,318.65
	Total C	onstruc	tion Cost:	\$		121,318.65
	Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total Construction Cos				20%	\$ 24,263.73
	Total Construction Cost (Including Contingencies			\$		145,582.38

### **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$145,582 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$9,685,810 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 66.53.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 66.53, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

Itemized Benefits					
Safety	\$9,671,155				
Travel Time	\$13,276				
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$1,378				
Emissions	\$0				
Total Benefits	\$9,685,810				

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit					
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$145,582				
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$9,685,810				
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$9,540,227				
Benefit / Cost Ratio	66.53				









#### Intersection 9: Marina Dr & 5th Street 9.1.9



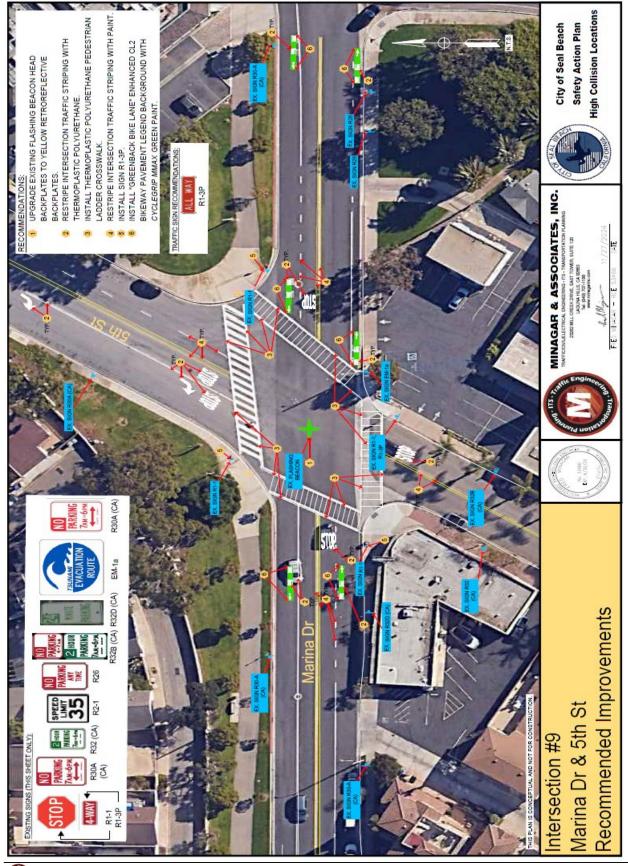
Figure 9-9: Intersection 9 Crash Diagram

(January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)















# 9.1.9.1 Intersection 9 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

#### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-9: Intersection 9 Cost Estimate** 

No.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity	Ur	nit Cost		Total
1	Upgrade Existing Flashing Beacon Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.	EA	4	\$	878.00	\$	3,512.00
2A	Restripe Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	LF	200	\$	2.60	\$	520.00
2B	Thermoplastic Legends	SF	260	\$	5.46	\$	1,419.60
3	Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.	LF	240	\$	5.46	\$	1,310.40
4	Restripe Intersection Traffic Striping with Paint.	LF	1,000	\$	3.65	\$	3,650.00
5	Install Sign R1-3P.	EA	3	\$	598.00	\$	1,794.00
6	Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with CycleGrip MMAX Green Paint.	SF	270	\$	14.00	\$	3,780.00
					Total	\$ 1	5,986.00
	Total Construction Cost:			\$		1	5,986.00
	Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total Construction Cost:				20%	\$	3,197.20
					9.183.20		

## **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$19,183 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$983,983 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 51.29.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 51.29, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

Itemized Benefits				
Safety	\$982,398			
Travel Time	\$1,415			
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$147			
Emissions	\$23			
Total Benefits	\$983,983			

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit					
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$19,183				
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$983,983				
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$964,800				
Benefit / Cost Ratio	51.29				









#### Intersection 10: Central Ave & 8th Street 9.1.10



Figure 9-10: Intersection 10 Crash Diagram

(January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)















# 9.1.10.1 Intersection 10 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-10: Intersection 10 Cost Estimate** 

No.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity	Unit Cost	Total
1	Install LED Flashing Stop Sign.	EA	2	\$ 4,500.00	\$ 9,000.00
2	Install W4-4P Sign.	EA	2	\$ 598.00	\$ 1,196.00
3	Trim Trees For Sign Visibility.	LS	1	\$ 750.00	\$ 750.00
4	Restripe Intersection Legends With Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	SF	45	\$ 2.60	\$ 117.00
5	Restripe Intersection Traffic Striping With Paint.	LF	200	\$ 3.65	\$ 730.00
6	Reinstall Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.	LF	120	\$ 5.46	\$ 655.20
7A	Install Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacon (RRFB) on Existing W11-2, W16-7P Signpost.	EA	2	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 30,000.00
7B	Install APS Pedestrian Pushbutton on Existing W11-2, W16-7P Signpost.	EA	2	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 4,000.00
				Total	\$ 46,448.20
Total Construction Cost: \$				\$	46,448.20
	Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total Construction Cost: 20% \$				\$ 9,289.64
	Total Construction Cost (Including	g Contir	ngencies):	\$	55,737.84

#### **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$55,738 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$645,750 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 11.59.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 11.59, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

	Itemized Benefits
Safety	\$643,739
Travel Time	\$1,783
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$185
Emissions	\$43
Total Benefits	\$645,750

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit				
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$55,738			
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$645,750			
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$590,012			
Benefit / Cost Ratio	11.59			









#### Intersection 11: Seal Beach Blvd & Saint Andrews Dr 9.1.11

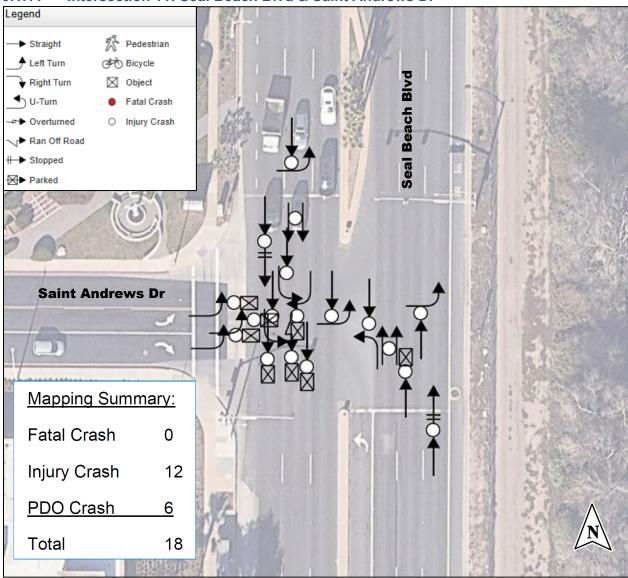
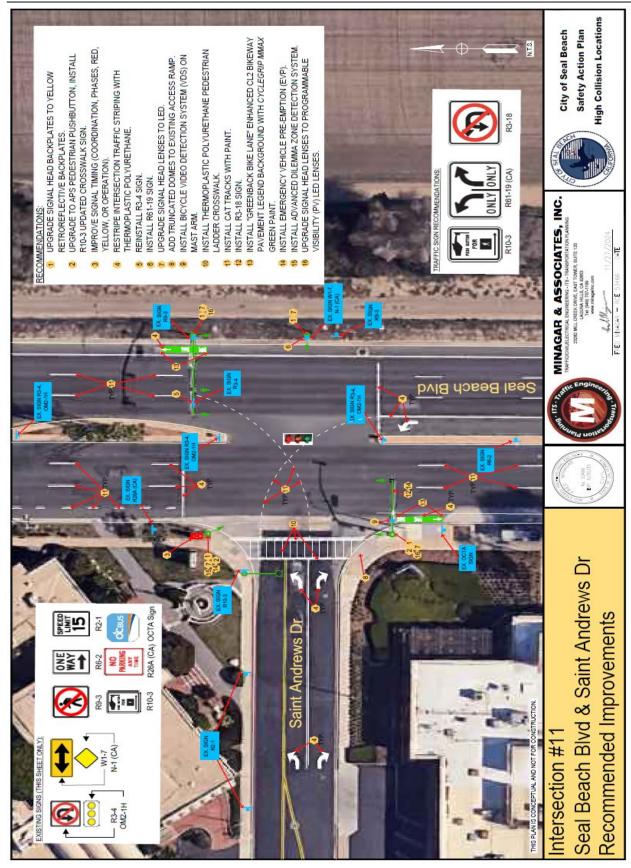


Figure 9-11: Intersection 11 Crash Diagram (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)















## 9.1.11.1 Intersection 11 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-11: Intersection 11 Cost Estimate** 

No.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity	Unit Cost		Total
1	Upgrade Signal Head Backplates To Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.	EA	7	\$ 878.00	S	6,146.00
2A	Upgrade To APS Pedestrian Pushbutton	EA	2	\$ 2,000.00	S	4,000.00
2B	Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.	EA	2	\$ 598.00	\$	1,196.00
3	Improve Signal Timing (Coordination, Phases, Red, Yellow).	LS	1	\$ 10,000.00	\$	10,000.00
4A	Restripe Intersection Traffic Striping With Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	LF	400	\$ 2.60	\$	1,040.00
	Thermoplastic Legends	SF	120	\$ 5.46	\$	655.20
5	Reinstall R3-4 Sign.	EA	1	\$ 598.00	\$	598.00
6	Install R61-19 Sign.	EA	1	\$ 598.00	\$	598.00
	Upgrade Signal Head Lenses To LED.	EA	21	\$ 717.00	\$	15,057.00
8	Add Trun cated Domes To Existing Access Ramp.	LS	1	\$ 605.00	\$	605.00
9	Install Bicycle Video Detection System (VDS) On Mast Arm.	EA	1	\$ 20,000.00	\$	20,000.00
10	Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crossvalk.	LF	80	\$ 5.46	\$	436.80
11	Install Cat Tracks With Paint.	LF	1,300	\$ 3.65	\$	4,745.00
12	Install R3-18 Sign.	EA	1	\$ 598.00	\$	598.00
13	Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background With CycleGrip MMAX Green Paint.	SF	90	\$ 14.00	\$	1,260.00
	Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).	EA	1	\$ 15,000.00	\$	15,000.00
	Install Dynamic Dilemma Zone Protection.	LS	1	\$ 25,000.00	S	25,000.00
16	Upgrade Signal Head Lenses To Programmable Visibility (PV) LED Lenses.	EA	5	\$ 2,153.00	\$	10,765.00
				Tota	I S	117,700.00
	Total	Constru	ction Cost:	\$		117,700.00
	Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total	Constru	ction Cost:	20%	S	23,540.00
	Total Construction Cost (Includi	ng Conti	ngencies):	\$		141,240.00

## **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$141,240.00 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$3,805,599 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 26.94.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 26.94, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

	Itemized Benefits
Safety	\$3,795,736
Travel Time	\$8,858
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$902
Emissions	\$103
Total Benefits	\$3,805,599

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit					
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$141,240				
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$3,805,599				
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$3,664,359				
Benefit / Cost Ratio	26.94				









#### Intersection 12: Main Street & Ocean Ave 9.1.12



Figure 9-12: Intersection 12 Crash Diagram

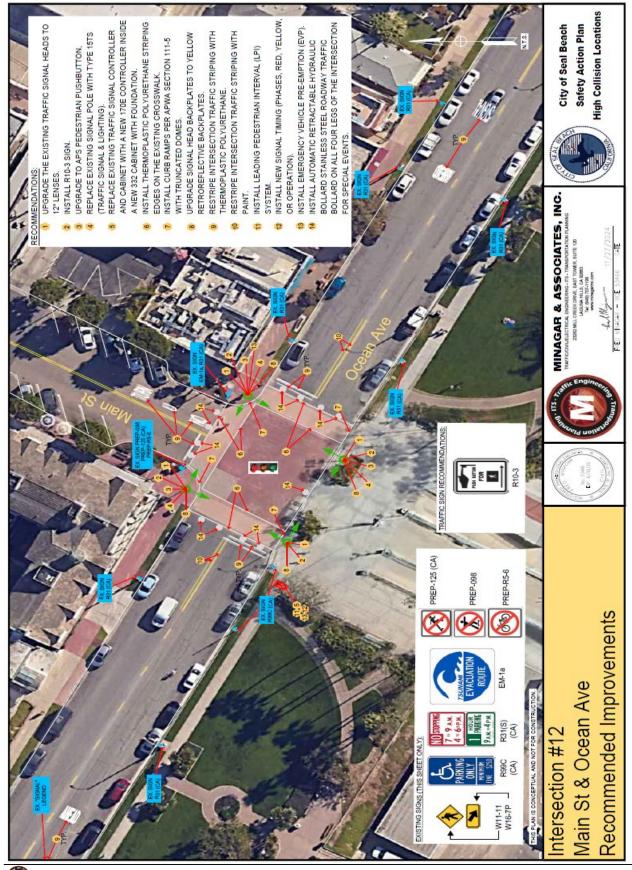
(January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)

















## 9.1.12.1 Intersection 12 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

#### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-12: Intersection 12 Cost Estimate** 

No.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity	Unit Cost		Total
1	Upgrade The Existing Traffic Signal Heads To 12" Lenses.	EA	24	\$ 717.00	\$	17,208.00
2	Install R10-3 Sign.	EA	4	\$ 598.00	\$	2,392.00
3	Upgrade To APS Pedestrian Pushbutton.	EA	4	\$ 2,000.00	\$	8,000.00
4	Replace Existing Signal Pole with Type 15TS (Traffic Signal & Lighting).	LS	3	\$ 12,500.00	\$	37,500.00
5	Replace Existing Traffic Signal Controller and Cabinet With A New 170E Controller Inside A New 332 Cabinet With Foundation.	LS	1	\$21,300.00	\$	21,300.00
6	Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Striping Edges on The Existing Crosswalk.	LF	170	\$ 2.60	\$	442.00
7	Install Curb Ramps Per APWA Section 111-5 With Truncated Domes.	LS	4	\$ 7,000.00	\$	28,000.00
8	Upgrade Signal Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.	EA	8	\$ 878.00	\$	7,024.00
9A	Restripe Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	LF	150	\$ 2.60	\$	390.00
9B	Thermoplastic Legends	SF	185	\$ 5.46	\$	1,010.10
10	Restripe Intersection Traffic Striping with Paint.	LF	300	\$ 3.65	\$	1,095.00
11	Install Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) System.	LS	1	\$ 7,000.00	\$	7,000.00
12	Install New Signal Timing (Phases, Red, Yellow, Or Operation).	LS	1	\$ 10,000.00	\$	10,000.00
13	Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).	EA	1	\$ 15,000.00	\$	15,000.00
14	Install Automatic Retractable Hydrolic Bollard Stainless Steel Roadway Traffic Bollard on All Four Legs of the Intersection For Special Events.	EA	13	\$ 13,700.00	\$ 1	178,100.00
				Total	\$ 3	334,461.10
	Total C	Construc	tion Cost:	\$	3	334,461.10
	Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total C	Construc	tion Cost:	20%	\$	66,892.22
	Total Construction Cost (Including	g Contir	ngencies):	\$		401,353.32

### **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$401,353 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$1,402,901 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 3.50.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 3.50, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

	Itemized Benefits
Safety	\$1,396,860
Travel Time	\$5,392
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$541
Emissions	\$108
Total Benefits	\$1,402,901

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit				
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$401,353			
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$1,402,901			
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$1,001,548			
Benefit / Cost Ratio	3.50			









#### **Intersection 13: Westminster Ave & Kitts Highway** 9.1.13

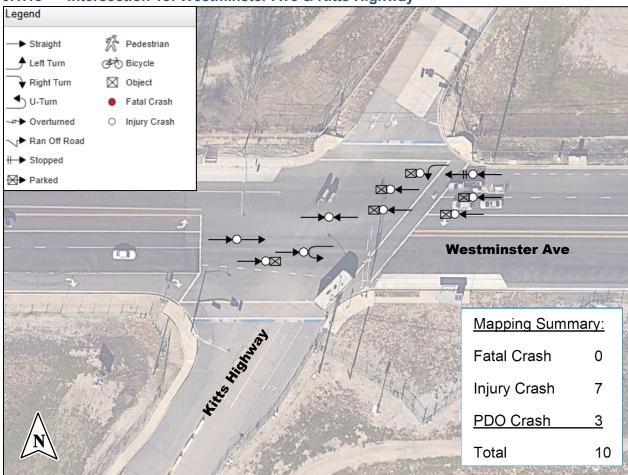


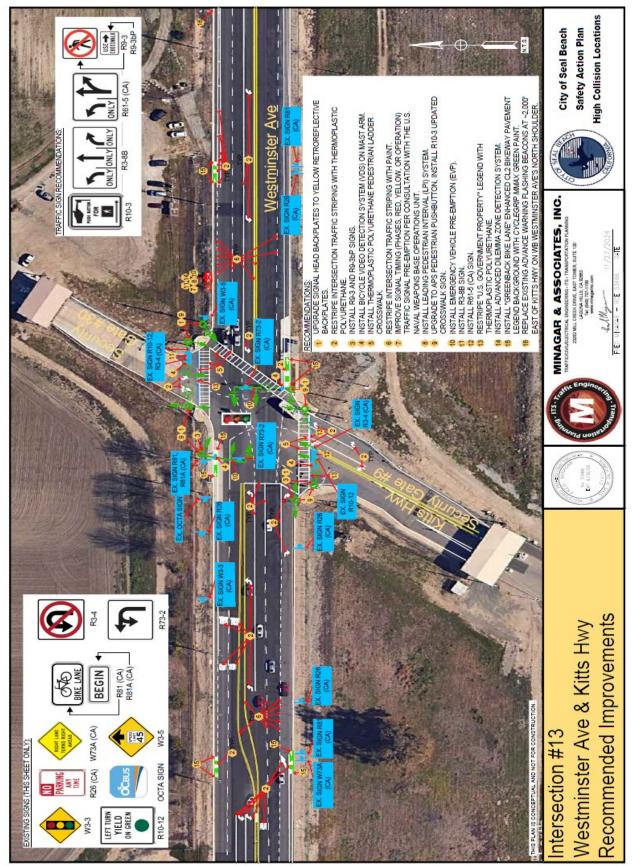
Figure 9-13: Intersection 13 Crash Diagram

(January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)















# 9.1.13.1 Intersection 13 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-13: Intersection 13 Cost Estimate** 

No. Item Description	Unit	Quantity	Unit Cost		Total
1 Upgrade Signal Head Backplates to Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.	EA	17	\$ 878.00	\$	14,926.00
2A Restripe Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	LF	1100	\$ 2.60	\$	2,860.00
ZB Thermoplastic Legends	SF	610	\$ 5.46	\$	3,330.60
3 Install R9-3 And R9-3bP Signs.	EA	6	\$ 598.00	\$	3,588.00
4 Install Bicycle Video Detection System (VDS) On Mast Arm.	EA	2	\$ 20,000.00	\$	40,000.00
5 Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.	LF	300	\$ 5.46	\$	1,638.00
6 Restripe Intersection Traffic Striping with Paint.	LF	4,000	\$ 3.65	\$	14,600.00
7 Improve Signal Timing (Phases, Red, Yellow, Or Operation) Traffic Signal Pre-Emption Per Consultation with The U.S. Naval Weapons Base Operations Unit.	LS	1	\$ 15,000.00	-	15,000.00
8 Install Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) System.	LS	1	\$ 7,000.00	\$	7,000.00
9A Upgrade To APS Pedestrian Pushbutton.	EA	6	\$ 2,000.00	\$	12,000.00
9B Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.	EA	6	\$ 598.00	\$	3,588.00
10 Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).	EA	2	\$ 15,000.00	\$	30,000.00
11 Install R3-8B Sign.	EA	1	\$ 598.00	\$	598.00
12 Install R61-5 (CA) Sign.	EA	1	\$ 598.00	\$	598.00
13 Restripe "U.S. Government Property" Legend with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	SF	90	\$ 3.60	\$	324.00
14 Install Advanced Dilemma Zone Detection System.	LS	1	\$ 25,000.00	\$	25,000.00
15 Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background With CycleGrip MMAX Green Paint.	SF	225	\$ 14.00	\$	3,150.00
16 Replace Existing Advance Warning Flashing Beacons at ~2,000' East Of Kitts Hwy On Westbound Westminster Ave's North Shoulder.	EA	2	\$ 17,000.00	\$	34,000.00
			Tota	1 \$	212,200.60
Total	Construc	tion Cost:	\$		212,200.60
Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total	Construc	tion Cost:	20%	\$	42,440.12
					254.640.72

### **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$254,641 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$3,293,570 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 12.93.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 12.93, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

	Itemized Benefits
Safety	\$3,288,442
Travel Time	\$4,651
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$459
Emissions	\$18
Total Benefits	\$3,293,570

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit					
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$254,641				
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$3,293,570				
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$3,038,9329				
Benefit / Cost Ratio	12.93				









#### Intersection 14: Marina Dr & 1st Street 9.1.14

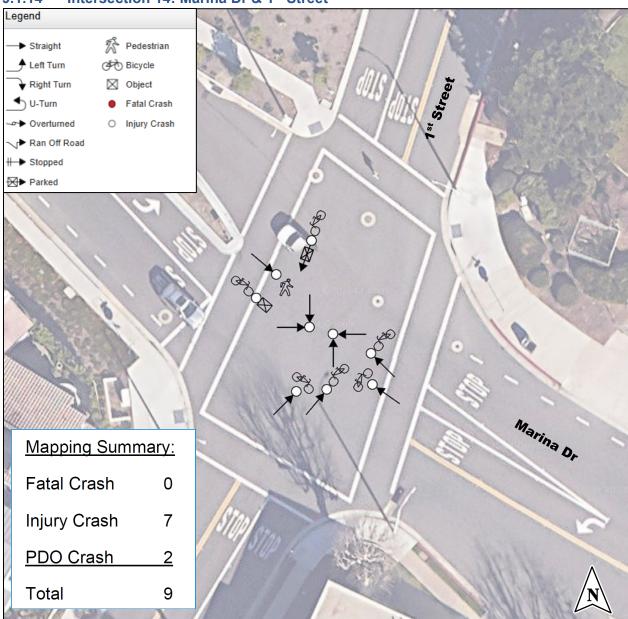
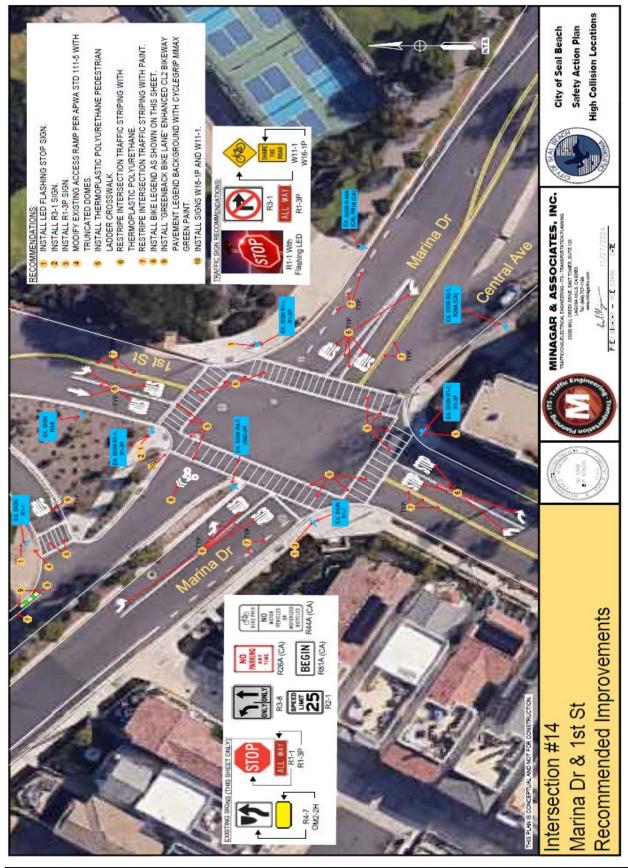


Figure 9-14: Intersection 14 Crash Diagram (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)















# 9.1.14.1 Intersection 14 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

#### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-14: Intersection 14 Cost Estimate** 

No.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity		Unit Cost		Total
1	Install LED Flashing Stop Sign.	EA	5	\$	4,680.00	\$	23,400.00
2	Install R3-1 Sign.	EA	1	\$	598.00	\$	598.00
3	Install R1-3P Sign.	EA	1	\$	598.00	\$	598.00
4	Modify Existing Access Ramp Per APWA Std 111-5 With Truncated Domes.	LS	1	\$	7,000.00	\$	7,000.00
5	Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.	LF	240	\$	5.46	\$	1,310.40
6A	Restripe Intersection Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	LF	500	\$	2.60	\$	1,300.00
6B	Thermoplastic Legends	SF	310	\$	5.46	\$	1,692.60
7	Restripe Intersection Traffic Striping with Paint.		800	\$	3.65	\$	2,920.00
					Total	\$	38,819.00
	·						
	Total Construction Cost: \$					38,819.00	
	Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total Construction Cost: 20% \$					\$	7,763.80
						46,582.80	

## **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$46,583 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$1,415,028 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 30.38.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 30.38, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

Itemized Benefits					
Safety	\$1,412,484				
Travel Time	\$2,268				
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$233				
Emissions	\$42				
Total Benefits	\$1,415,028				

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit					
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$46,583				
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$1,415,028				
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$1,368,445				
Benefit / Cost Ratio	30.38				









#### Intersection 15: Golden Rain Rd & St Andrews Dr 9.1.15

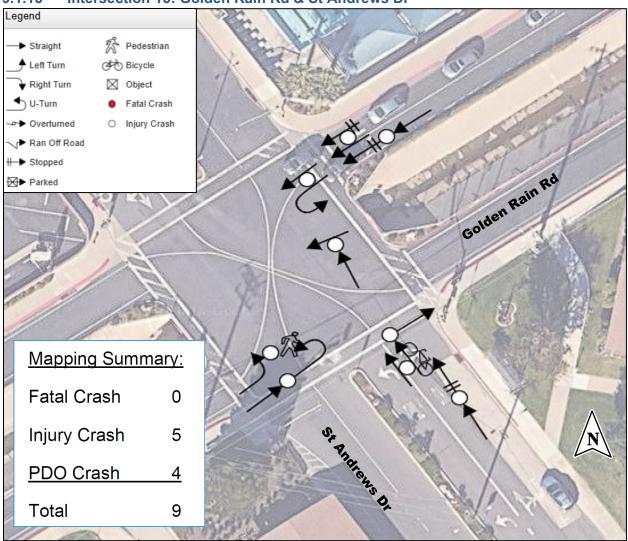
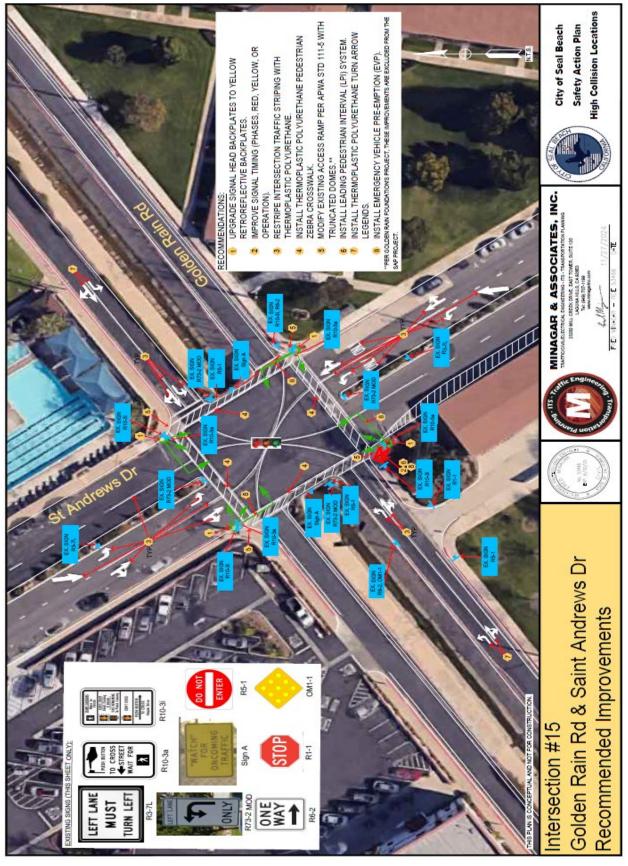


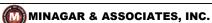
Figure 9-15: Intersection 15 Crash Diagram (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)

















# 9.1.15.1 Intersection 15 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-15: Intersection 15 Cost Estimate** 

No.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity		Unit Cost		Total
1	Upgrade Signal Head Backplates To Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.	EA	11	\$	878.00	\$	9,658.00
2	Improve Signal Timing (Phases, Red, Yellow, Or Operation).	LS	1	\$	10,000.00	\$	10,000.00
3A	Restripe Intersection Traffic Striping With Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	LF	700	\$	2.60	\$	1,820.00
3B	Reinstall Thermoplastic Legends	SF	465	\$	5.46	\$	2,538.90
3C	3C Restripe Traffic Striping With Paint		2000	\$	3.65	\$	7,300.00
4	Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Zebra Crosswalk.	LF	320	\$	5.46	\$	1,747.20
5	Modify Existing Access Ramp Per APWA Std 111-5 With Truncated Domes.*	LS	4	\$	7,000.00	\$	28,000.00
6	Install Leading Pedestrian Interval (LPI) System.	LS	1	\$	7,000.00	\$	7,000.00
7	Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Turn Arrow Legends.	SF	84	\$	5.46	\$	458.64
8	Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).	EA	3	\$	15,000.00	\$	45,000.00
					Total	\$	113,522.74
	Total Construction Cost						113,522.74
	Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total Construction Cost:				20%	\$	22,704.55
	Total Construction Cost (Includin	g Conti	ngencies):	\$			136,227.29

#### **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$136,227 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$1,348,458 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 9.90.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 9.90, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

	Itemized Benefits
Safety	\$1,343,724
Travel Time	\$4,254
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$428
Emissions	\$52
Total Benefits	\$1,348,458

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit					
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$136,227				
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$1,348,458				
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$1,212,231				
Benefit / Cost Ratio	9.90				









# 9.2 High Collision Street Segments

#### 9.2.1 Street Segment 1: Seal Beach Blvd between St Andrews Dr and Westminster Ave

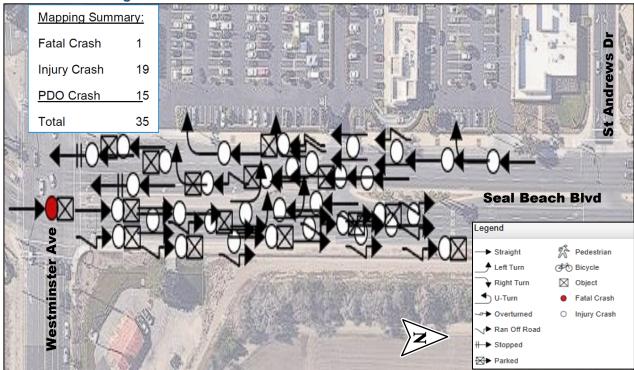


Figure 9-16: Street Segment 1 Crash Diagram (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)

















# 9.2.1.1 Street Segment 1 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-16: Street Segment 1 Cost Estimate** 

_	Table 0 101 Gardet Gog mont 1 Goot Louine			_		_	
No.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity	U	nit Cost		Total
1	See Intersection #1.	-		\$	-	\$	-
2	See Intersection #11.	-		\$	-	\$	
3A	Restripe Traffic Striping With Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	LF	0			\$	-
3B	Thermoplastic Legends	SF	420	\$	5.46	\$	2,293.20
4	Restripe Traffic Striping With Paint.	LF	0			\$	-
5	Install Dynamic Speed Warning Sign With Existing R2-1 (50) Sign.	EA	1	\$1	5,000.00	\$	15,000.00
6	Install R81 (CA) Sign.	EA	1	\$	598.00	\$	598.00
7	Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background With CycleGrip MMAX Green Paint.	SF	90	\$	14.00	\$	1,260.00
					Total	\$	19,151.20
	Total Construction Cost. \$ 1					19,151.20	
	Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total Construction Cost: 20% \$ 3,83					3,830.24	
					22,981.44		

### **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$22,981 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$1,361,189 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 59.23.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 59.23, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

Itemized Benefits					
Safety	\$1,355,443				
Travel Time	\$5,148				
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$512				
Emissions	\$87				
Total Benefits	\$1,361,189				

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit					
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$22,981				
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$1,361,189				
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$1,338,208				
Benefit / Cost Ratio	59.23				









#### Street Segment 2: Seal Beach Blvd between Westminster Ave and Apollo Dr 9.2.2

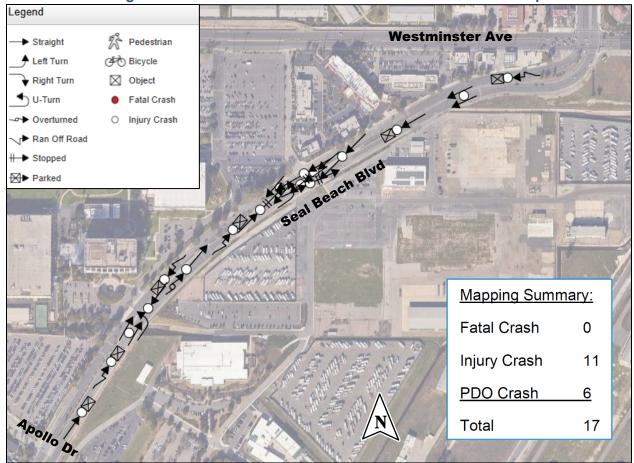
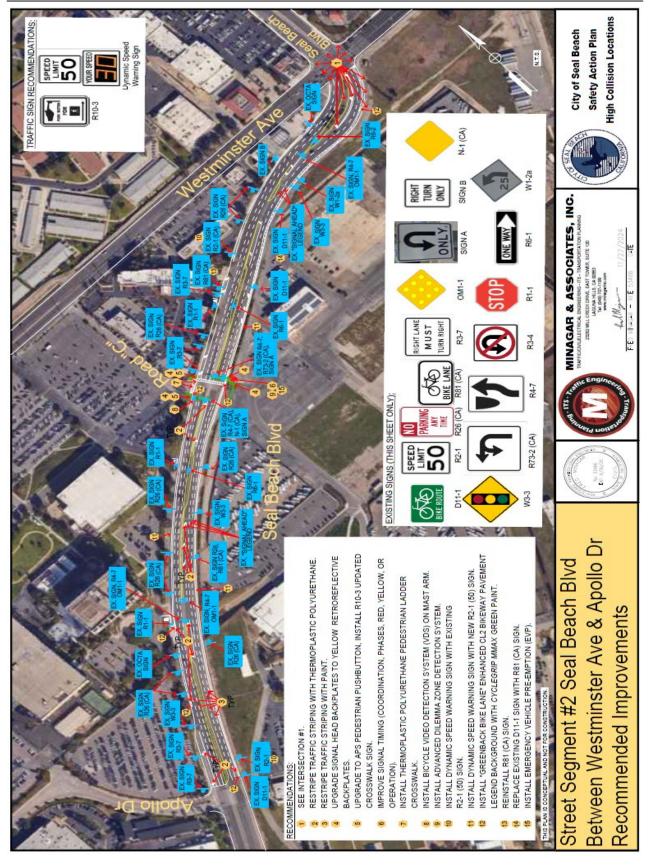


Figure 9-17: Street Segment 2 Crash Diagram (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)

















# 9.2.2.1 Street Segment 2 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-17: Street Segment 2 Cost Estimate** 

Vo.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity	Unit Cost	Total
1	See Intersection #1.	-			\$ -
2	Restripe Traffic Striping With Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	EA	600	\$ 2.60	\$ 1,560.00
3A	Restripe Traffic Striping With Paint.	LF	19,300	\$ 3.65	\$ 70,445.00
3B	Thermoplastic Legends	SF	620	\$ 5.46	\$ 3,385.20
4	Upgrade Signal Head Backplates To Yellow Retroreflective Backplates.	EA	13	\$ 878.00	\$ 11,414.00
5A	Upgrade To APS Pedestrian Pushbutton.	EA	2	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 4,000.00
5B	Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.	EA	4	\$ 598.00	\$ 2,392.00
6	Improve Signal Timing (Coordination, Phases, Red, Yellow, Or Operation).	LS	1	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
7	Install Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.	LF	170	\$ 5.46	\$ 928.20
8	Install Bicycle Video Detection System (VDS) On Mast Arm.	EA	1	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
9	Install Advanced Dilemma Zone Detection System.	LS	1	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 25,000.00
10	Install Dynamic Speed Warning Sign With Existing R2-1 (50) Sign.	EA	2	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 30,000.00
11	Install Dynamic Speed Warning Sign With New R2-1 (50) Sign.	EA	3	\$ 15,878.00	\$ 47,634.00
12	Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background With CycleGrip MMAX Green Paint.	SF	270	\$ 14.00	\$ 3,780.00
13	Reinstall R81 (CA) Sign.	EA	1	\$ 598.00	\$ 598.00
14	Replace Existing D11-1 Sign With R81 (CA) Sign.	EA	1	\$ 598.00	\$ 598.00
15	Install Emergency Vehicle Pre-Emption (EVP).	EA	1	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 15,000.00
				Total	\$ 246,734.40
	Total C	Construc	tion Cost:	\$ 	246,734.40
	Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total C	Construc	tion Cost:	20%	\$ 49,346.88
	Total Construction Cost (Includin	ng Contin	ngencies):	\$	296,081.28

### **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$296,081 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$1,761,931 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 5.95.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 5.95, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

Itemized Benefits					
Safety	\$1,756,452				
Travel Time	\$4,923				
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$491				
Emissions	\$65				
Total Benefits	\$1,761,931				

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit					
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$296,081				
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$1,761,931				
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$1,465,850				
Benefit / Cost Ratio	5.95				









#### 9.2.3 Street Segment 3: Seal Beach Blvd between Old Ranch Pkwy and North Gate Rd

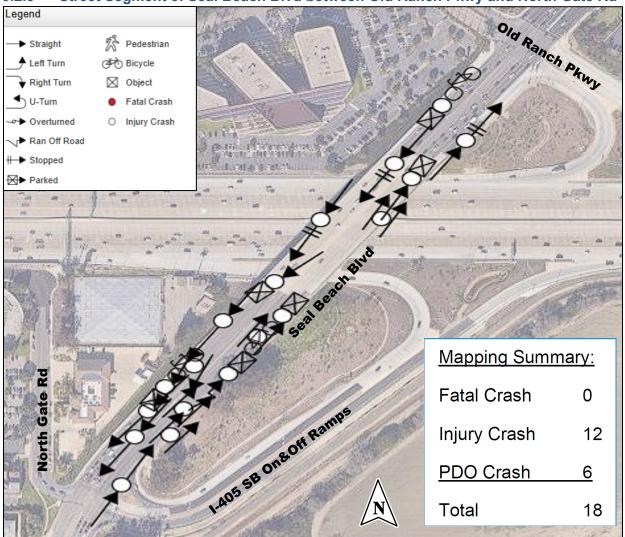


Figure 9-18: Street Segment 3 Crash Diagram (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)















# 9.2.3.1 Street Segment 3 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-18: Street Segment 3 Cost Estimate** 

No.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity	Unit Cost	Total
1	See Intersection #2.	-			\$ -
2	See Intersection #3.	-			\$ -
3A	Restripe Traffic Striping With Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	LF	0		\$ -
3B	Thermoplastic Legends	SF	220	\$ 5.46	\$ 1,201.20
4	Restripe Traffic Striping With Paint.	LF	11,400	\$ 3.65	\$ 41,610.00
5	Install Dynamic Speed Warning Sign With New R2-1 (40) Sign.	EA	2	\$ 15,598.00	\$ 31,196.00
6	Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background With CycleGrip MMAX Green Paint.	SF	45	\$ 14.00	\$ 630.00
				Total	\$ 74,637.20
	Total Construction Cost:				
	Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total Construction Cost:				
	Total Construction Cost (Includi	ng Conti	ngencies):	\$	89,564.64

### **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$89,565 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$1,264,142 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 14.11.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 14.11, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

Itemized Benefits					
Safety	\$1,258,396				
Travel Time	\$5,148				
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$512				
Emissions	\$87				
Total Benefits	\$1,264,142				

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit					
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$89,565				
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$1,264,142				
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$1,174,577				
Benefit / Cost Ratio	14.11				









#### 9.2.4 Street Segment 4: Seal Beach Blvd between North Gate Rd and Golden Rain Rd

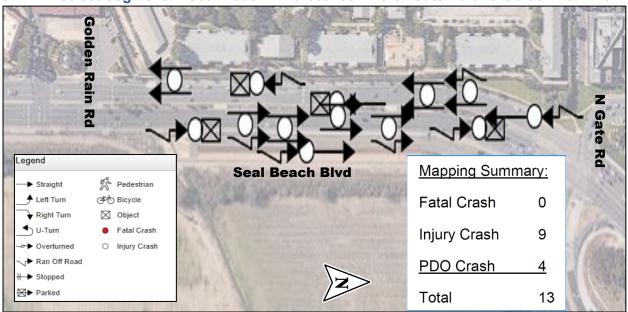


Figure 9-19: Street Segment 4 Crash Diagram (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)















# 9.2.4.1 Street Segment 4 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

#### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-19: Street Segment 4 Cost Estimate** 

No. Item Description Unit Quantity  1 See Intersection #2	Unit Cost	Total \$ - \$ -		
2 See Intersection #7		•		
		\$ -		
3A Restripe Traffic Striping With Thermoplastic Polyurethane.				
	1	\$ -		
B Thermoplastic Legends SF 210		\$ 1,146.60		
4 Restripe Traffic Striping With Paint.		\$ -		
5 Install Dynamic Speed Warning Sign With New R2-1 (50) Sign.		\$ 31,196.00		
8 Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background With <i>CycleGrip MMAX</i> Green Paint. SF 45		\$ 630.00		
	Tota	\$ 32,972.60		
Total Construction Cos	:: \$	32,972.60		
Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total Construction Cos	20%	\$ 6,594.52		
Total Construction Cost (Including Contingencies): \$				

### **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$39,567 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$960,191 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 24.27.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 24.27, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

	Itemized Benefits
Safety	\$955,931
Travel Time	\$3,804
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$381
Emissions	\$76
Total Benefits	\$960,191

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit				
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$39,567			
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$960,191			
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$920,624			
Benefit / Cost Ratio	24.27			









#### 9.2.5 Street Segment 5: Seal Beach Blvd between Golden Rain Rd and St Andrews Dr



Figure 9-20: Street Segment 5 Crash Diagram (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)







# 9.2.5.1 Street Segment 5 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-20: Street Segment 5 Cost Estimate** 

_	Table of Let Guest Gog mont of Goot Letting				
No.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity	Unit Cost	Total
1	See Intersection #11.	-			\$ -
2	See Intersection #7.	-			\$ -
3A	Restripe Traffic Striping With Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	LF	0		\$ -
3B	Thermoplastic Legends	SF	405	\$ 5.46	\$ 2,211.3
4	4 Restripe Traffic Striping With Paint.			\$ -	
5	Install Dynamic Speed Warning Sign With Existing R2-1 (50) Sign.	EA	2	\$ 15,598.00	\$ 31,196.0
6	6 Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background With CycleGrip MMAX Green Paint.   SF   15		\$ 14.00	\$ 210.0	
	Total \$ 33,				\$ 33,617.3
	Total Construction Cost: \$ 33,				
	Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total C	Construc	tion Cost:	20%	\$ 6,723.4
	Total Construction Cost (Including Contingencies): \$ 40,340.				40,340.7

### **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$40,341 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$1,782,806 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 44.19.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 44.19, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

	Itemized Benefits
Safety	\$1,778,318
Travel Time	\$4,025
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$409
Emissions	\$54
Total Benefits	\$1,782,806

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit				
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$40,341			
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$1,782,806			
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$1,742,465			
Benefit / Cost Ratio	44.19			









#### 9.2.6 Street Segment 6: Seal Beach Blvd between St Cloud Dr and Old Ranch Pkwy

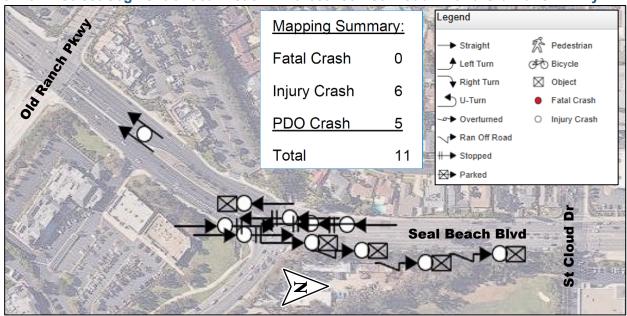
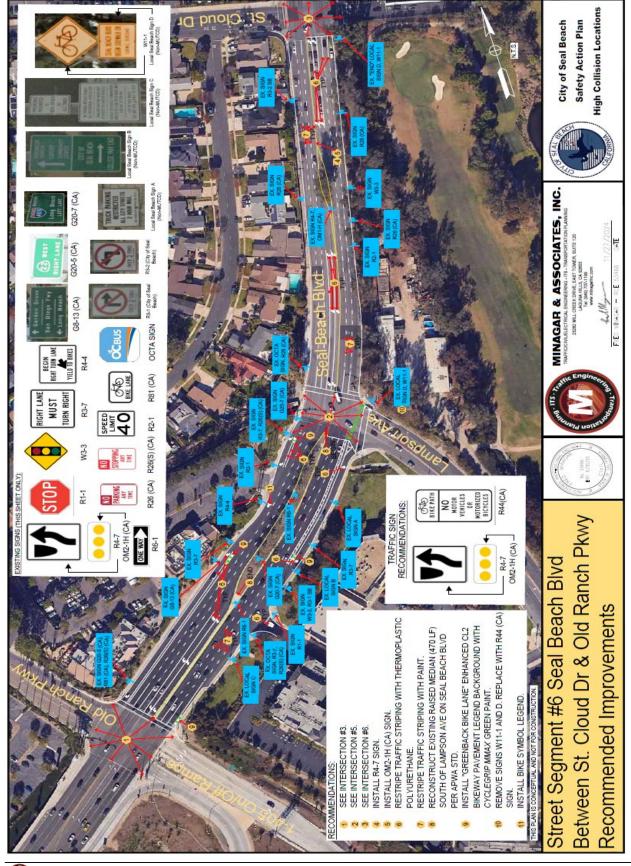


Figure 9-21: Street Segment 6 Crash Diagram (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)















# 9.2.6.1 Street Segment 6 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-21: Street Segment 6 Cost Estimate** 

$\overline{}$	<u> </u>				_	
No.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity	Unit Cost		Total
1	See Intersection #3.	-			\$	-
2	See Intersection #5.	-			\$	
3	See Intersection #6.	-			\$	-
4	Install R4-7 Sign.	install R4-7 Sign. EA 1 \$			\$	598.00
5	Install OM2-1H (CA) Sign.	EA	1	\$ 598.00	\$	598.00
6A	A Restripe Traffic Striping With Thermoplastic Polyurethane.		50	\$ 2.60	\$	130.00
6B	Thermoplastic Legends SF 70			\$ 5.46	\$	382.20
7	Restripe Traffic Striping With Paint.	LF	6,500	\$ 3.65	\$	23,725.00
8	Reconstruct Existing Raised Median (470 LF) South Of Lampson Ave On Seal Beach Blvd Per APWA Std.	SF	11,750	\$ 36.00	\$	423,000.00
	Total					448,433.20
	Total Construction Cost: \$					448,433.20
	Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total Construction Cost: 20%				\$	89,686.64
	Total Construction Cost (Including Contingencies): \$					538,119.84

### **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$538,120 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$6,835,962 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 12.70.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 12.70, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

Itemized Benefits				
Safety	\$6,819,318			
Travel Time	\$15,035			
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$1,508			
Emissions	\$101			
Total Benefits	\$6,835,962			

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit				
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$538,120			
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$6,835,962			
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$6,297,842			
Benefit / Cost Ratio	12.70			









#### Street Segment 7: Marina Dr between 1st St and 5th St 9.2.7

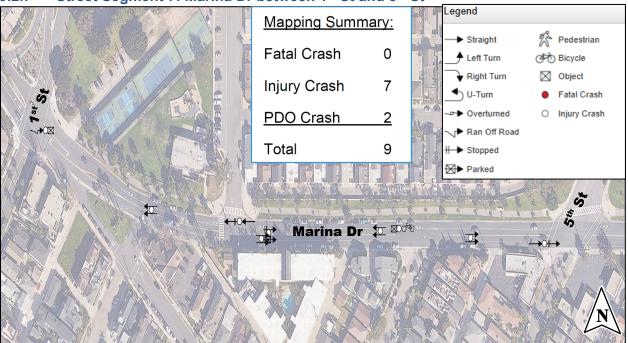


Figure 9-22: Street Segment 7 Crash Diagram (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)















# 9.2.7.1 Street Segment 7 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-22: Street Segment 7 Cost Estimate** 

No.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity		Unit Cost		Total
	'		'				
1	See Intersection #14.	-		\$	-	\$	-
2	See Intersection #9.	-		\$	-	\$	-
3	Restripe Traffic Striping With Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	SF	275	\$	2.60	\$	715.00
4	Restripe Traffic Striping With Paint.	LF	2,400	\$	3.65	\$	8,760.00
5	Reinstall Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.	LF	100	\$	5.46	\$	546.00
6	Install A Street Luminaire With LED Per Caltrans Std.	EA	1	\$	2,500.00	\$	2,500.00
7	Construct Access Ramp Per APWA Std 111-5 With Truncated Domes.	LS	1	\$	7,000.00	\$	7,000.00
8A	Upgrade To APS Pedestrian Pushbutton.	EA	1	\$	2,000.00	\$	2,000.00
8B	Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.	EA	1	\$	598.00	\$	598.00
9	Install Dynamic Speed Warning Sign With R2-1 (30) Sign.	EA	2	\$	15,598.00	\$	31,196.00
10	Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background With CycleGrip MMAX Green Paint.	SF	405	\$	14.00	\$	5,670.00
11	Install R81 (CA) Sign.	EA	1	\$	598.00	\$	598.00
					Total	\$	59,583.00
	Total C	Construc	tion Cost:	\$			59,583.00
	Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total C	Construc	tion Cost:		20%	\$	11,916.60
	Total Construction Cost (Includin	g Contir	ngencies):	\$			71,499.60

### **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$71,500 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$860,567 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 12.04.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 12.04, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

Itemized Benefits				
Safety	\$857,015			
Travel Time	\$3,194			
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$317			
Emissions	\$40			
Total Benefits	\$860,567			

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit				
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$71,500			
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$860,567			
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$789,067			
Benefit / Cost Ratio	12.04			









#### Street Segment 8: Main St between Pacific Coast Highway and Electric Ave 9.2.8

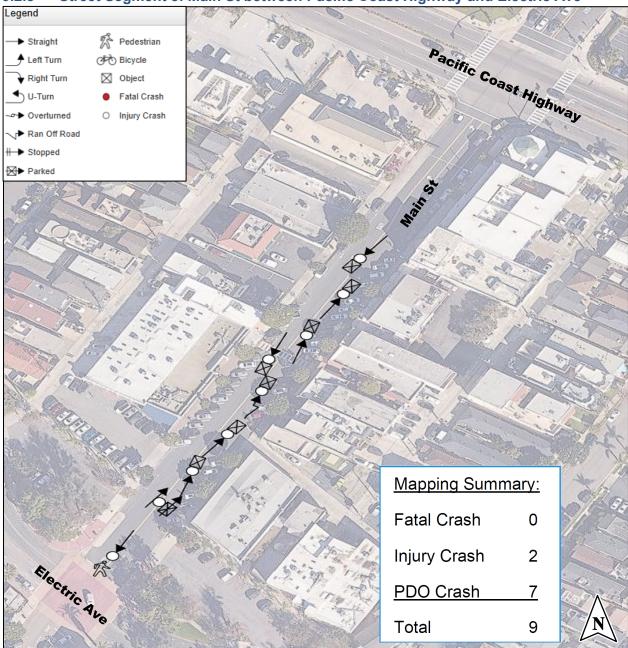


Figure 9-23: Street Segment 8 Crash Diagram

(January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)















# 9.2.8.1 Street Segment 8 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-23: Street Segment 8 Cost Estimate** 

$\overline{}$	<u> </u>				
No.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity	Unit Cost	Total
1A	Install Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacon (RRFB)	EA	2	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 30,000.00
1B	Upgrade To APS Pedestrian Pushbutton.	EA	2	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 4,000.00
1C	Install R10-3 Updated Crosswalk Sign.	EA	2	\$ 598.00	\$ 1,196.00
2	Install In-Street Pedestrian Crossing Sign R1-6.	EA	2	\$ 650.00	\$ 1,300.00
3A	Restripe Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	LF	250	\$ 2.60	\$ 650.00
3B	Thermoplastic Legends	SF	250	\$ 5.46	\$ 1,365.00
4	Reinstall Thermoplastic Polyurethane Pedestrian Ladder Crosswalk.	LF	50	\$ 5.46	\$ 273.00
5	Restripe Traffic Striping with Paint.	LF	1,300	\$ 3.65	\$ 4,745.00
6	Reinstall R31 (CA) Sign.	EA	1	\$ 598.00	\$ 598.00
7	Reinstall R26 (CA) Sign.	EA	1	\$ 598.00	\$ 598.00
				Tota	\$ 44,725.00
	Total C	tion Cost:	\$	44,725.00	
	Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total C	tion Cost:	20%	\$ 8,945.00	
	Total Construction Cost (Includin	g Contir	ngencies):	\$	53,670.00
_					

#### **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$53,670 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$571,063 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 10.64.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 10.64, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

	Itemized Benefits
Safety	\$567,690
Travel Time	\$3,051
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$295
Emissions	\$28
Total Benefits	\$571,063

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit										
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$53,670									
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$571,063									
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$517,393									
Benefit / Cost Ratio	10.64									









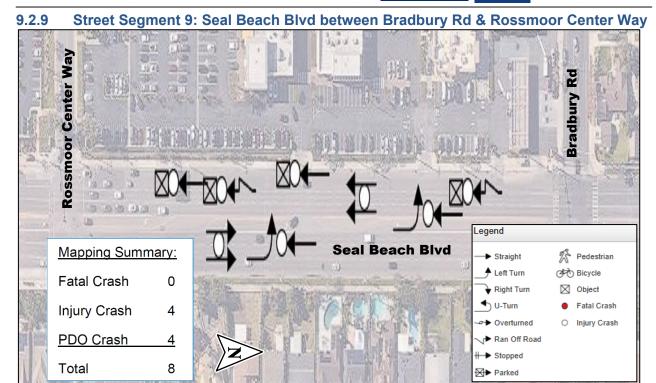


Figure 9-24: Street Segment 9 Crash Diagram

(January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)















# 9.2.9.1 Street Segment 9 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-24: Street Segment 9 Cost Estimate** 

$\overline{}$	<u> </u>					
No.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity		Unit Cost	Total
1	Install Raised Hardscape Median with Turnouts (~500 LF).	SF	4,500	\$	36.00	\$ 162,000.00
2	Install R3-5R Sign.	EA	1	\$	598.00	\$ 598.00
3	Install Dynamic Speed Warning Sign with R2-1 (40) Sign.	EA	2	\$	15,598.00	\$ 31,196.00
4	Install Signs R4-7 And OM1-3.	EA	2	\$	760.00	\$ 1,520.00
5A	Restripe Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	LF	1,000	\$	2.60	\$ 2,600.00
5B	Thermoplastic Legends	SF	440	\$	5.46	\$ 2,402.40
6	Restripe Traffic Striping with Paint.	LF	5,000	\$	3.65	\$ 18,250.00
7	Install "40 MPH" Legend.	SF	240	\$	5.46	\$ 1,310.40
8	Upgrade Corners with Proper Radii Per APWA Std Plans Due to Tight Turns.	LS	1	\$	12,500.00	\$ 12,500.00
9	Remove Conflict Striping by Wet Sandblasting.	LF	50	\$	3.78	\$ 189.00
10	Extend Lane Line Divider By 7 Ft and Install New Stop Bar and Legend With Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	SF	45	\$	3.78	\$ 170.10
11	Install R6-1 Sign.	EA	1	\$	598.00	\$ 598.00
12	Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with CycleGrip MMAX Green Paint.	SF	45	\$	14.00	\$ 630.00
					Total	\$ 233,963.90
	Ill Raised Hardscape Median with Turnouts (~500 LF).  Ill R3-5R Sign.  Ill Dynamic Speed Warning Sign with R2-1 (40) Sign.  Ill Signs R4-7 And OM1-3.  Ill Signs R4-7 And OM1-3.  Interpret Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.  Interpret Traffic Striping with Paint.  Interpret Traffic Striping by Wet Sandblasting.  Interpret Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.  Interpret Traffic Striping with Therm					
	Total C	Construc	tion Cost:	\$		233,963.90
	Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total C	Construc	tion Cost:		20%	\$ 46,792.78
	Total Construction Cost (Includin	g Conti	ngencies):	\$		280,756.68

#### **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$280,757 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$1,030,263 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 3.67.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 3.67, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

	Itemized Benefits
Safety	\$1,026,588
Travel Time	\$3,255
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$335
Emissions	\$85
Total Benefits	\$1,030,263

Summary of Total Cost & Benefit											
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$280,757										
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$1,030,263										
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$749,506										
Benefit / Cost Ratio	3.67										









#### 9.2.10 Street Segment 10: Seal Beach Blvd between Rossmoor Center Way & St Cloud Dr

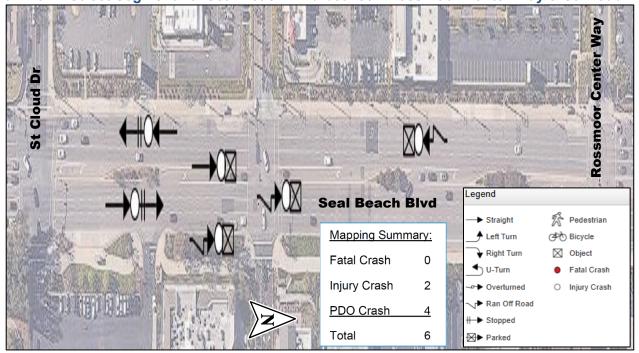


Figure 9-25: Street Segment 10 Crash Diagram (January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2023)















# 9.2.10.1 Street Segment 10 Cost Estimate and Benefit Cost Analysis

### **Construction Cost Estimate:**

The following table represents the preliminary line-item cost for the proposed countermeasures.

**Table 9-25: Street Segment 10 Cost Estimate** 

No.	Item Description	Unit	Quantity	L	Jnit Cost		Total
1	See Intersection #6.	-		\$	-	\$	-
2	See Intersection #4.	-		\$	-	\$	-
3	See Segment #9.	-		\$	-	\$	-
4	Install R6-1 Sign.	EA	1	\$	598.00	\$	598.00
5A	Restripe Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane.	LF	700	\$	2.60	\$	1,820.00
5B	Thermoplastic Legends	SF	180	\$	5.46	\$	982.80
6	Restripe Traffic Striping with Paint.	LF	4,500	\$	3.65	\$	16,425.00
7	Install OM2-1H (CA) Sign.	EA	2	\$	598.00	\$	1,196.00
8	Install Dynamic Speed Warning Sign with Existing R2-1 (40) Sign.	EA	1	\$	15,000.00	\$	15,000.00
9	Install "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with CycleGrip MMAX Green Paint.	SF	45	\$	14.00	\$	630.00
		•			Total	\$ :	36,651.80
	ection #6 S ection #4 S ent #9 S I Sign. EA 1 S raffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane. LF 700 S stic Legends SF 180 S raffic Striping with Paint. LF 4,500 S 2-1H (CA) Sign. EA 2 S amic Speed Warning Sign with Existing R2-1 (40) Sign. EA 1 S enback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with CycleGrip MMAX Green Paint. SF 45		\$		,	36,651.80	
	ee Intersection #6. ee Intersection #4. ee Segment #9. stall R6-1 Sign. eestripe Traffic Striping with Thermoplastic Polyurethane. lef 70 eestripe Traffic Striping with Paint. lef 19 stall OM2-1H (CA) Sign. stall OM2-1H (CA) Sign. EA 2 stall Dynamic Speed Warning Sign with Existing R2-1 (40) Sign. stall "Greenback Bike Lane" Enhanced CL2 Bikeway Pavement Legend Background with CycleGrip MMAX Green Paint.  Total Construction (Contingencies percentage of the aforementioned Total Construction (Contingencies percentage of the Aforementical Continued Conti		tion Cost:		20%	\$	7,330.36
	Total Construction Cost (Includin	ıq Contii	ngencies):	\$			43,982.16

### **Total Cost and Benefit:**

The project's total cost is estimated at \$43,982 which does not include the design and engineering costs. The estimated benefit of these improvements is \$348,435 based on the FHWA's Highway Safety Benefit-Cost Analysis Model (Version 2.0). The resulting Benefit-Cost ratio is 7.92.

The current HSIP Cycle 12 program has a required minimum B/C ratio (BCR) of 3.5 for a BCR Application. With a B/C ratio of 7.92, the proposed intersection improvement project is eligible for HSIP funding and is considered a competitive HSIP project.

	Itemized Benefits
Safety	\$346,557
Travel Time	\$1,679
Vehicle Operating Cost	\$166
Emissions	\$33
Total Benefits	\$348,435

Summa	Summary of Total Cost & Benefit										
Present Value Costs (\$ Dollars)	\$43,982										
Present Value Benefits (\$ Dollars)	\$348,435										
Net Present Value (\$ Dollars)	\$304,453										
Benefit / Cost Ratio	7.92										











<u></u>	_	Та	ble	9	-20	6: <sup>'</sup>	То	tal	С	on	stı	ruc	ctic	on	C	ost	t o	f Inte	ersec	tic	ns	a	nd	R	oa	dw	ay S	eg	m	nen'	ts	
Total Construction Cost (Including Contingencies)	\$770,877.36	\$105,061.68	\$159,645.84	\$138,652.08	\$197,448.72	\$147,555.36	\$367,724.40	\$145,582.38	\$19,183.20	\$55,737.84	\$141,240.00	\$401,353.32	\$254,640.72	\$46,582.80	\$136,227.29	\$22,981.44	\$296,081.28	\$89,564.64	\$39,567.12	\$40,340.76	\$538,119.84	\$71,499.60	\$53,670.00	\$280,756.68	\$43,982.16	\$4,584,076.51	\$438.151.34	\$155.178.60		\$228,203.83		\$5,385,610.28
Location	Seal Beach Blvd & Westminster Ave	Seal Beach Blvd & N Gate Rd/I-405 On- & Off-Ramps	Seal Beach Blvd & Old Ranch Pkwy/I-405NB On- & Off-Ramps	Seal Beach Blvd & Towne Center Dr	Seal Beach Blvd & Lampson Ave	Seal Beach Blvd & Saint Cloud Dr	Seal Beach Blvd & Golden Rain Rd	Seal Beach Blvd & Adolfo Lopez Dr	Marina Dr & 5th St	Central Ave & 8th St	Seal Beach Blvd & Saint Andrews Dr	Main St & Ocean Ave	Westminster Ave & Kitts Hwy	Marina Dr & 1st St	Golden Rain Rd & Saint Andrews Dr	Seal Beach Blvd between St Andrews Dr & Westminster Ave	Seal Beach Blvd between Westminster Ave & Apollo Dr	Seal Beach Blvd between Old Ranch Pkwy & N Gate Rd/I-405 SB On- & Off- Ramps	Seal Beach Blvd between N Gate Rd/I-405 SB On- & Off- Ramps & Golden Rain Rd	Seal Beach Blvd between Golden Rain Rd & St Andrews Dr	Seal Beach Blvd between St Cloud Dr & Old Ranch Pkwy	Marina Dr between 1st St & 5th St	Main St between Pacific Coast Highway & Electric Ave	Seal Beach Blvd between Bradbury Rd & Rossmoor Center Way	Seal Beach Blvd between Rossmoor Center Way & St Cloud Dr	Total Construction Cost (inclusive of 20% contingencies)	Assuming 9.8% of Total Construction Estimate for the PS&E Phase:	Assuming 3.4% of Total Construction Estimate for the CM&! (Construction Management & Inspection):		Assuming 5.0% of Total Construction Estimate for the PM&S (Project Management & Support):		Grand Total:
Intersection/Segment	Intersection 1	Intersection 2	Intersection 3	Intersection 4	Intersection 5	Intersection 6	Intersection 7	Intersection 8	Intersection 9	Intersection 10	Intersection 11	Intersection 12	Intersection 13	Intersection 14	Intersection 15	Roadway Segment 1	Roadway Segment 2	Roadway Segment 3	Roadway Segment 4	Roadway Segment 5	Roadway Segment 6	Roadway Segment 7	Roadway Segment 8	Roadway Segment 9	Roadway Segment 10			Assuming 3.4% of Tot		Assuming 5.0		



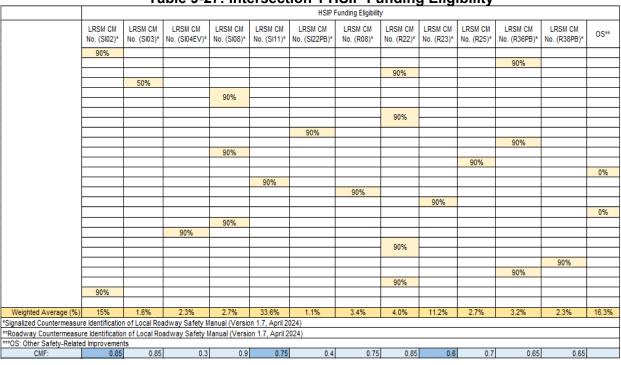






# 9.3 HSIP Funding Eligibility for Intersections

Table 9-27: Intersection 1 HSIP Funding Eligibility



## Table 9-28: Intersection 2 HSIP Funding Eligibility

	1				mamy Ent	<i>,</i> ,		
				HSIP Funding	Eligibility			
	LRSM CM No. (SI02)*	LRSM CM No. (SI03)*	LRSM CM No. (SI04EV)*	LRSM CM No. (SI08)*	LRSM CM No. (SI22PB)*	LRSM CM No. (R22)**	LRSM CM No. (R36PB)**	OS***
	90%							
							90%	
		500/				90%		
		50%						
				90%				
	90%							
						90%		
								0%
							90%	070
						90%	3070	
								0%
					90%			
				90%				
						90%		
				90%				
			90%					
								0%
Maighted Average (0/)	19.5%	11.4%	17.1%	16.5%	8.0%	8.3%	5.0%	42.6%
Weighted Average (%)  * Signalized Countermeasur						0.3%	3.0%	42.0%
**Roadway Countermeasure								
***OS: Other Safety-Related		Local Roadw	ay calcty Mana	ui ( v 0131011 1.	.,, April 2024)			
CMF:	0.85	0.85	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.85	0.65	







# Table 9-29: Intersection 3 HSIP Funding Eligibility

						<del>, , ,</del>	- 7								
		HSIP Funding Eligibility													
	LRSM CM No. (SI02)*	LRSM CM No. (SI03)*	LRSM CM No. (SI04EV)*	LRSM CM No. (SI08)*	LRSM CM No. (SI22PB)*	LRSM CM No. (R02)**	LRSM CM No. (R22)**	LRSM CM No. (R36PB)**	OS***						
	90%														
								90%							
							90%								
		50%													
				90%											
									0%						
								90%							
					90%										
				90%											
						90%									
							90%								
				90%											
			90%												
									0%						
Weighted Average (%)		7.5%	11.3%	19.0%	5.3%	0.6%	9.6%	7.0%	48.9%						
*Signalized Countermeas				<u> </u>											
**Roadway Countermeas			idway Safety Mar	nual (Version	1.7, April 2024)										
***OS: Other Safety-Rela															
CMF:	0.85	0.85	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.65	0.85	0.65							

# Table 9-30: Intersection 4 HSIP Funding Eligibility

	HSIP Funding Eligibility							
	LRSM CM No. (SI02)*	LRSM CM No. (SI03)*	LRSM CM No. (SI04EV)*	LRSM CM No. (SI08)*	LRSM CM No. (SI22PB)*	LRSM CM No. (R22)**	LRSM CM No. (R36PB)**	OS***
	90%							
							90%	
						90%		
		50%						
				90%				
					90%			
							90%	
					90%			
						90%		
					90%			
						90%		
			90%					
								0%
Weighted Average (%)	9.1%	8.7%	26.0%	2.4%	18.0%	10.7%	11.3%	21.6%
*Signalized Countermeasure Identification of Local Roadway Safety Manual (Version 1.7, April 2024)								
**Roadway Countermeasure Identification of Local Roadway Safety Manual (Version 1.7, April 2024)								
***OS: Other Safety-Rela	ted Improvement	S	-		-		-	
CMF:	0.85	0.85	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.85	0.65	







# Table 9-31: Intersection 5 HSIP Funding Eligibility

		HSIP Funding Eligibility						
	LRSM CM No. (SI02)*	LRSM CM No. (SI03)*	LRSM CM No. (SI04EV)*	LRSM CM No. (SI08)*	LRSM CM No. (SI22PB)*	LRSM CM No. (R22)*	LRSM CM No. (R36PB)*	0S**
	90%							
							90%	
						90%		
		50%						
				90%				
						90%		
								0%
							90%	
				90%				
					90%			
				90%				
			90%					
								0%
	90%							
Weighted Average (%)		6.1%	9.1%	11.8%	4.3%	2.2%	5.7%	39.5%
*Signalized Countermeasure Identification of Local Roadway Safety Manual (Version 1.7, April 2024)								
**Roadway Countermeasure Identification of Local Roadway Safety Manual (Version 1.7, April 2024)								
***OS: Other Safety-Related Improvements								
CMF:	0.85	0.85	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.85	0.65	

# Table 9-32: Intersection 6 HSIP Funding Eligibility

Table 9-32. Intersection 6 Horr Funding Enginity										
		HSIP Funding Eligibility								
	LRSM CM No. (SI02)*	LRSM CM No. (SI03)*	LRSM CM No. (SI04EV)*	LRSM CM No. (SI08)*	LRSM CM No. (SI22PB)*	LRSM CM No. (R22)**	LRSM CM No. (R36PB)**	OS***		
	90%									
							90%			
						90%				
		50%								
				90%						
					90%					
					9070	90%				
						0070	90%			
								0%		
				90%						
								0%		
			90%							
		0.404	0.1.101	0.404	5 70	2 121		00.004		
Weighted Average (%)		8.1%	24.4%	9.1%	5.7%	3.4%	10.9%	26.0%		
*Signalized Countermeasure Identification of Local Roadway Safety Manual (Version 1.7, April 2024)										
**Roadway Countermeasure Identification of Local Roadway Safety Manual (Version 1.7, April 2024)										
***OS: Other Safety-Related Improvements										
CMF:	0.85	0.85	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.85	0.65			







# Table 9-33: Intersection 7 HSIP Funding Eligibility

					HSIP Funding	Eligibility			
	LRSM CM No. (SI02)*	LRSM CM No. (SI03)*	LRSM CM No. (SI04EV)*	LRSM CM No. (SI08)*	LRSM CM No. (SI22PB)*	LRSM CM No. (R22)**	LRSM CM No. (R26)**	LRSM CM No. (R36PB)**	OS***
	90%								
								90%	
						90%			
		50%							
				90%					
							90%		
						90%			
									0%
				90%					
					90%				
	90%								
						90%			
				90%					
									0%
				90%					
			90%						
Weighted Average (%)			14.7%	6.2%	2.3%	1.2%	4.9%	2.6%	34.3%
*Signalized Countermeasure I	dentification of L	ocal Roadway	Safety Manual (	Version 1.7, A	April 2024)				
**Roadway Countermeasure Id		ocal Roadway	Safety Manual (	Version 1.7, A	April 2024)				
***OS: Other Safety-Related In									
CMF:	0.85	0.85	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.85	0.7	0.65	

#### Table 9-34: Intersection 8 HSIP Funding Eligibility

		• • • • • • • • •			<u>g =g</u>			
				HSIP Funding	g Eligibility			
	LRSM CM No. (Sl02)*	LRSM CM No. (Sl03)*	LRSM CM No. (SI04EV)*	LRSM CM No. (Sl08)*	LRSM CM No. (SI22PB)*	LRSM CM No. (R22)**	LRSM CM No. (R36PB)**	OS***
	90%							
							90%	
						90%		
		50%						
				90%				
								0%
							90%	
					90%			
						90%		
				90%				
								0%
				90%				
			90%					
Weighted Average (%)	7%	8.2%	24.7%	5.9%	5.8%	1.5%	3.7%	42.9%
*Signalized Countermeasure	e Identification of	Local Roady	ay Safety Manu	al (Version 1.	7, April 2024)			
**Roadway Countermeasure	e Identification of	Local Roadv	ay Safety Manu	al (Version 1.	7, April 2024)			
***OS: Other Safety-Related	Improvements							
CMF:	0.85	0.85	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.85	0.65	







## Table 9-35: Intersection 9 HSIP Funding Eligibility

			<del> </del>						
		HSIP Fundin	g Eligibility						
	LRSM CM No. (NS08)*	LRSM CM No. (NS09)*	LRSM CM No. (NS23PB)*	LRSM CM No. (R22)**					
	90%								
		90%							
		3070							
			90%						
		90%							
				90%					
		90%							
Weighted Average (%)	22.0%	58.6%	8.2%	11.2%					
* Non-signalized Countermeasure Identification of Local Roadway Safety Manual (Version 1.7, April 2024)									
**Roadway Countermeasure	Identification of Local	Roadway Safety M	anual (Version 1.7, A	pril 2024)					
CMF:	0.85	0.75	0.65	0.85					

#### Table 9-36: Intersection 10 HSIP Funding Eligibility

	Tubic 5-00	. IIIICI 3CCII	<u> </u>	anamy Eng	i wiii ty		
			HSIP Fun	ding Eligibility			
	LRSM CM No. (NS08)*	LRSM CM No. (NS09)*	LRSM CM No. (NS23PB)*	LRSM CM No. (NS24PB)*	LRSM CM No. (R02)**	LRSM CM No. (R22)**	OS***
	90%						
						90%	
					90%		
		90%					
		3070					
			90%				
				90%			
			90%				
Weighted Average (%)	19.4%	1.8%	1.4%	64.6%	1.6%	67.2%	0.0%
*Non-signalized Countern	neasure Identificat	tion of Local Ro	adway Safety Ma	nual (Version 1.7	7, April 2024)		
**Roadway Countermeas	ure Identification of	of Local Roadwa	ay Safety Manual	(Version 1.7, Ap	ril 2024)	•	
***OS: Other Safety-Rela	ted Improvements						
CMF:	0.85	0.75	0.65	0.62	0.65	0.85	







Table 9-37: Intersection 11 HSIP Funding Eligibility

	Table 3-31.	IIILEI SECLI	OII III HOIP F				
			HSIP Fu	nding Eligibility	/		
	LRSM CM No. (Sl02)*	LRSM CM No. (Sl03)*	LRSM CM No. (SI04EV)*	LRSM CM No. (Sl08)*	LRSM CM No. (R22)**	LRSM CM No. (R36PB)**	OS***
	90%						
						90%	
					90%		
		50%					
				90%			
					90%		
	90%						
							0%
				90%			
					90%		
				90%			
			90%				
							0%
	90%						
			40.70				
Weighted Average (%)		8.5%	12.7%	6.5%	2.5%	3.4%	38.7%
*Signalized Countermeasure							
**Roadway Countermeasur		f Local Roady	vay Safety Manu	al (Version 1.	7, April 2024	)	
**OS: Other Safety-Related		0.05		0.0		0.05	
CMF:	0.85	0.85	0.3	0.9	0.85	0.65	

### Table 9-38: Intersection 12 HSIP Funding Eligibility

						<u> </u>			
					HSIP Fu	unding Eligibility			
	LRSM CM No. (Sl02)*	LRSM CM No. (Sl03)*	LRSM CM No. (SI04EV)*	LRSM CM No. (Sl07)*	LRSM CM No. (Sl08)*	LRSM CM No. (SI22PB)*	LRSM CM No. (R22)**	LRSM CM No. (R36PB)**	OS***
	90%						000/		
							90%		
								90%	
				90%					
									0%
					90%				
									0%
	90%								
					90%				
						90%			
		50%							
			90%						
									0%
									0,70
Weighted Average (%)	7.2%	3.0%	4.5%	11.2%	0.9%	2.1%	0.7%	2.4%	68.0%
*Signalized Countermeasure	ldentification of	Local Roady	vay Safety Manu	ial (Version 1.	7, April 2024)	)		•	
**Roadway Countermeasure									
***OS: Other Safety-Related			,,	,	, ,				
CMF:	0.85	0.85	0.3	0.7	0.9	0.4	0.85	0.65	









Table 9-39: Intersection 13 HSIP Funding Eligibility

		<del>0 00</del>	er section		i diidiii	g Engirin	<u>.,                                    </u>		
				HSIP	Funding Eligibil	ity			
	LRSM CM No. (Sl02)*	LRSM CM No. (Sl03)*	LRSM CM No. (SI04EV)*	LRSM CM No. (Sl08)*	LRSM CM No. (Sl09)*	LRSM CM No. (SI22PB)*	LRSM CM No. (R22)**	LRSM CM No. (R36PB)**	OS***
	90%								
				90%					
							90%		
1									0%
								90%	
		500/		90%					
		50%				90%			
						3076		90%	
							90%	0070	
			90%						
							90%		
				90%					
									0%
				90%					
					90%				
Weighted Average (%)	7%	7.1%	14.1%	11.4%	16.0%	3.3%	3.9%	6.4%	30.6%
*Signalized Countermeasure I						3.570	5.570	0.170	23.070
**Roadway Countermeasure I									
***OS: Other Safety-Related I			•		•				
CMF:	0.85	0.85	0.3	0.9	0.7	0.4	0.85	0.65	

Table 9-40: Intersection 14 HSIP Funding Eligibility

	Table 3-40. Intersection 14 from 1 unumg Engionity										
		HSIP Funding Eligibility									
	LRSM CM No. (NS08)*	LRSM CM No. (NS23PB)*	OS**								
	90%										
			0%								
		90%									
	90%										
Weighted Average (%)	78.6%	3.4%	18.0%								
* Non-signalized Counte	ermeasure Identification of	Local Roadway Safety Ma	nual (Version 1.7, April 2024)								
**OS: Other Safety-Rela	ated Improvements										
CMF:	0.85	0.65									







## Table 9-41: Intersection 15 HSIP Funding Eligibility

					<u> </u>		
			HSIP I	Funding Eligib	oility		
	LRSM CM No. (Sl02)*	LRSM CM No. (Sl03)*	LRSM CM No. (SI04EV)*	LRSM CM No. (Sl08)*	LRSM CM No. (SI22PB)*	LRSM CM No. (R36PB)**	OS***
	90%						
		50%					
				90%			
						90%	
							0%
					90%		
				90%			
			90%				
Weighted Average (%)	9%	8.8%	39.6%	10.7%	6.2%	1.5%	24.7%
* Signalized Counterme	asure Identificati	on of Local R	oadway Safety	Manual (Vers	ion 1.7, April 20	24)	
**Roadway Countermea	asure Identification	on of Local Ro	oadway Safety I	Manual (Versi	ion 1.7, April 202	24)	
***OS: Other Safety-Re	lated Improveme	ents		,		•	
CMF:	0.85	0.85	0.3	0.9	0.4	0.65	

### 9.4 HSIP Funding Eligibility for Street Segments

Table 9-42: Segment 1 HSIP Funding Eligibility

		HSIP Fu	nding Eligibility	
	LRSM CM No. (R22)*	LRSM CM No. (R26)*	LRSM CM No. (R27)*	
			90%	
		90%		
	90%		90%	
			90%	
Weighted Average (%)	3.1%	78.3%	18.6%	
*Roadway Countermeasure	Identification of Loc	al Roadway Safety I	Manual (Version 1.7, April 2024	4)
CMF:	0.85	0.7	0.85	







## Table 9-43: Segment 2 HSIP Funding Eligibility

			HSIP Fun	ding Eligibili	ity			
	LRSM CM No. (R22)*	LRSM CM No. (R26)*	LRSM CM No. (R27)*	LRSM CM No. (R36PB)*	LRSM CM No. (SI02)**	LRSM CM No. (SI03)**	LRSM CM No. (SI04EV)**	
			90%					
			90%					
					90%			
				90%				
	90%							
				000/		50%		
				90%				
		90%						
		30 /0						
			90%					
	90%							
							90%	
Weighted Average (%)	1.5%	31.5%	32.1%	2.0%	4.6%	4.1%	6.1%	
*Roadway Countermeasure Identification of Local Roadway Safety Manual (Version 1.7, April 2024)								
**Signalized Countermeasure	*Signalized Countermeasure Identification of Local Roadway Safety Manual (Version 1.7, April 2024)							
CMF:	0.85	0.7	0.85	0.65	0.85	0.85		
CIVIF.	0.85	0.7	0.85	0.00	0.85	0.85		

## Table 9-44: Segment 3 HSIP Funding Eligibility

	HSIP Fund	ding Eligibility							
	LRSM CM No. (R26)*	LRSM CM No. (R27)*							
	000/	90%							
	90%	90%							
Weighted Average (%)	41.8%	58.2%							
*Roadway Countermeasure Identification of Local Roadway Safety Manual (Version 1.7, April 2024)									
**OS: Other Safety-Related	Improvements								
CMF:	0.7	0.85							







## Table 9-45: Segment 4 HSIP Funding Eligibility

1 4.0.10 0 101 009	int i iion i dinding Englishit	
	HSIP Funding	Eligibility
	LRSM CM No. (R26)*	LRSM CM No. (R27)*
		90%
	90%	
		90%
Weighted Average (%)	94.6%	5.4%
*Roadway Countermeasure Identification of L	ocal Roadway Safety Manual (\	/ersion 1.7, April 2024)
**OS: Other Safety-Related Improvements		
CMF:	0.7	0.85

### Table 9-46: Segment 5 HSIP Funding Eligibility

		9					
	HSIP Fundi	HSIP Funding Eligibility					
	LRSM CM No. (R26)*	LRSM CM No. (R27)*					
		90%					
	90%						
		90%					
Weighted Average (%)	92.8%	7.2%					
*Roadway Countermeasure Identification of Local Roadway Safety Manual (Version 1.7, April 2024)							
**OS: Other Safety-Related Improvements							
CMF:	0.7	3.0					









Table 9-47: Segment 6 HSIP Funding Eligibility

		<del>,                                      </del>					
		HSIP Fui	nding Eligibility				
	LRSM CM No. (R08)*	LRSM CM No. (R22)*	LRSM CM No. (R27)*				
		90%					
			90%				
	90%						
Weighted Average (%)		0.3%	5.4%				
*Roadway Countermeasure Identification of Local Roadway Safety Manual (Version 1.7, April 2024)							
**OS: Other Safety-Related Improvements							
CMF:	0.75	0.85	0.85				

Table 9-48: Segment 7 HSIP Funding Eligibility

			ilon i anam	99				
		HSIP Funding Eligibility						
	LRSM CM No. (NS01INT)*	LRSM CM No. (R22)**	LRSM CM No. (R26)**	LRSM CM No. (R27)**	LRSM CM No. (R36PB)**	OS***		
					000/			
					90%			
	90%							
						0%		
					90%			
		90%						
			90%					
				90%				
Weighted Average (%)	4%	1.0%	52.4%	9.5%	20.2%	11.7%		
*Non-Signalized Counter	rmeasure Identifi	cation of Loca	al Roadway Sat	fety Manual (\	/ersion 1.7, April	2024)		
**Roadway Countermeasure Identification of Local Roadway Safety Manual (Version 1.7, April 2024)								
***OS: Other Safety-Related Improvements								
CMF:	0.6	0.85	0.7	0.85	0.65			







## Table 9-49: Segment 8 HSIP Funding Eligibility

		HSIP Funding Eligibility					
	LRSM CM No. (R22)*	LRSM CM No. (R36PB)*	LRSM CM No. (R38PB)*				
			90%				
	90%						
		90%					
	90%						
	90%						
Weighted Average (%)		15.7%	67.1%				
*Roadway Countermeasure	*Roadway Countermeasure Identification of Local Roadway Safety Manual (Version 1.7, April 2024)						
**OS: Other Safety-Related	**OS: Other Safety-Related Improvements						
CMF:	0.85	0.65	0.65				

### Table 9-50: Segment 9 HSIP Funding Eligibility

Table 3-30. Segment 3 Hoir Tunding Enginetry								
		HSIP Funding Eligibility						
	LRSM CM No. (R08)*	LRSM CM No. (R22)*	LRSM CM No. (R26)*	LRSM CM No. (R27)*	OS**			
	90%							
		90%						
			90%					
		90%						
				90%				
				0070				
					0%			
				90%				
		90%						
				90%				
Weighted Average (%)	69.2%	1.2%	13.3%	10.8%	5.4%			
*Roadway Countermeasure Identification of Local Roadway Safety Manual (Version 1.7, April 2024)								
**OS: Other Safety-Related Improvements								
CMF:	0.75	0.85	0.7	0.85				







Table 9-51: Segment 10 HSIP Funding Eligibility

		1101111 1 0 1 1 0 11 1 0	<u>gg</u>				
		I	HSIP Funding Eligibility				
	LRSM CM No. (R22)*	LRSM CM No. (R26)*	LRSM CM No. (R27)*	OS**			
	90%						
			90%				
	90%						
		90%					
			90%				
Weighted Average (%)	4.9%	40.9%	54.2%				
*Roadway Countermeasure Identification of Local Roadway Safety Manual (Version 1.7, April 2024)							
**OS: Other Safety-Related Improvements							
CMF:	0.85	0.7	0.85				

### 9.5 Other Potential Sources of Funding

The City should continue to seek available funding and grant opportunities from local, state, and federal resources to expedite the process in implementing safety improvements. Below are the main funding programs and grants for which the City of Seal Beach can apply.

#### 1) Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP)

The Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP) is a Federal program operating under the Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act. This program apportions funding as a lump sum for each state, which is then divided among apportioned programs. These funds can be used for projects to preserve or improve safety conditions and performance on any Federal-aid highway, bridge projects on any public road, facilities for non-motorized transportation, and other project types. Safety improvement projects eligible for this funding include new or upgraded traffic signals, upgraded guard rails, pedestrian warning flashing beacons, and marked crosswalks. California's local HSIP focuses on infrastructure projects with national recognized crash reduction factors. Additional information about this program at the Federal level can be found on https://highways.dot.gov/safety/hsip . California specific HSIP information can be found on https://dot.ca.gov/programs/local-assistance/fed-and-state-programs/highway-safety-improvementprogram.









### 2) Caltrans Active Transportation Program (ATP)

Caltrans Active Transportation Program (ATP) is a statewide funding program created in 2013, consolidating several federal and state programs. The ATP funds projects that encourage increased mode share for walking and bicycling, improve mobility and safety for non0motorized users, enhance public health, and decrease greenhouse gas emissions. Projects that are eligible for this funding include bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure projects, bicycle and pedestrian planning projects (safe routes to schools), and non-infrastructure programs (education and enforcement). Additional information about this program can be found on https://dot.ca.gov/programs/local-assistance/fed-and-state-programs/active-transportationprogram.

#### 3) State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP)

The State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) provides state and federal gas tax money for improvements both on and off the state highway system. STIP programming occurs every two years. The programming cycle begins with the release of a proposed fund estimate, followed by California Transportation Commission (CTC) adoption of the fund estimate. The fund estimate serves to identify the amount of new funds available for the programming of transportation projects. Caltrans prepares the Interregional Transportation Improvement Program (ITIP) using Interregional Improvement Program (IIP) funds, and regional agencies prepare Regional Transportation Improvement Programs (RTIPs)using Regional Improvement Program (RIP) funds. The STIP is then adopted by the CTC. Additional information about this program can be found on https://dot.ca.gov/programs/local-assistance/fed-and-state-programs/state-transportationimprovement-program.

#### 4) California Senate Bill 1 (SB 1)

SB 1 is a landmark transportation investment to rebuild California by fixing neighborhood streets, freeways, and bridges in communities across California and targeting funds toward transit and congested trade and commute corridor improvements. The legislative package invests \$54 billion over the next decade and puts more dollars towards transit and safety. SB 1 provides the first significant, stable, and ongoing increase in state transportation funding in over two decades. It allows local agencies and Caltrans to fix California's roads and bridges, reduce traffic delays, improve goods movement, and increase options for transit, intercity rail, and active transportation. SB 1 increases funding for California's transportation system by an average of \$5.4 billion annually, split between state and local investments. SB 1 invests more than \$5 billion annually directly for maintenance, repair, and safety improvements on state highways, local streets and roads, bridges, tunnels and overpasses; \$1.5 billion of which will be allocated towards local streets and roads. Additional information about this program can be found on http://rebuildingca.ca.gov/.

#### 5) California Office of Traffic Safety (OTS) Grants

This program has funding for projects related to traffic safety, including transportation safety education and encouragement activities. Grants applications must be supported by local crash data and must relate to the following priority program areas such as alcohol impaired driving, distracted driving, drug-impaired emergency medical services, motorcycle safety, occupant









protection, pedestrian and bicycle safety, police traffic services, public relations, advertising, and marketing program, and roadway safety and traffic records. Additional information about this program can be found on <a href="https://www.ots.ca.gov/grants/">https://www.ots.ca.gov/grants/</a>.









## **Appendices**

**Appendix A: Sample Public Outreach Meeting Presentation** 

Appendix B: Technical Memo for the Amended Two Sections 6 & 8 of SAP



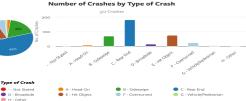
# Development & Preparation of the Seal Beach's Safety Action Plan (SAP) Community Outreach #1

 $\frac{S|S}{4|A}$ 

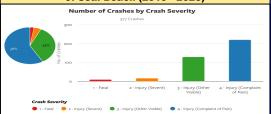
U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal Highway
Administration

July 24, 2024

# Number of Crashes by Type of Crash in the City of Seal Beach



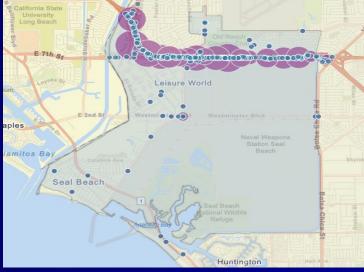
# Number of Crashes by Crash Severity in the City of Seal Beach (2019 - 2023)



# <u>Presented to:</u> CITY OF SEAL BEACH



# City of Seal Beach's Concentration of Collisions (2019 - 2023) Source: SWITRS, TIMS & SPD









#### City of Seal Beach's California Office of Traffic Safety (OTS) Crash Ranking (2020)

Agency	Year	County	,	Group	Population	(Avg)	DVMT
Seal Beach	2020	ORANGE CO	UNTY	D	25002		222989
TYPE OF CRASH			VICTIMS KILLED & INJURED			OTS RANKING	
Total F	atal an	d Injury		41	I	7	1/91
Alco	hol Inv	olved		9		25	9/91
Had Been [	Prinkin	g Driver < 21		0		33/91	
Had Been [	orinkin 34	g Driver 21 –	5			13/91	
M	otorcy	les	4			32/91	
Pe	edestria	ans	2			71/91	
Pede	Pedestrians < 15			0		40	0/91
Ped	estrian	s 65+	0			58/91	
Bicyclists			3			56/91	
Bic	yclists	< 15		1		15	5/91
C	ompos	nposite 38			2	1/91	

# <u>Presented by:</u> MINAGAR & ASSOCIATES, INC.





# **Project Objective**



Develop & Prepare a Comprehensive Safety Action Plan (SAP) to Identify Potential Traffic Safety Projects and to be Used to Apply for Future Infrastructure Project Grants.



# **Work Plan**

Task Overview



# Major Tasks Summary

- Traffic Safety Data Collection form Seal Beach PD, UC TIMS & CHP's SWITRS
- Analysis & Identification of High Priority Risk Areas
- Engagement & Collaboration with Stakeholders/Community
- Review of Policy and Process Changes
- Strategy and Project Selections + Draft SAPs
- Development of Final SAP
- City Council Ratification



# Federal SS4A (Safe Streets & Roads for All)

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**Required Action Plan Components** 

- 1. Leadership Commitment and Goal Setting
- 2. Planning Strategies
- 3. Safety Analysis
- 4. Engagement and Collaboration
- 5. Equity Considerations
- 6. Policy and Process Changes
- 7. Strategy and Project Selections
- 8. Progress and Transparency









SAP (Safety Action Plan) Community Outreach Meeting #1:

WHAT: Project Overview & Federal Components for the Public

**Review & Inputs** 

WHEN: Wed., July 24, 2024, 6:00 - 8:00 PM

WHERE: Fire Station 48 (3131 North Gate Road, Seal Beach)

SAP (Safety Action Plan) Community Outreach Meeting #2 (tentative):

WHAT: Project Overview & Federal Components for the Public

**Review & Inputs** 

WHEN: Monday, August 5, 2024, 6:00 – 8:00 PM

WHERE: Marina Community Center (151 Marina Drive, Seal Beach)



# Federal SS4A (Safe Streets & Roads for All) SBPD Data (2019-2023) With PCH





- 2019: 219 Collisions
- 2020: 164 Collisions
- 2021: 223 Collisions
- 2022: 258 Collisions
- 2023: 221 Collisions

TOTAL: 1,085









- 2019: 170 Collisions
- 2020: 119 Collisions
- 2021: 162 Collisions
- 2022: 180 Collisions
- 2023: 154 Collisions

**TOTAL:** 785





# **Federal SS4A**

# (Safe Streets & Roads for All)

**Intersection Ranking Based on # of Collisions (W/O PCH)** 











# **Federal SS4A**

# (Safe Streets & Roads for All)

















# Development & Preparation of the Seal Beach's Safety Action Plan (SAP)

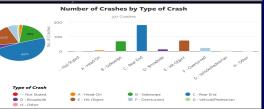


**Community Outreach #2** 

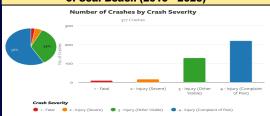
August 5, 2024



## Number of Crashes by Type of Crash in the City of Seal Beach



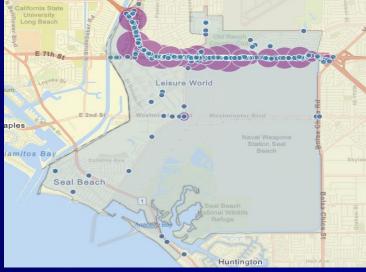
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# <u>Presented to:</u> CITY OF SEAL BEACH



# City of Seal Beach's Concentration of Collisions (2019 - 2023) Source: SWITRS, TIMS & SPD









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Total F	atal an	d Injury		41	I	7	1/91
Alco	hol Inv	rolved		9		29	9/91
Had Been D	Orinkin	g Driver < 21		0		33/91	
Had Been D	orinkin 34	g Driver 21 –	5			13/91	
Me	otorcy	cles	4			32/91	
Pe	edestri	ans	2			71/91	
Pede	estrian	s < 15	0			40/91	
Pede	estrian	s 65+	0			58/91	
Bicyclists			3			56/91	
Bicyclists < 15		1			15/91		
Composite		38		2	1/91		

# <u>Presented by:</u> MINAGAR & ASSOCIATES, INC.





# **Project Objective**



Develop & Prepare a Comprehensive Safety Action Plan (SAP) to Identify Potential Traffic Safety Projects and to be Used to Apply for Future Infrastructure Project Grants.



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# Federal SS4A (Safe Streets & Roads for All)

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**Required Action Plan Components** 

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**TOTAL:** 785





# **Federal SS4A**

# (Safe Streets & Roads for All)

Intersection Ranking Based on # of Collisions (W/O PCH)











# Intersection Ranking Based on # of Collisions (W/O PCH)

Intersection Ranking	Intersection	Control Type	Number of Collisions	Number of 3 Fatalities	Number of Injuries <sup>‡</sup>	PDOs <sup>5</sup>			
1	Seal Beach Blvd & Westminster Ave	Signalized	92	3	45	44			
2	Seal Beach Blvd & N Gate Rd/ Caltrans I- 405 SB On- & Off-Ramps	Signalized	31	0	20	11			
3	Seal Beach Blvd & Old Ranch Pkwy/ Caltrans I-405 NB On- & Off-Ramps	Signalized	31	0	17	14			
4	Seal Beach Blvd & Towne Center Dr	Signalized	24	0	13	11			
5	Seal Beach Blvd & Lampson Ave	Signalized	21	0	5	16			
6	Seal Beach Blvd & Saint Cloud Dr	Signalized	19	1	8	10			
7	Seal Beach Blvd & 🚇 Golden Rain Rd	Signalized	16	1	11	4			
8	Seal Beach Blvd & Adolfo Lopez Dr	Signalized	6	1	5	0			
9	Marina Dr & 5th St	All-Way Stop	5	1	3	1			
10	Central Ave & 8th St	Two-Way Stop	5	1	2	2			
11	Seal Beach Blvd & ®Saint Andrews Dr	Signalized	18	0	12	6			
12	Main St & Ocean Ave	Signalized	11	0	2	9			
13	Westminster Ave & 🐼 Kitts Hwy	Signalized	10	0	7	3			
14	Marina Dr & 1st St	All-Way Stop	9	0	7	2			
15	⊕ Golden Rain Rd & Saint Andrews Dr	Signalized	9	0	5	4			
16	Seal Beach Blvd & Bolsa Ave	Signalized	8	0	3	5			
17	Main St & Electric Ave	All-Way Stop	7	0	3	4			
18	Lampson Ave & Heather St	Signalized	6	0	5	1			
19	Lampson Ave & Basswood St	Signalized	6	0	5	1			
20	Seal Beach Blvd & Plymouth Dr/Rossmoor Ctr	Signalized	5	0	4	1			
21	Seal Beach Blvd & Anchor Way	Signalized	5	0	3	2			
22	Seal Beach Blvd & Bradbury Rd	Signalized	5	0	3	2			
23	Central Ave & 4th St	Two-way Stop	5	0	3	2			
24	Lampson Ave & Tulip St	Signalized	4	0	4	0			
25	Lampson Ave & Candleberry Ave	Signalized	4	0	3	1			
26	12th St & Landing Ave	All-Way Stop	4	0	1	3			
27	Central Ave & 7th St	Two-Way Stop	4	0	2	2			
28	Main St & Central Ave	All-Way Stop	4	0	0	4			
29	Seal Beach Blvd & Apollo Dr	Signalized	3	0	3	0			
30	Seal Beach Blvd & Marlin Ave	Two-Way Stop	3	0	3	0			
31	1st St & Ocean Ave	All-Way Stop	3	0	2	1			
32	Ocean Ave & 8th St	Two-Way Stop	3	0	2	1			
33	5th St & Central Ave	All-Way Stop	3	0	0	3			
34	Westminster Ave & Apollo Dr	Signalized	2	0	2	0			
35	Del Monte Dr & Interlachen Rd	All-Way Stop	2	0	1	1			
36	Electric Ave & 15th St	Free	2	0	1	1			
37	Golden Rain Rd & Burning Tree Ln	All-Way Stop	2	0	1	1			
38	Ocean Ave & 11th St	Two-Way Stop	2	0	1	1			
39	Ocean Ave & 5th St	Three-Way Stop	2	0	1	1			
TOTALS			401	8	218	175			
[1] Intersection Rank	10 TALS 401 0 210 175  I] Intersection Ranking is based on the number of contiquous collisions within each intersection.								





Naval Weapons Base











# **Federal SS4A**

# (Safe Streets & Roads for All)







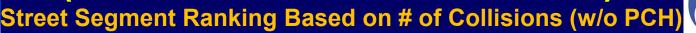






# Federal SS4A









Segment Ranking <sup>1</sup>	Segment Location	Number of Collisions 2	Number of Fatalities <sup>3</sup>	Number of Injuries <sup>4</sup>	PDOs <sup>5</sup>
1	Seal Beach Blvd between 🚇 St Andrews Dr and Westminster Ave	35	1	19	15
2	Seal Beach Blvd between Westminster Ave and Saturn Way/Apollo Dr	18	1	11	6
3	Seal Beach Blvd between Old Ranch Pkwy and @ North Gate Rd/ Caltrans I-405 NB On- & Off-Ramps	18	0	12	6
4	Seal Beach Blvd bw Morth Gate Rd/ Caltrans I-405 SB On- & Off- Ramps & Golden Rain Rd	13	0	9	4
5	Seal Beach Blvd between Golden Rain Rd and 👺 St Andrews Dr	12	0	8	4
6	Seal Beach Blvd between St. Cloud Dr and Old Ranch Pkwy	11	0	6	5
7	Marina Dr between 1st St and 5th St	9	0	7	2
8	Main St between 🗻 Pacific Coast Highway and Electric Ave	9	0	2	7
9	Seal Beach Blvd between Bradbury Rd and Rossmoor Center Way	8	0	4	4
10	Seal Beach Blvd between Rossmoor Center Way and St. Cloud Dr	6	0	2	4
TOTALS		139	2	80	57

[1] Segment Ranking is based on the number of collisions that occurred on a roadway segment.

[2] Total Number of Collisions during the 5-year period between January 1, 2019 and December 31, 2023 from SWITRS/TIMS & SBPD data.

[3] Total Number of Fatalities during the 5-year period between January 1, 2019 and December 31, 2023 from SWTRS/TIMS & SBPD data.

[4] Total Number of Injuries during the 5-year period between January 1, 2019 and December 31, 2023 from SWITRS/TIMS & SBPD data.

[5] Property-Damage-Only Collisions during the 5-year period between January 1, 2019 and Dec. 31, 2023 from SWITRS/TIMS & SBPD data.

Legend:



Leisure World



Pacific Coast Highway



Caltrans





































June 16, 2025

Ms. Kathryne Cho, PE Deputy Director of Public Works/City Engineer **Public Works Department** City of Seal Beach 211 Eighth Street Seal Beach, CA 90740

Re: Amendment to the City of Seal Beach Safety Action Plan (SAP) - Additional Pages

Dear Ms. Cho,

Subsequent to the adoption of the City Council Resolution 7599 for approving the City of Seal Beach's Comprehensive Citywide Safety Action Plan (aka SAP) for the Document Execution and Submission of Necessary Applications for Future Implementation Grants and Related Obligation on January 13, 2025 and submittal to the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), the aforementioned agency has requested for the elaboration and clarification on the following two sections of the Plan.

- 1. Section 6. Policy and Process Changes (former Page: 62, newly amended Page: 62)
- 2. Section 8. Progress and Transparency (former Page: 98, newly amended Page: 99)

Minagar & Associates, Inc. team, has reviewed the request for additional clarifications and prepared the attached pages to amend the subject Plan. The approval of the presented two sections to amend the adopted Plan is necessary to secure the position of the City of Seal Beach for future Federal and State grants and fundings.

Please feel free to contact me directly with any additional questions you might have at (949) 707-1199 ext. 2# or via e-mail at minagarf@minagarinc.com.

Sincerely.

MINAGAR & ASSOCIATES, INC. (a State of California Corporation)

Fred Minagar, MS, RCE, PE, FITE

President/Senior Project Manager





Federal UEI No: ZDF6N7LE3EN9 Federal SAM CAGE CODE: 7RM72

**DUNS No: 946106762** 

California State DGS SBE No:39170

## 6. Policy and Process Changes

In the City of Seal Beach Safety (City) Action Plan development, an assessment was conducted of current policies, plans guidelines, and/or standards to identify opportunities to improve processes that prioritize safety. The reviews were intended to identify changes that will emphasize safety for all road users, and other elements of the Safe System Approach. Establishing safety policies ensures better continuity of Safe System Approach elements as changes in the City's administration occur. Policies which impact the base layers of the Safe Systems Pyramid (built environment, latent safety measures, and active safety measures), will be prioritized for implementation, acknowledging these layers have the greatest public health impact and require the least individual effort.

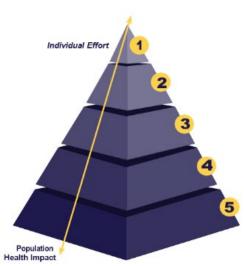
#### The Safe Systems Pyramid\*

#### Background

The public health practice is founded on the ideas that health problems are preventable when addressed at the population level, and that one should focus on preventing and controlling risk factors while promoting protective factors when possible.

#### Thesis

Utilizing a Safe Systems Approach calls for a paradigm shift in transportation safety which requires transportation professionals to understand their roles as public health professionals and incorporate public health principles into their thinking and practice. The Safe Systems Pyramid provides a framework for such thinking.





Source: Adapted from The Spectrum of Prevention - Prevention Institute; the article appeared in Injury Prevention (1999;5:203-207), a publication of the BMJ Publishing Group - Ederer et al. The Safe Systems Pyramid: A new framework for traffic safety, Transportation Research Interdisciplinary Perspectives, Volume 21, 2023

During the creation of this Safety Action Plan, the City also assessed existing safety-related policies, plans, and guidelines currently held by the Public Works and Police departments. The

purpose of this review was to reflect on the measures the City is currently actioning and to propose changes that better prioritize safety. The review included, but was not limited to:

- Caltrans District 12: Active Transportation Plan & Complete Streets, June 2022
- The California Endowment: A Guide to Active Transportation in Orange County, California Walks . Fall 2016
- City of Seal Beach, City Council Workshop, April 4, 2023
- Caltrans District 12: Active Plan, 2020
- City of Seal Beach: General Plan, Circulation Element, Pages C4-62, Figures 2,15-20, December 2003
- Caltrans: Bike Classes Design, Complete Streets Contextual Design Guidance, DIB 94, Section 5.1.2,3,4,5, January 16, 2024
- City of Seal Beach: Local Coastal Program, Implementation Plan, Draft, May 2, 2023
- City of Seal Beach: Local Roadway Transportation Plan (LRSP), KHA, May 2022

## 6.1 Key Policy and Process Changes

The City's Safety Action Plan also lays out proactive steps the City will take to create a culture and climate of systemic safety by addressing key risk factors and barriers to safety that currently exist in Seal Beach. These include:

- 6.1.1 The City will commit to reducing traffic fatalities and serious injuries on the City's roadways by 2040.
- 6.1.2 The City will commit to making design, maintenance, and operations decisions that prioritize safety, and will build off the outreach completed throughout this Safety Action Plan.
- 6.1.3 The City will commit to support areas zoned for increased density and infill development with transportation facilities and improvements to enable safer multimodal transportation options for present and future road users.
- 6.1.4 A citywide, proactive Speed Management Program following the FHWA Safe System Speed Management Framework will guide location-specific interventions in all focus areas.
- 6.1.5 Transportation connections to Equity Priority Communities (e.g., Leisure World) and underserved populations will be prioritized along major walk and bike routes and key transit corridors.
- 6.1.6 The City will look for opportunities to institutionalize safety into all aspects of policies, planning, programming, design, implementation, and maintenance, with a focus on those efforts that improve safety at the population scale through change to travel patterns, land use conditions, socioeconomic considerations, and built environment provisions.
- 6.1.7 Through the guidelines of the City's transportation budget, funding sources and project selection/priorities will be re-evaluated to shift toward more proactive and strategic opportunities, enabling Seal Beach to address safety risk factors more efficiently.
- 6.1.8 The City will collaborate with partners and peers to make meaningful progress on cross-jurisdictional and cross-sector efforts.

In addition, and per discussions with the Public Works and Police department's staff, the City will continue exploring new funding opportunities from the County, regional MPO and Transportation Authority, the State DOT (Caltrans) and applicable Federal agencies to implement plans and programs to increase public safety and, in particular, to reduce traffic related injuries and fatalities.

## 8. Progress and Transparency

The City of Seal Beach (City) Safety Action Plan (SAP) serves as a living document that provides a variety of high-level strategies and location-specific safety projects. The SAP can be used in coordination with the neighboring cities as well as the partner agencies and long-range planning efforts. The City staff are well-equipped to oversee SAP implementation and to monitor the progress of SAP identified projects/strategies. The SAP implementation process will be incorporated into City procedures such as CIP planning. Also, to facilitate regional coordination and minimize administrative efforts, City staff may participate in regional transportation safety committees organized by Caltrans - District 12, Orange County Transportation Authority (OCTA) and Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG). Additionally. The City, as a municipal corporation and the recipient of Federal grant funding for the SAP, is also committed to, at a minimum, annual public and accessible reporting on progress toward reducing roadway fatalities and serious injuries, and public posting of the SAP online via the City's website.

The following sections describe future actions to keep this living document current and relevant to City's needs.

## 8.1 Implementation Progress

The City's safety focused departments including Public Works and Police departments, Marine Safety and Naval Weapons Station will meet once a quarter to discuss SAP new recommendations, project updates, and other strategies. These meetings will ensure ongoing transparency and will incorporate, as applicable, the following elements:

- · Review public concerns and requests,
- Additional new safety initiatives that have recently been identified,
- · Grant funding application opportunities, and
- Ongoing implementation updates from the SAP.

Further, input obtained during public outreach efforts for transportation planning or projects should be discussed during the Technical Committee meetings.

Additional activities that the City will consider to progress the SAP include:

- Coordinate with area residents, partner agencies, and stakeholders for data collection, public outreach, and shared analyses (i.e., Leisure World and the Naval Weapons Station).
- Evaluate funding opportunities to pursue grants at the regional, state, and federal levels.
- Leverage capital project efforts to accelerate overlapping SAP identified elements.
- Use data-driven processes to prioritize projects and implementation strategies.

Finally, the City will develop a high-level dashboard for tracking progress as SAP implementation occurs. This dashboard can also be used to share data and implementation progress with the public and key stakeholders.

### 8.2 Data Maintenance

The City will endeavor to coordinate with California Highway Patrol (for SWITRS & CCRS), University of California at Berkeley (for TIMS), SCAG (for HIN) and adjacent jurisdictions to update the crash and equity data associated with the SAP each year.

## 8.3 Transparency & Reporting

Regular documentation and reporting on the SAP implementation progress is helpful for its long-term success and educational impact. As needed, documentation will be prepared for external funding opportunities, City department meetings, public outreach, and other implementation activities. The SAP is posted on the City's website, and the City will evaluate the best manner in which to present the dashboard displaying progress towards the SAP goals (reducing roadway fatalities and serious injuries) in a public and accessible report updated annually as part of the City's budget process. The full version of the current publicly posted SAP can be viewed at: https://www.sealbeachca.gov/Departments/Public-Works/Traffic-Transportation



# NAGAR & ASSOCIATES, INC.

ERIOGSUEIT - PITIGO	ITS -	- Traffic/Civil/Electrical Engineering - Transportation Planning - Homeland Se	curity - CEM
The second secon	2019	Winner of the Orange County Engineering Council's Outstanding Service Award	
	2016	Winner of the ASCE's Outstanding Civil Engineer in the Private Sector Award in the State of California	
ASCE  **** Of the factor of th	2016	Winner of the ASCE Los Angeles Section's Outstanding Civil Engineer in the Private Sector Award	AMERICAN SOCIETY OF CHARMETERS
ASCE CONTRACT CONTRAC	2016	Winner of the ASCE Orange County Chapter's Outstanding Civil Engineer in the Private Sector Award	ASCE
	2016	Certificate of Recognition for Dedication to Support the ELTP Program by Los Angeles County MTA/Metro	Metro
500000 0000000000000000000000000000000	2016	Winner of the Orange County Engineering Council's Outstanding Engineering Service Award	
For Name  First Na	2015	Orange County Business Journal's 2015 Excellence in Entrepreneurship Award Nominee	ORANGE COUNTY BUSINESS JOURNAL
Park Manager	2014	Orange County Business Journal's 2014 Excellence in Entrepreneurship Award Nominee	ORANGE COUNTY BUSINESS JOURNAL
	2012		ntal Protection Agency ources Board
100 mm m	2011	Award of Excellence in Service by Los Angeles County MTA/Metro in the County of Los Angeles	Metro
Confidence of Asymmistics  Final Assumption  Once Transaction	2011	Award of Excellence in Service by Los Angeles County MTA/Metro in the County of Los Angeles	Metro
Cartificate of Appendixtus  Frod Miningsor	2010	Award of Excellence in Service by Los Angeles County MTA/Metro in the County of Los Angeles	Metro
A	2009	Winner of the ASCE's Outstanding Private Sector Civil Engineering Project in Metropolitan Los Angeles	SCE Galtrans
ENDELLENCE IN THAN NEW PORTS ON	2009	Winner of the Caltrans' 2009 Excellence in Transportation Award in the State of California	Galtrans
	2007	Winner of the ASCE's Outstanding Public/Private Sector Civil Engineering Project in Metropolitan Los Angeles	Metro
APWA	2005	Winner of the APWA's Best Traffic Congestion Mitigation Project of the Year in Southern California	Metro
Caurences Foundation Foundation Recognise - Recenter-Escate	2004	Top Nominee of Transportation Foundation's Highway Management Program in the State of California	[altrans
	2003	Winner of the PTI's Best Transportation Technology Solutions Award in the United States	ETTY of MODESTO Galtrans
	2002	Winner of the ITS-CA's Best Return on Investment Project Award in the State of California	CITY of MODESTO Gultrans
1000 Arrange A	2000	Award of Excellence in Service by Los Angeles County MTA/Metro in the County of Los Angeles	Metro
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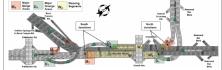






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